UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

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	FORM 10-K	
■ ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO THE SECTION 13	OR 15(D) OF THE SECUR	RITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the fig	scal year ended December OR	31, 2023
☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13	OR 15(D) OF THE SECUR	ITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the tran	sition period from	to
	oer: 1-07533 (Federal Rea nber: 333-262016-01 (Fede	· ·
FEDERAL REA	LTY INVEST	TMENT TRUST
FEDER	AL REALTY	OP LP
(Exact Name	of Registrant as Specified in	its charter)
Maryland (Federal Realty Investment Trust) Delaware (Federal Realty OP LP) (State of Organization)		87-3916363 52-0782497 (IRS Employer Identification No.)
	, Suite 200, North Bethesda, I of Principal Executive Offices) (7	
(Registrant's	(301) 998-8100 Telephone Number, Including A	Area Code)
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:	•	
<u>Fe</u>	deral Realty Investment Tru	<u>st</u>
Title of Each Class	Trading Symbol	Name of Each Exchange On Which Registered
Common Shares of Beneficial Interest	FRT	New York Stock Exchange
\$.01 par value per share, with associated Common Share Purchase Rights		
Depositary Shares, each representing 1/1000 of a share of 5.00% Series C Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, \$.01 par value per share	FRT-C	New York Stock Exchange
	Federal Realty OP LP	
Title of Each Class None	<u>Trading Symbol</u> N/A	N/A Name of Each Exchange On Which Registered
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None		
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer	, as defined in Rule 405 of the	Securities Act.
Federal Realty Investment Trust ⊠ Yes □ No Federal Realty OP LP ⊠ Yes □ No		
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pur Federal Realty Investment Trust □ Yes ☒ No Federal Realty OP LP □ Yes ☒ No	suant to Section 13 or Section	15(d) of the Act.
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports red 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to		
Federal Realty Investment Trust \boxtimes Yes \square No Federal Realty OP LP \boxtimes Yes \square No		

		nitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-s (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files).	-T (§
Federal Realty Investment Trust Federal Realty OP LP Yes	Yes □ No □ No		
		e accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging ground recelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchan	
Federal Realty Investment Trust			
Large accelerated filer	\boxtimes	Accelerated filer	
Non-accelerated filer		Smaller reporting company	
		Emerging growth company	
Federal Realty OP LP			
Large accelerated filer		Accelerated filer	
Non-accelerated filer	\boxtimes	Smaller reporting company	
		Emerging growth company	
If an emerging growth company, ind financial accounting standards provide		k if the registrant has elected not use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised ction 13(a) of the Exchange Act.	
Indicate by check mark whether the financial reporting under Section 40 report.	registrant has filed 4(b) of the Sarbane	a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over ess-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit	
Federal Realty Investment Trust	\boxtimes		
Federal Realty OP LP	\boxtimes		
If securities are registered pursuant t the correction of an error to previous		the Act, indicate by check mark whether the financial statements of the registrant included in the filing reflect statements.	
Federal Realty Investment Trust			
Federal Realty OP LP			
		ections are restatements that required a recovery analysis of incentive-based compensation received by any of ecovery period pursuant to § 240.10D-1(b).	•
Federal Realty Investment Trust			
Federal Realty OP LP			
Indicate by check mark whether the	registrant is a shell	company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act).	
Federal Realty Investment Trust ☐ Federal Realty OP LP ☐ Yes	Yes ⊠ No ⊠ No		
The aggregate market value of the re June 30, 2023:	gistrant's common	shares held by non-affiliates of the registrant, based upon the closing sales price of the registrant's common shares held by non-affiliates of the registrant, based upon the closing sales price of the registrant's common shares held by non-affiliates of the registrant, based upon the closing sales price of the registrant's common shares held by non-affiliates of the registrant of the re	nares on
Federal Realty Investment Trust: \$7. Federal Realty OP LP: N/A	9 billion		
The number of Federal Realty Invest	ment Trust's comm	non shares outstanding on February 7, 2024 was 82,989,879.	

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Portions of Federal Realty Investment Trust's Proxy Statement to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") for its annual meeting of shareholders to be held in May 2024 will be incorporated by reference into Part III hereof.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

This report combines the annual reports on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, of Federal Realty Investment Trust and Federal Realty OP LP. Unless stated otherwise or the context otherwise requires, references to "Federal Realty Investment Trust," the "Parent Company" or the "Trust" mean Federal Realty Investment Trust; and references to "Federal Realty OP LP" or the "Operating Partnership" mean Federal Realty OP LP. The term "the Company," "we," "us," and "our" refer to the Parent Company and its business and operations conducted through its directly and indirectly owned subsidiaries, including the Operating Partnership. References to "shares" and "shareholders" refer to the shares and shareholders of the Parent Company and not the limited partnership interests for limited partners of the Operating Partnership.

The Parent Company is a real estate investment trust ("REIT") that owns 100% of the limited liability company interests of, is the sole member of, and exercises exclusive control over Federal Realty GP LLC (the "General Partner"), which is the sole general partner of the Operating Partnership. As of December 31, 2023, the Parent Company owned 100% of the outstanding partnership units (the "OP Units") in the Operating Partnership.

The Company believes combining the annual reports on Form 10-K of the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership into this single report provides the following benefits:

- Enhances investors' understanding of the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership by enabling investors to view the businesses as a whole in the same manner as management views and operates the business;
- Eliminates duplicate disclosure and provides a more streamlined and readable presentation; and
- · Creates time and cost efficiencies through the preparation of one combined report instead of two separate reports.

Management operates the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership as one business. Since the Operating Partnership is managed by the Parent Company, and the Parent Company conducts substantially all of its operations through the Operating Partnership, the management of the Parent Company consists of the same individuals as the management of the Operating Partnership.

We believe it is important to understand the few differences between the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership in the context of how the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership operate as a consolidated company. The Parent Company is a REIT, whose only material asset is its direct and indirect interest in the Operating Partnership. As a result, the Parent Company does not conduct business itself other than issuing public equity from time to time. The Parent Company is not expected to incur any material indebtedness. The Operating Partnership holds substantially all of our assets and retains the ownership interests in the Company's joint ventures. Except for net proceeds from public equity issuances by the Parent Company, which are contributed to the Operating Partnership in exchange for OP Units, the Operating Partnership generates all capital required by the Company's business. Sources of this capital include the Operating Partnership's operations, its direct or indirect incurrence of indebtedness, and the issuance of partnership units.

Shareholders' equity, partner capital, and non-controlling interests are the primary areas of difference between the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Parent Company and those of the Operating Partnership. The Operating Partnership's capital currently includes OP Units owned by the Parent, and may in the future include OP Units owned by third parties. OP Units owned by third parties, if any, are accounted for in capital in the Operating Partnership's financial statements and in non-controlling interests in the Parent Company's financial statements.

The Parent Company consolidates the Operating Partnership for financial reporting purposes, and the Parent Company does not have assets other than its investment in the Operating Partnership. Therefore, while shareholders' equity and partners' capital differ as discussed above, the assets and liabilities of the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership are the same on their respective financial statements.

In order to highlight the differences between the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership, there are sections in this report that separately discuss the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership, including separate financial statements (but combined footnotes), separate controls and procedures sections, and separate Exhibit 31 and 32 certifications. In the sections that combine disclosure for the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership, this report refers to actions or holdings as being actions or holdings of the Company.

FEDERAL REALTY INVESTMENT TRUST FEDERAL REALTY OP LP

ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

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PART I

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K are forward-looking statements. Those statements include statements regarding the intent, belief or current expectations of Federal Realty Investment Trust and Federal Realty OP LP (together, "we" "our" or "us") and members of our management team, as well as the assumptions on which such statements are based, and generally are identified by the use of words such as "may," "will," "seeks," "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "expects," "plans," "intends," "should" or similar expressions. Actual results may differ materially from those contemplated by such forward-looking statements. Further, forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and we undertake no obligation to update or revise forward-looking statements to reflect changed assumptions, the occurrence of unanticipated events or changes to future operating results over time, unless required by law.

The following are some of the risks and uncertainties, although not all risks and uncertainties, that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those presented in our forward-looking statements:

- risks that our tenants will not pay rent, may vacate early or may file for bankruptcy or that we may be unable to renew leases or re-let space at favorable rents as leases expire or to fill existing vacancy;
- risks that we may not be able to proceed with or obtain necessary approvals for any development, redevelopment or renovation project, and that
 completion of anticipated or ongoing property development, redevelopment, or renovation projects that we do pursue may cost more, take more
 time to complete or fail to perform as expected;
- risks normally associated with the real estate industry, including risks that occupancy levels at our properties and the amount of rent that we receive from our properties may be lower than expected, that new acquisitions may fail to perform as expected, that competition for acquisitions could result in increased prices for acquisitions, that costs associated with the periodic maintenance and repair or renovation of space, insurance and other operations may increase, that environmental issues may develop at our properties and result in unanticipated costs, and, because real estate is illiquid, that we may not be able to sell properties when appropriate;
- risks that our growth will be limited if we cannot obtain additional capital, or if the costs of capital we obtain are significantly higher than historical levels;
- · risks associated with general economic conditions, including inflation and local economic conditions in our geographic markets;
- risks of financing on terms which are acceptable to us, our ability to meet existing financial covenants and the limitations imposed on our
 operations by those covenants, and the possibility of increases in interest rates that would result in increased interest expense;
- risks related to our status as a real estate investment trust, commonly referred to as a REIT, for federal income tax purposes, such as the existence of complex tax regulations relating to our status as a REIT, the effect of future changes in REIT requirements as a result of new legislation, and the adverse consequences of the failure to qualify as a REIT; and
- risks related to natural disasters, climate change and public health crises (such as the outbreak and worldwide spread of COVID-19), and the
 measures that international, federal, state and local governments, agencies, law enforcement and/or health authorities implement to address them,
 may precipitate or materially exacerbate one or more of the above-mentioned risks, and may significantly disrupt or prevent us from operating our
 business in the ordinary course for an extended period.

In addition, we describe risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results and events to differ materially in "Risk Factors" (Part I, Item 1A of this Annual Report on Form 10-K), "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk" (Part II, Item 7A), and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations" (Part II, Item 7).

ITEM 1. BUSINESS

General

Federal Realty Investment Trust (the "Parent Company" or the "Trust") is an equity real estate investment trust ("REIT"). Federal Realty OP LP (the "Operating Partnership") is the entity through which the Trust conducts substantially all of its operations and owns substantially off of its assets. The Trust owns 100% of the limited liability company interest of, is sole

member of, and exercises exclusive control over Federal Realty GP LLC (the "General Partner"), which in turn, is the sole general partner of the Operating Partnership. Unless stated otherwise or the context otherwise requires, "we," "our," and "us" means the Trust and its business and operations conducted through its directly and indirectly owned subsidiaries, including the Operating Partnership. We specialize in the ownership, management, and redevelopment of high quality retail and mixed-use properties located primarily in communities where we believe retail demand exceeds supply, in strategically selected metropolitan markets in the Mid-Atlantic and Northeast regions of the United States, California, and South Florida. As of December 31, 2023, we owned or had a majority interest in community and neighborhood shopping centers and mixed-use properties which are operated as 102 predominantly retail real estate projects comprising approximately 26.0 million commercial square feet. In total, the real estate projects were 94.2% leased and 92.2% occupied at December 31, 2023. Our revenue is primarily generated from lease agreements with tenants. We have paid quarterly dividends to our shareholders continuously since our founding in 1962 and have increased our dividends per common share for 56 consecutive years.

We were founded in 1962 as a REIT under the laws of the District of Columbia and re-formed as a REIT in the state of Maryland in 1999. In January of 2022, we consummated the UPREIT reorganization described in the Explanatory Note at the beginning of this Annual Report. We operate in a manner intended to qualify as a REIT for tax purposes pursuant to provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). Our principal executive offices are located at 909 Rose Avenue, North Bethesda, Maryland 20852. Our telephone number is (301) 998-8100. Our website address is www.federalrealty.com. The information contained on our website is not a part of this report and is not incorporated herein by reference.

Business Objectives and Strategies

Our primary business objective is to own, manage, acquire and redevelop a portfolio of high quality retail focused properties that will:

- provide increasing cash flow for distribution to shareholders;
- generate higher internal growth than the shopping center industry over the long term;
- provide potential for capital appreciation; and
- protect investor capital.

Our portfolio includes, and we continue to acquire and redevelop, high quality retail in many formats ranging from regional, community and neighborhood shopping centers that often are anchored by grocery stores to mixed-use properties that are typically centered around a retail component but also include residential, office, and/or hotel components.

Operating Strategies

We continuously evaluate and assess our operating strategies to ensure they are effective and put us in the best position to address changes in the market. We actively manage our properties to maximize rents and maintain occupancy levels by attracting and retaining a strong and diverse base of tenants and replacing less relevant, weaker, underperforming tenants with stronger ones. Our properties are generally located in some of the most densely populated and affluent areas of the country. These strong demographics help our tenants generate higher sales, which has generally enabled us to maintain higher occupancy rates, charge higher rental rates, and maintain steady rent growth, all of which increase the value of our portfolio. Our operating strategies also include:

- increasing rental rates through the negotiation of contractual rental increases during the term of the lease, the renewal of expiring leases or the leasing of space to new tenants at higher rental rates while limiting vacancy and down-time;
- · maintaining a diversified tenant base, thereby limiting exposure to any one tenant's financial or operating difficulties;
- monitoring the merchandising mix of our tenant base to achieve a balance of strong national and regional tenants with local specialty tenants;
- minimizing overhead and operating costs;
- monitoring the physical appearance of our properties and the construction quality, condition and design of the buildings and other improvements located on our properties to maximize our ability to attract customers and thereby generate higher rents and occupancy rates;
- managing our properties to take into account their impact on climate change and their resilience in the face of climate change;
- developing local and regional market expertise in order to capitalize on market and retailing trends;
- leveraging the contacts and experience of our management team to build and maintain long-term relationships with tenants;
- providing exceptional customer service; and
- creating an experience at many of our properties that is identifiable, unique and serves the surrounding communities to help insulate these properties and the tenants at these properties from the impact of on-line retailing.

Investing Strategies

Our investment strategy is to deploy capital at risk-adjusted rates of return that exceed our long-term weighted average cost of capital in projects that have potential for future income growth and increased value. Our investments primarily fall into one of the following four categories:

- renovating, expanding, reconfiguring and/or retenanting our existing properties to take advantage of under-utilized land or existing square footage to increase revenue;
- renovating or expanding tenant spaces for tenants capable of producing higher sales, and therefore, paying higher rents;
- acquiring quality retail and mixed-use properties located in densely populated and/or affluent areas where barriers to entry for further development
 are high, and that have possibilities for enhancing operating performance and creating value through renovation, expansion, reconfiguration and/or
 retenanting; and
- developing the retail portions of mixed-use properties and developing or otherwise investing in non-retail portions of mixed-use properties we
 already own in order to capitalize on the overall value created in these properties.

Investment Criteria

When we evaluate potential redevelopment, retenanting, expansion, acquisition and development opportunities, we consider such factors as:

- the expected returns in relation to our short and long-term cost of capital as well as the anticipated risk we will face in achieving the expected returns:
- the anticipated growth rate of operating income generated by the property;
- the ability to increase the long-term value of the property through redevelopment and retenanting;
- the tenant mix at the property, tenant sales performance and the creditworthiness of those tenants;
- the geographic area in which the property is located, including the population density, household incomes, education levels, as well as the
 population and income trends in that geographic area. This may from time to time include the evaluation of new markets;
- competitive conditions in the vicinity of the property, including gross leasable area (GLA) per capita, competition for tenants and the ability of
 others to create competing properties through redevelopment, new construction or renovation;
- access to and visibility of the property from existing roadways and the potential for new, widened or realigned, roadways within the property's trade area, which may affect access and commuting and shopping patterns;
- the level and success of our existing investments in the market area;
- the current market value of the land, buildings and other improvements and the potential for increasing those market values; and
- the physical condition of the land, buildings and other improvements, including the structural and environmental condition.

Financing Strategies

Our financing strategies are designed to enable us to maintain an investment grade balance sheet while retaining sufficient flexibility to fund our operating and investing activities in the most cost-efficient way possible. Our financing strategies include:

- maintaining a prudent level of overall leverage and an appropriate pool of unencumbered properties that is sufficient to support our unsecured borrowings:
- managing our exposure to variable-rate debt;
- maintaining sufficient levels of cash and available line of credit to fund operating and investing needs on a short-term basis;
- taking advantage of market opportunities to refinance existing debt, reduce interest costs and manage our debt maturity schedule so that a significant portion of our debt relative to our size does not mature in any one year;
- selling properties that have limited growth potential or are not a strategic fit within our overall portfolio and redeploying the proceeds to redevelop, renovate, retenant and/or expand our existing properties, acquire new properties or reduce debt; and
- utilizing the most advantageous long-term source of capital available to us to finance redevelopment and acquisition opportunities, which may
 include:
 - the sale of our equity or debt securities through public offerings, including our at-the-market ("ATM") equity program in which we may from time to time offer and sell common shares including through forward sales contracts, or private placements,
 - · the incurrence of indebtedness through unsecured or secured borrowings including exchangeable debt,

- the issuance of units in our operating partnership (generally issued in exchange for a tax deferred contribution of property); these units typically receive the same distributions as our common shares and the holders of these units have the right to exchange their units for cash or common shares at our option, or
- the use of joint venture arrangements.

Human Capital

At February 7, 2024, we had 297 full-time employees and 7 part-time employees. None of our employees are represented by a collective bargaining unit. We believe that our relationship with our employees is good.

Diversity and Inclusion

We are an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative action employer, and strive to maintain a workplace that is free from discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, nationality, disability, or protected Veteran status.

Health, Safety, and Wellness

We are committed to the health, safety, and wellness of our employees, and foster an environment that allows our people to succeed while balancing work and life. We provide our employees with access to health and wellness programs, which includes benefits that support both physical and mental health. We have also transitioned to a hybrid work model.

Compensation and Benefits

We provide competitive pay and benefits including health, dental, vision, short and long-term disability, life insurance and a 401(k) retirement program, as well as a generous paid time off program that includes vacation, sick, and personal leave. In addition to our equity awards program, we also offer a quarterly recognition program, as well as rewarding employees with spot bonuses for stellar performance or going above and beyond the base requirements of their job description.

Talent Development

Employees have access to a variety of different training courses, books, book summaries and audio books, and an array of source materials covering a myriad of different business and soft skills training subjects. Additionally, we provide reimbursement for tuition and professional licensures.

Community Involvement

Giving back to the community is an integral part of who we are and what we do. We provide ample ways to give back through programs at our properties or charitable endeavors and volunteer opportunities that also serve as team building exercises for our employees.

Tax Status

We elected to be taxed as a REIT under the federal income tax laws when we filed our 1962 tax return. As a REIT, we are generally not subject to federal income tax on taxable income that we distribute to our shareholders. Under the Code, REITs are subject to numerous organizational and operational requirements, including the requirement to generally distribute at least 90% of taxable income each year. We will be subject to federal income tax on our taxable income (including, for our taxable years ending on or prior to December 31, 2017, any applicable alternative minimum tax) at regular corporate rates if we fail to qualify as a REIT for tax purposes in any taxable year, or to the extent we distribute less than 100% of our taxable income. We will also generally not qualify for treatment as a REIT for federal income tax purposes for four years following the year during which qualification is lost. Even if we qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, we may be subject to certain state and local income and franchise taxes and to federal income and excise taxes on our undistributed taxable income.

We have elected to treat certain of our subsidiaries as taxable REIT subsidiaries, which we refer to as a TRS. In general, a TRS may engage in any real estate business and certain non-real estate businesses, subject to certain limitations under the Code. A TRS is subject to federal and state income taxes. Our TRS activities have not been material.

General Economic Conditions

The heightened levels of inflation, higher interest rates, and the potentially worsening of economic conditions presents risks for our business and our tenants. We continue to monitor and address risks related to the general state of the economy. The extent of the future effects on our business, results of operations, cash flows, and growth strategies is highly uncertain and will ultimately depend on future developments, none of which can be predicted.

Governmental Regulations Affecting Our Properties

We and our properties are subject to a variety of federal, state and local environmental, health, safety and similar laws. Please see Item 1A. "Risk Factors - Risk Factors Related to our REIT Status and Other Laws and Regulations" for further discussion of potential material effects of our compliance with government regulation, including environmental regulations and the rules governing REITs.

The application of these laws to a specific property that we own depends on a variety of property-specific circumstances, including the current and former uses of the property, the building materials used at the property and the physical layout of the property. Under certain environmental laws, we, as the owner or operator of properties currently or previously owned, may be required to investigate and clean up certain hazardous or toxic substances, asbestoscontaining materials, or petroleum product releases at the property, we may be held liable for property damage and for investigation and clean up costs incurred in connection with the contamination, and we may be liable under common law to third parties for damages and injuries resulting from environmental contamination emanating from the real estate. Such costs or liabilities could exceed the value of the affected real estate. The presence of contamination or the failure to remediate contamination may adversely affect our ability to sell or lease real estate or to borrow using the real estate as collateral.

Neither existing environmental, health, safety and similar laws nor the costs of our compliance with these laws has had a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations, and management does not believe they will in the future. In addition, we have not incurred, and do not expect to incur, any material costs or liabilities due to environmental contamination at properties we currently own or have owned in the past. However, we cannot predict the impact of new or changed laws or regulations on properties we currently own or may acquire in the future. We have no current plans for substantial capital expenditures with respect to compliance with environmental, health, safety and similar laws and we carry environmental insurance which covers a number of environmental risks for most of our properties.

Energy and Emissions Regulations Affecting Our Properties

Some jurisdictions in which we own property have enacted or may enact legislation that requires use of only certain types of energy sources, limits energy usage on site, or limits allowable emissions from buildings with fines or other costs being imposed for exceeding those limits. This type of legislation typically includes an extended period of time from adoption to implementation to allow property owners ample opportunity to make investments and take other actions to comply with the legislation. Any investments we believe we will need to make to comply with laws that have been passed to date are being included as part of our ordinary capital improvement planning process for our properties. We also address the potential effects of these types of laws in our energy reduction and energy efficient efforts that are described in more detail in Item 7. "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Corporate Responsibility." These types of laws have not had a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations and management does not believe they will have a material adverse effect in the future. We cannot, however, predict the impact of new or changed laws or regulations on properties we currently own or may acquire in the future

Competition

Numerous commercial developers and real estate companies compete with us with respect to the leasing and the acquisition of properties. Some of these competitors may possess greater capital resources than we do, although we do not believe that any single competitor or group of competitors in any of the primary markets where our properties are located are dominant in that market. This competition may:

- reduce the number of properties available for acquisition;
- increase the cost of properties available for acquisition;
- · interfere with our ability to attract and retain tenants, leading to increased vacancy rates and/or reduced rents; and
- adversely affect our ability to minimize expenses of operation.

Retailers at our properties also face increasing competition from online retailers, outlet stores, discount shopping clubs, superstores, and other forms of sales and marketing of goods and services, such as direct mail. This competition could contribute to lease defaults and insolvency of tenants.

Available Information

Copies of our Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K, and amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") are available free of charge through the Investors section of our website at www.federalrealty.com as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file the material with, or furnish the material to, the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC.

Our Corporate Governance Guidelines, Code of Business Conduct, Code of Ethics applicable to our Chief Executive Officer and senior financial officers, Whistleblower Policy, organizational documents and the charters of our audit committee, compensation and human capital committee and nominating and corporate governance committee are all available in the Corporate Governance section of the Investors section of our website.

Amendments to the Code of Ethics or Code of Business Conduct or waivers that apply to any of our executive officers or our senior financial officers will be disclosed in the Corporate Governance section of our website as well.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

This Annual Report on Form 10-K contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, Section 21E of the Exchange Act and the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Also, documents that we "incorporate by reference" into this Annual Report on Form 10-K, including documents that we subsequently file with the SEC will contain forward-looking statements. When we refer to forward-looking statements or information, sometimes we use words such as "may," "will," "could," "should," "plans," "intends," "expects," "believes," "estimates," "anticipates" and "continues." In particular, the below risk factors describe forward-looking information. The risk factors describe risks that may affect these statements but are not all-inclusive, particularly with respect to possible future events. Many things can happen that can cause actual results to be different from those we describe. These factors include, but are not limited to the following:

Risk Factors Related to our Real Estate Investments and Operations

Revenue from our properties may be reduced or limited if the retail operations of our tenants are not successful.

Revenue from our properties depends primarily on the ability of our tenants to pay the full amount of rent and other charges due under their leases on a timely basis. Some of our leases provide for the payment, in addition to base rent, of additional rent above the base amount according to a specified percentage of the gross sales generated by the tenants and generally provide for reimbursement of real estate taxes and expenses of operating the property. Economic, legal, and/or competitive conditions, as well as public health concerns, may impact the success of our tenants' retail operations and therefore the amount of rent and expense reimbursements we receive from our tenants. Any reduction in our tenants' abilities to pay base rent, percentage rent, or other charges on a timely basis, including the closing of stores prior to the end of the lease term or the filing by any of our tenants for bankruptcy protection, will adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations. In the event of default by a tenant, we may experience delays and unexpected costs in enforcing our rights as landlord under lease terms, which may also adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations.

Our net income depends on the success and continued presence of our "anchor" tenants.

Our net income could be adversely affected in the event of a downturn in the business, or the bankruptcy or insolvency, of any anchor store or anchor tenant. Anchor tenants generally occupy large amounts of square footage, pay a significant portion of the total rents at a property and contribute to the success of other tenants by drawing significant numbers of customers to a property. The closing of one or more anchor stores at a property could adversely affect that property and result in lease terminations by, or reductions in rent from, other tenants whose leases may permit termination or rent reduction in those circumstances or whose own operations may suffer as a result. Over the past several years, we have seen higher levels of anchor turnover and closings in some markets, which has caused an oversupply of larger retail spaces. Therefore, tenant demand for certain of our anchor spaces may decrease and as a result, we may see an increase in vacancy and/or a decrease in rents for those spaces that could have a negative impact to our net income. As of December 31, 2023, our anchor tenant space is 96.0% leased and 93.9% occupied.

A shift in retail shopping from brick and mortar stores to online shopping may have an adverse impact on our cash flow, financial condition and results of operations.

Many retailers operating brick and mortar stores have made online sales a vital piece of their business. The shift to online shopping may cause declines in brick and mortar sales generated by certain of our tenants and may cause certain of our tenants to reduce the size or number of their retail locations in the future. This risk is partially mitigated by our strategy of maintaining a diverse portfolio of retail properties. The trend of retailers utilizing brick and mortar locations for 'showroom' and on-line sales distribution purposes (particularly at shopping centers in densely populated areas like ours) may further mitigate this risk. However, there can be no assurance that our shopping centers will not be further impacted by the shift to online shopping. As a result, our cash flow, financial condition, and results of operations could be adversely affected.

We have properties that are geographically concentrated, and adverse economic or real estate market declines in these areas could have a material adverse effect on us.

As of December 31, 2023, our tenants operated in 12 states and the District of Columbia. Any adverse situation that disproportionately affects the the markets where our properties are concentrated may have a magnified adverse effect on our portfolio. Refer to "Properties" (Item 2 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K) for additional discussion of the geographic concentration. Real estate markets are subject to economic downturns, as they have been in the past, and we cannot predict how economic conditions will impact this market in both the short and long term.

Declines in the economy or a decline in the real estate market in these states could hurt our financial performance and the value of our properties. Factors that may negatively affect economic conditions in these states include:

- business layoffs or downsizing;
- · industry slowdowns;
- elevated levels of inflation over an extended period of time;
- increasing interest rates;
- increased business restrictions due to health crises;
- relocations of businesses;
- changing demographics;
- increased telecommuting and use of alternative work places;
- infrastructure quality;
- any oversupply of, or reduced demand for, real estate;
- concessions or reduced rental rates under new leases for properties where tenants defaulted; and
- · increased operating costs including insurance premiums and real estate taxes.

We may be unable to collect balances due from tenants that file for bankruptcy protection.

If a tenant or lease guarantor files for bankruptcy, we may not be able to collect all pre-petition amounts owed by that party. In addition, a tenant that files for bankruptcy protection may terminate our lease in which event we would have a general unsecured claim that would likely be for less than the full amount owed to us for the remainder of the lease term, which could adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations.

We may experience difficulty or delay in renewing leases or re-leasing space.

We derive most of our revenue directly or indirectly from rent received from our tenants. We are subject to the risks that, upon expiration or termination of leases, whether by their terms, as a result of a tenant bankruptcy, general economic conditions or otherwise, leases for space in our properties may not be renewed, space may not be re-leased, or the terms of renewal or re-lease, including the cost of required renovations or concessions to tenants, may be less favorable than current lease terms and may include decreases in rental rates. As a result, our net income could be reduced.

Our development activities have inherent risks.

The ground-up development of improvements on real property, as opposed to the renovation and redevelopment of existing improvements, presents substantial risks. We generally do not look to acquire raw land for future development; however, we do intend to complete the development and construction of future phases of projects we already own. We may undertake development of these and other projects on our own or bring in third parties if it is justifiable on a risk-adjusted return basis. We may also choose to delay completion of a project if market conditions do not allow an appropriate return. If conditions arise and we are not able or decide not to complete a project or if the expected cash flows of our project do not exceed the book value, an impairment of the project may be required. If additional phases of any of our existing projects or if any new projects are not successful, it may adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations.

In addition to the risks associated with real estate investment in general, as described elsewhere and the specific risks above, the risks associated with our remaining development activities include:

- contractor changes may delay the completion of development projects and increase overall costs;
- significant time lag between commencement and stabilization subjects us to greater risks due to fluctuations in the general economy;
- delivery of residential product into uncertain residential environments may result in lower rents or longer time periods to reach economic stabilization:
- substantial amount of our investment is related to infrastructure and the overall value of the project may be negatively impacted if we do not complete subsequent phases;
- failure or inability to obtain construction or permanent financing on favorable terms;

- expenditure of money and time on projects that may never be completed;
- difficulty securing key anchor or other tenants may impact occupancy rates and projected revenue;
- inability to achieve projected rental rates or anticipated pace of lease-up;
- · higher than estimated construction or operating costs, including labor and material costs; and
- possible delay in completion of a project because of a number of factors, including COVID-19, supply chain disruptions and shortages, inflation, weather, labor disruptions, construction delays or delays in receipt of zoning or other regulatory approvals, acts of terror or other acts of violence, or acts of God (such as fires, earthquakes or floods).

Redevelopments and acquisitions may fail to perform as expected.

Our investment strategy includes the redevelopment and acquisition of high quality, retail focused properties in densely populated areas with high average household incomes and significant barriers to adding competitive retail supply. The redevelopment and acquisition of properties entail risks that include the following, any of which could adversely affect our results of operations and our ability to meet our obligations:

- our estimate of the costs to improve, reposition or redevelop a property may prove to be too low, or the time we estimate to complete the improvement, repositioning or redevelopment may be too short. As a result, the property may fail to achieve the returns we have projected, either temporarily or for a longer period;
- we may not be able to identify suitable properties to acquire or may be unable to complete the acquisition of the properties we identify;
- we may not be able to integrate an acquisition into our existing operations successfully;
- properties we redevelop or acquire may fail to achieve the occupancy or rental rates we project, within the time frames we project, at the time we make the decision to invest, which may result in the properties' failure to achieve the returns we projected;
- our pre-acquisition evaluation of the physical condition of each new investment may not detect certain defects or identify necessary repairs until after the property is acquired, which could significantly increase our total acquisition costs or decrease cash flow from the property; and
- our investigation of a property or building prior to our acquisition, and any representations we may receive from the seller of such building or property, may fail to reveal various liabilities, which could reduce the cash flow from the property or increase our acquisition cost.

Our performance and value are subject to general risks associated with the real estate industry.

Our economic performance and the value of our real estate assets, and consequently, the value of our investments, are subject to the risk that if our properties do not generate revenues sufficient to meet our operating expenses, including debt service and capital expenditures, our cash flow and ability to pay distributions to our shareholders will be adversely affected. As a real estate company, we are susceptible to the following real estate industry risks:

- economic downturns in general, or in the areas where our properties are located;
- adverse changes in local real estate market conditions, such as an oversupply or reduction in demand;
- changes in tenant preferences that reduce the attractiveness of our properties to tenants;
- · zoning or regulatory restrictions;
- · decreases in market rental rates;
- weather conditions that may increase or decrease energy costs and other weather-related expenses;
- · costs associated with the need to periodically repair, renovate and re-lease space; and
- increases in the cost of adequate maintenance, insurance and other operating costs, including real estate taxes, associated with one or more properties, which may occur even when circumstances such as market factors and competition cause a reduction in revenues from one or more properties, although real estate taxes typically do not increase upon a reduction in such revenues.

Each of these risks could result in decreases in market rental rates and increases in vacancy rates, which could adversely affect our financial condition and results of operation.

Many real estate costs are fixed, even if income from our properties decreases.

Our financial results depend primarily on leasing space in our properties to tenants on terms favorable to us. Costs associated with real estate investment, such as real estate taxes, insurance and maintenance costs, generally are not reduced even when a property is not fully occupied, rental rates decrease, or other circumstances cause a reduction in income from the property. As a result, cash flow from the operations of our properties may be reduced if a tenant does not pay its rent or we are unable to rent our properties on favorable terms. Under those circumstances, we might not be able to enforce our rights as landlord without delays and may incur substantial legal costs. Additionally, new properties that we may acquire or redevelop may not produce

any significant revenue immediately, and the cash flow from existing operations may be insufficient to pay the operating expenses and debt service associated with such new properties until they are fully occupied.

Competition may limit our ability to purchase new properties and generate sufficient income from tenants.

Numerous commercial developers and real estate companies compete with us in seeking tenants for our existing properties and properties for acquisition. This competition may:

- reduce properties available for acquisition;
- increase the cost of properties available for acquisition;
- reduce rents payable to us;
- interfere with our ability to attract and retain tenants;
- lead to increased vacancy rates at our properties; and
- · adversely affect our ability to minimize expenses of operation.

Retailers at our properties also face increasing competition from online retailers, outlet stores, discount shopping clubs and other forms of sales and marketing of goods, such as direct mail. This competition could contribute to lease defaults and insolvency of tenants. If we are unable to continue to attract appropriate retail tenants to our properties, or to purchase new properties in our geographic markets, it could materially affect our ability to generate net income, service our debt and make distributions to our shareholders.

We may be unable to sell properties when appropriate because real estate investments are illiquid.

Real estate investments generally cannot be sold quickly. In addition, there are some limitations under federal income tax laws applicable to real estate and to REITs in particular that may limit our ability to sell our assets. We may not be able to alter our portfolio promptly in response to changes in economic or other conditions including being unable to sell a property at a return we believe is appropriate due to the economic environment. Our inability to respond quickly to adverse changes in the performance of our investments could have an adverse effect on our ability to meet our obligations and make distributions to our shareholders.

We may have limited flexibility in dealing with our jointly owned investments.

Our organizational documents do not limit the amount of funds that we may invest in properties and assets owned jointly with other persons or entities. As of December 31, 2023, we held 19 predominantly retail real estate projects jointly with other persons in addition to properties owned in a "downREIT" structure. Additionally, as of December 31, 2023, we owned an interest in the hotel component of Assembly Row. We may make additional joint investments in the future. Our existing and future joint investments may subject us to special risks, including the possibility that our partners or co-investors might become bankrupt, that those partners or co-investors might have economic or other business interests or goals which are unlike or incompatible with our business interests or goals, that those partners or co-investors might be in a position to take action contrary to our suggestions or instructions, or in opposition to our policies or objectives, and that disputes may develop with our joint venture partners over decisions affecting the property or the joint venture, which may result in litigation or arbitration or some other form of dispute resolution. Although as of December 31, 2023, we held the controlling interests in all of our existing co-investments (except the hotel investment discussed above, the investment in the La Alameda shopping center acquired in 2017, and the investment in the Chandler Festival and Chandler Gateway shopping centers acquired in 2022), we generally must obtain the consent of the co-investor or meet defined criteria to sell or to finance these properties. Joint ownership gives a third party the opportunity to influence the return we can achieve on some of our investments and may adversely affect our ability to make distributions to our shareholders. We may also be liable for the actions of our co-investors.

Our insurance coverage on our properties may be inadequate.

We currently carry comprehensive insurance on all of our properties, including insurance for liability, fire, flood, earthquake, environmental matters, rental loss and acts of terrorism. All of these policies contain coverage limitations. We believe these coverages are of the types and amounts customarily obtained for or by an owner of similar types of real property assets located in the areas where our properties are located. We intend to obtain similar insurance coverage on subsequently acquired properties.

The availability of insurance coverage may decrease and the prices for insurance may increase as a consequence of significant losses incurred by the insurance industry and other factors outside our control. As a result, we may be unable to renew or duplicate our current insurance coverage in adequate amounts or at reasonable prices. In addition, insurance companies may no longer offer coverage against certain types of losses, such as losses due to terrorist acts, pandemics, and toxic mold, or, if offered, the expense of obtaining these types of insurance may not be justified. We therefore may cease to have insurance coverage against certain types of losses and/or there may be decreases in the limits of insurance available. If an uninsured loss

or a loss in excess of our insured limits occurs, we could lose all or a portion of the capital we have invested in a property, as well as the anticipated future revenue from the property, but still remain obligated for any mortgage debt or other financial obligations related to the property. We cannot guarantee that material losses in excess of insurance proceeds will not occur in the future. If any of our properties were to experience a catastrophic loss, it could seriously disrupt our operations, delay revenue and result in large expenses to repair or rebuild the property. Also, due to inflation, changes in codes and ordinances, environmental considerations and other factors, it may not be feasible to use insurance proceeds to replace a building after it has been damaged or destroyed. Further, we may be unable to collect insurance proceeds if our insurers are unable to pay or contest a claim. Events such as these could adversely affect our results of operations and our ability to meet our obligations, including distributions to our shareholders.

Natural disasters, climate change and health crises, could have an adverse impact on our cash flow and operating results.

Climate change may add to the unpredictability and frequency of natural disasters and severe weather conditions, impact the availability of natural resources, and create additional uncertainty as to future trends and exposures. Certain of our operations are located in areas that are subject to natural disasters and severe weather conditions such as hurricanes, earthquakes, droughts, snow storms, floods and fires. The impact of climate change or the occurrence of natural disasters can delay new development projects, increase investment costs to repair or replace damaged properties, increase operating costs, create additional investment costs to make improvements to existing properties to comply with climate change regulations, increase future property insurance costs, impact the availability of water and other natural resources, and negatively impact the tenant demand for space. If insurance is unavailable to us or is unavailable on acceptable terms, or if our insurance is not adequate to cover business interruption or losses from these events, our earnings, liquidity or capital resources could be adversely affected.

In addition, our business is subject to risks related to the effects of public health crises, epidemics, and pandemics. Such events could:

- inhibit global, national and local economic activity;
- drive inflation, adversely affect trading activity in securities markets, which could negatively impact the trading prices of our common shares and debt securities and our ability to access the securities markets as a source of liquidity;
- adversely affect our tenants' financial condition by limiting foot traffic and staffing at their businesses, which could affect their ability to pay rent and willingness to make new leasing commitments;
- · reduce our cash flow, which could impact our ability to pay dividends at the current rate and in the current format or at all or to service our debt;
- temporarily or permanently reduce the demand for retail or office space;
- interfere with our business operations by requiring our personnel to work remotely;
- increase the frequency of cyber-attacks;
- disrupt supply chains that could be important in our development and redevelopment activities;
- result in labor shortages;
- interfere with potential purchases and sales of properties;
- impact our ability to pay dividends at the current rate and in the current format or at all; and
- have other direct and indirect effects that are difficult to predict.

Such risks depend upon the nature and severity of the public health concern, as well as the extent and duration of government-mandated orders and personal decisions to limit travel, economic activity and personal interaction, none of which can be predicted with confidence. In particular, we cannot predict the impact of stay-at-home and other government orders instituted in response to a public health concern, which may vary by jurisdiction, or a public health concerns' short and long term economic effects, each of which could have a material adverse effect on our business.

An increased focus on metrics and reporting related to corporate responsibility, specifically related to environmental, social and governance ("ESG") factors, may impose additional costs and expose us to new risks.

Investors and other stakeholders have become more focused on understanding how companies address a variety of ESG factors. Many of those investors and shareholders look to ESG rating systems, or disclosure frameworks that have been developed by third party groups to allow comparisons between companies on ESG factors as they evaluate investment decisions as well as to company disclosures.

Although we participate in many of these ratings systems, or disclosure frameworks, and generally score relatively well in those in which we do participate, we do not participate in, and would not necessarily score well in, all of the available ratings systems. Further, the criteria used in these ratings systems change frequently, and we cannot guaranty that we will be able to score well as criteria change. We supplement our participation in ratings systems with corporate disclosures of our ESG activities but many investors and stakeholders may look for specific disclosures that we do not provide. Failure to participate in certain of the third party ratings systems, failure to score well in those ratings systems or failure to provide certain ESG

disclosures could result in reputational harm when investors or others compare us against similar companies in our industry and could cause certain investors to be unwilling to invest in our stock which could adversely impact our ability to raise capital.

For more information about the Trust's Corporate Responsibility initiatives, see Item 7. "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Corporate Responsibility."

Risk Factors Related to our Funding Strategies and Capital Structure

The amount of debt we have and the restrictions imposed by that debt could adversely affect our business and financial condition.

As of December 31, 2023, we had approximately \$4.6 billion of debt outstanding. Of that outstanding debt, approximately \$519.1 million was secured by all or a portion of 8 of our real estate projects. As of December 31, 2023, approximately 87.0% of our debt is fixed rate or is fixed via interest rate swap agreements, which includes all of our property secured debt and our unsecured senior notes. Our organizational documents do not limit the level or amount of debt that we may incur. The amount of our debt outstanding from time to time could have important consequences to our shareholders. For example, it could:

- require us to dedicate a substantial portion of our cash flow from operations to payments on our debt, thereby reducing funds available for operations, property acquisitions, redevelopments and other appropriate business opportunities that may arise in the future;
- limit our ability to make distributions on our outstanding common shares and preferred shares;
- make it difficult to satisfy our debt service requirements;
- require us to dedicate increased amounts of our cash flow from operations to payments on debt upon refinancing or on our variable rate, unhedged debt, if interest rates rise;
- limit our flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, changes in our business and the factors that affect the profitability of our business;
- limit our ability to obtain any additional debt or equity financing we may need in the future for working capital, debt refinancing, capital expenditures, acquisitions, redevelopments or other general corporate purposes or to obtain such financing on favorable terms; and/or
- limit our flexibility in conducting our business, which may place us at a disadvantage compared to competitors with less debt or debt with less restrictive terms.

Our ability to make scheduled principal payments of, to pay interest on, or to refinance our indebtedness will depend primarily on our future performance, which to a certain extent is subject to economic, financial, competitive and other factors beyond our control. There can be no assurance that our business will continue to generate sufficient cash flow from operations in the future to service our debt or meet our other cash needs. If we are unable to generate this cash flow from our business, we may be required to refinance all or a portion of our existing debt, sell assets or obtain additional financing to meet our debt obligations and other cash needs, including the payment of dividends required to maintain our status as a real estate investment trust. We cannot assure you that any such refinancing, sale of assets or additional financing would be possible on terms that we would find acceptable.

We are obligated to comply with financial and other covenants pursuant to our debt obligations that could restrict our operating activities, and the failure to comply with such covenants could result in defaults that accelerate payment under our debt agreements.

Our revolving credit facility, unsecured term loan, and certain series of notes include financial covenants that may limit our operating activities in the future. We are also required to comply with additional covenants that include, among other things, provisions:

- relating to the maintenance of property securing a mortgage;
- · restricting our ability to pledge assets or create liens;
- restricting our ability to incur additional debt;
- restricting our ability to amend or modify existing leases at properties securing a mortgage;
- · restricting our ability to enter into transactions with affiliates; and
- restricting our ability to consolidate, merge or sell all or substantially all of our assets.

As of December 31, 2023, we were in compliance with all of our default related financial covenants. If we were to breach any of our default related debt covenants, including the covenants listed above, and did not cure the breach within any applicable cure period, our lenders could require us to repay the debt immediately, and, if the debt is secured, could immediately begin proceedings to take possession of the property securing the loan. Many of our debt arrangements, including our public notes and our revolving credit facility, are cross-defaulted, which means that the lenders under those debt arrangements can put us in default and require immediate repayment of their debt if we breach and fail to cure a default under certain of our other debt

obligations. As a result, any default under our debt covenants could have an adverse effect on our financial condition, our results of operations, our ability to meet our obligations and the market value of our shares.

Adverse changes in our credit rating could affect our borrowing capacity and borrowing terms.

Our credit worthiness is rated by nationally recognized credit rating agencies. The credit ratings assigned are based on our operating performance, liquidity and leverage ratios, financial condition and prospects, and other factors viewed by the credit rating agencies as relevant to our industry and the economic outlook in general. Our credit rating can affect the amount of capital we access, as well as the terms of certain existing and future financing we obtain. Since we depend on debt financing to fund the growth of our business, an adverse change in our credit rating, including actual changes in outlook, or even the initiation of review of our credit rating that could result in an adverse change, could have a material adverse effect on us.

Our ability to grow will be limited if we cannot obtain additional capital.

Our growth strategy is focused on the development and redevelopment of properties we already own and the acquisition of additional properties. We believe that it will be difficult to fund our expected growth with cash from operating activities because, in addition to other requirements, we are generally required to distribute to our shareholders at least 90% of our taxable income each year to continue to qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes. As a result, we must rely primarily upon the availability of debt or equity capital, which may or may not be available on favorable terms or at all. Debt could include the sale of debt securities and mortgage loans from third parties. If economic conditions and conditions in the capital markets are not favorable at the time we need to raise capital, we may need to obtain capital on less favorable terms. Additionally, we cannot guarantee that additional financing, refinancing or other capital will be available in the amounts we desire or on favorable terms. Our access to debt or equity capital depends on a number of factors, including the market's perception of our growth potential and risk profile, our ability to pay dividends, and our current and potential future earnings. Depending on the outcome of these factors as well as the impact of the economic environment, we could experience delay or difficulty in implementing our growth strategy on satisfactory terms, or be unable to implement this strategy.

Rising interest rates could adversely affect our cash flow and the market price of our outstanding debt and preferred shares.

Of our \$4.6 billion of debt outstanding as of December 31, 2023, approximately \$853.6 million bears interest at a variable rate, of which, \$600.0 million is our unsecured term loan that bears interest at a variable rate of SOFR plus 85 basis points plus 0.10%. The remaining \$253.6 million is comprised of a \$200.0 million mortgage payable that bears interest at a variable rate of SOFR plus 95 basis points, which is effectively fixed by three interest rate swap agreements through the initial maturity date, and \$53.6 million in mortgages payable that bear interest at a variable rate of SOFR plus 195 basis points and are effectively fixed by two interest rate swap agreements. We also have a \$1.25 billion revolving credit facility, on which no balance was outstanding at December 31, 2023, that bears interest at SOFR plus 77.5 basis points, plus 0.10%. We may borrow additional funds at variable interest rates in the future. Increases in interest rates would increase the interest expense on our variable rate debt and reduce our cash flow, which could adversely affect our ability to service our debt and meet our other obligations and also could reduce the amount we are able to distribute to our shareholders. We may enter into additional hedging arrangements or other transactions for all or a portion of our variable rate debt to limit our exposure to rising interest rates. However, the amounts we are required to pay under variable rate debt to which hedging or similar arrangements relate may increase in the event of non-performance by the counterparties to any such hedging arrangements. In addition, an increase in market interest rates may lead purchasers of our debt securities and preferred shares to demand a higher annual yield, which could adversely affect the market price of our outstanding debt securities and preferred shares and/or timing of refinancing or issuing additional debt securities or preferred shares.

Hedging activity may expose us to risks, including the risks that a counterparty will not perform and that the hedge will not yield the economic benefits we anticipate, which may adversely affect us.

We may use derivative instruments to manage exposure to variable interest rate risk. We generally enter into interest rate swaps to manage our exposure to variable interest rate risk and treasury locks to manage the risk of interest rates rising prior to the issuance of debt. These and similar hedging arrangements involve risks, including the risks that counterparties may fail to honor their obligations under these arrangements, that these arrangements may not be effective in reducing our exposure to interest rate changes, that the amount of income we earn from hedging transactions may be limited by federal tax provisions governing REITs, and that these arrangements may reduce the benefits to us if interest rates decline. Developing and implementing an interest rate risk strategy is complex, and there can be no assurance that our hedging activities will be completely effective at insulating us from risks associated with interest rate fluctuations.

Additionally, in connection with our offering in January 2024 of 3.25% Exchangeable Senior Notes due 2029, we have entered into capped call transactions with certain option counterparties. The capped call transactions cover, subject to customary

adjustments, the number of common shares initially underlying the notes. The capped call transactions are expected generally to reduce the potential dilution to our common shares upon any exchange of notes and/or offset any cash payments we are required to make in excess of the principal amount of exchanged notes, as the case may be, with such reduction and/or offset subject to a cap. The option counterparties are financial institutions, and we are subject to the risk that any or all of them might default under the capped call transactions. Our exposure to the credit risk of the option counterparties is not secured by any collateral. Global economic conditions have resulted in the actual or perceived failure or financial difficulties of certain financial institutions and could adversely impact the option counterparties' performance under the capped call transactions. If an option counterparty becomes subject to insolvency proceedings, we will become an unsecured creditor in those proceedings with a claim equal to the termination amount at that time as determined pursuant to the capped call documentation with such option counterparty. Our exposure will depend on many factors but, generally, an increase in our exposure will be correlated to an increase in the market price and in the volatility of the common shares. In addition, upon a default by an option counterparty, we may suffer adverse tax consequences and more dilution than we currently anticipate with respect to the common shares. We can provide no assurances as to the financial stability or viability of the option counterparties.

Risk Factors Related to our REIT Status and Other Laws and Regulations

Environmental laws and regulations could reduce the value or profitability of our properties.

All real property and the operations conducted on real property are subject to federal, state and local laws, ordinances and regulations relating to hazardous materials, environmental protection and human health and safety. Under various federal, state and local laws, ordinances and regulations, we and our tenants may be responsible for the disposal or treatment of hazardous or toxic substances released on or in properties we own or operate, as well as certain other potential costs relating to hazardous or toxic substances (including governmental fines and injuries to persons and property). This liability may be imposed whether or not we knew about, or were responsible for, the presence of hazardous or toxic substances. Further, the presence of contamination on our properties or the failure to properly remediate contamination at any of our properties may adversely affect our ability to sell or lease those properties or to borrow funds by using those properties as collateral. The costs or liabilities could exceed the value of the affected real estate. We are not aware of any environmental condition with respect to any of our properties that management believes would have a material adverse effect on our business, assets or results of operations taken as a whole.

In addition, changes in government legislation and regulation on climate change could result in increased capital expenditures to improve the energy efficiency of our existing properties and could also require us to spend more on our development or redevelopment projects without a corresponding increase in revenues, which may adversely affect our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

The Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 could require us to take remedial steps with respect to existing or newly acquired properties.

Our existing properties, as well as properties we may acquire, as commercial facilities, are required to comply with Title III of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990. Investigation of a property may reveal non-compliance with this Act. The requirements of this Act, or of other federal, state or local laws or regulations, also may change in the future and restrict further renovations of our properties with respect to access for disabled persons. Future compliance with this Act may require expensive changes to the properties.

The revenues generated by our tenants could be negatively affected by various federal, state and local laws to which they are subject.

We and our tenants are subject to a wide range of federal, state and local laws and regulations, such as local licensing requirements, consumer protection laws and state and local fire, life-safety and similar requirements that affect the use of the properties. The leases typically require that each tenant comply with all laws and regulations. Failure to comply could result in fines by governmental authorities, awards of damages to private litigants, or restrictions on the ability to conduct business on such properties. Non-compliance of this sort could reduce our revenues from a tenant, could require us to pay penalties or fines relating to any non-compliance, and could adversely affect our ability to sell or lease a property.

Failure to qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes would cause the Parent Company to be taxed as a corporation, which would substantially reduce funds available for payment of distributions.

We believe that we are organized and qualified as a REIT for federal income tax purposes and currently intend to operate in a manner that will allow us to continue to qualify as a REIT under the Code. However, we cannot assure you that we will remain qualified as such in the future.

Qualification as a REIT involves the application of highly technical and complex Code provisions and applicable income tax regulations that have been issued under the Code. Certain facts and circumstances not entirely within our control may affect our ability to qualify as a REIT. For example, in order to qualify as a REIT, at least 95% of our gross income in any year must be derived from qualifying rents and certain other income. Satisfying this requirement could be difficult, for example, if defaults by tenants were to reduce the amount of income from qualifying rents. As a REIT, we must generally make annual distributions to shareholders of at least 90% of our taxable income. In addition, new legislation, new regulations, new administrative interpretations or new court decisions may significantly change the tax laws with respect to qualification as a REIT or the federal income tax consequences of such qualification. Any modification in the tax treatment of REITs could have a significant adverse impact to our net income.

If we fail to qualify as a REIT:

- we would not be allowed a deduction for distributions to shareholders in computing taxable income;
- we would be subject to federal income tax at regular corporate rates;
- unless we are entitled to relief under specific statutory provisions, we could not elect to be taxed as a REIT for four taxable years following the year during which we were disqualified;
- we could be required to pay significant income taxes, which would substantially reduce the funds available for investment or for distribution to our shareholders for each year in which we failed or were not permitted to qualify; and
- we would no longer be required by law to make any distributions to our shareholders.

To maintain our status as a REIT, we limit the amount of shares any one shareholder of the Parent Company can own.

The Code imposes certain limitations on the ownership of the stock of a REIT. For example, not more than 50% in value of our outstanding shares of capital stock may be owned, directly or indirectly, by five or fewer individuals (as defined in the Code) during the last half of any taxable year. To protect our REIT status, the Parent Company's declaration of trust prohibits any one shareholder from owning (actually or constructively) more than 9.8% in value of the outstanding common shares or of any class or series of outstanding preferred shares. The constructive ownership rules are complex. Shares of the Parent Company's capital stock owned, actually or constructively, by a group of related individuals and/or entities may be treated as constructively owned by one of those individuals or entities. As a result, the acquisition of less than 9.8% in value of the outstanding common shares and/or a class or series of preferred shares (or the acquisition of an interest in an entity that owns common shares or preferred shares) by an individual or entity could cause that individual or entity (or another) to own constructively more than 9.8% in value of the outstanding capital stock. If that happens, either the transfer of ownership would be void or the shares would be transferred to a charitable trust and then sold to someone who can own those shares without violating the 9.8% ownership limit.

The Board of Trustees may waive these restrictions on a case-by-case basis. In addition, the Board of Trustees and two-thirds of our shareholders eligible to vote at a shareholder meeting may remove these restrictions if they determine it is no longer in our best interests for the Parent Company to attempt to qualify, or to continue to qualify, as a REIT. The 9.8% ownership restrictions may delay, defer or prevent a transaction or a change of our control that might involve a premium price for the common shares or otherwise be in the shareholders' best interest.

Legislative, administrative, regulatory or other actions affecting REITs, including positions taken by the IRS, could have a material adverse effect on us and our investors.

The rules dealing with U.S. federal income taxation are constantly under review by persons involved in the legislative process, and by the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") and the U.S. Department of the Treasury ("Treasury"). Changes to the tax laws or interpretations thereof by the IRS and the Treasury, with or without retroactive application, could materially and adversely affect us and our investors. No prediction can be made as to the likelihood of passage of new tax legislation or other provisions, or the direct or indirect effect on us and our shareholders. Accordingly, such new legislation, Treasury regulations, administrative interpretations or court decisions could significantly and negatively affect our ability to qualify to be taxed as a REIT and/or the U.S. federal income tax consequences to us and our investors of such qualification.

Certain tax and anti-takeover provisions of the Parent Company's declaration of trust and bylaws, and certain restrictions in the Partnership's limited partnership agreement, may inhibit a change of our control.

Certain provisions contained in the Parent Company's declaration of trust and bylaws and the Maryland General Corporation Law, as applicable to Maryland REITs, may discourage a third party from making a tender offer or acquisition proposal to us. If this were to happen, it could delay, deter or prevent a change in control or the removal of existing management. These provisions also may delay or prevent the shareholders from receiving a premium for their common shares over then-prevailing market prices. These provisions include:

• the REIT ownership limit described above;

- authorization of the issuance of our preferred shares with powers, preferences or rights to be determined by the Board of Trustees;
- special meetings of our shareholders may be called only by the chairman of the board, the chief executive officer, the president, by one-third of the trustees or by shareholders possessing no less than 25% of all the votes entitled to be cast at the meeting;
- the Board of Trustees, without a shareholder vote, can classify or reclassify unissued shares of beneficial interest, including the reclassification of common shares into preferred shares and vice-versa;
- · a two-thirds shareholder vote is required to approve some amendments to the declaration of trust; and
- advance-notice requirements for proposals to be presented at shareholder meetings.

In addition, if we elect to be governed by it in the future, the Maryland Control Share Acquisition Law could delay or prevent a change in control. Under Maryland law, unless a REIT elects not to be subject to this law, "control shares" acquired in a "control share acquisition" have no voting rights except to the extent approved by shareholders by a vote of two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter, excluding shares owned by the acquirer and by officers or trustees who are employees of the REIT. "Control shares" are voting shares that would entitle the acquirer to exercise voting power in electing trustees within specified ranges of voting power. A "control share acquisition" means the acquisition of control shares, with some exceptions.

The Parent Company's bylaws state that the Maryland control share acquisition law will not apply to any acquisition by any person of our common shares. This bylaw provision may be repealed, in whole or in part, at any time, whether before or after an acquisition of control shares, by a vote of a majority of the shareholders entitled to vote, and, upon such repeal, may, to the extent provided by any successor bylaw, apply to any prior or subsequent control share acquisition.

In addition, certain provisions in the Partnership's limited partnership agreement (the "Partnership Agreement") may delay or make more difficult unsolicited acquisitions of us or changes in our control. These provisions could discourage third parties from making proposals involving an unsolicited acquisition of us or change of our control, although some shareholders might consider such proposals, if made, desirable. These provisions also make it more difficult for third parties to alter the management structure of the Partnership without the concurrence of our Board of Trustees. These provisions include, among others:

- redemption rights of limited partners and certain assignees of units of limited partnership interest ("OP Units");
- transfer restrictions on OP Units and restrictions on admissions of partners;
- a requirement that the General Partner may not be removed as the general partner of the Partnership without its consent;
- the ability of the General Partner to issue preferred partnership interests in the Partnership with terms that it may determine, without the approval or consent of any Limited Partner; and
- restrictions on the ability of the General Partner, the Partnership or the Parent Company to transfer its interests in the Partnership or otherwise
 engage in certain extraordinary transactions, including, among others, certain mergers, business combinations, sales of all or substantially all of
 their assets and recapitalizations.

We may be required to incur additional debt to qualify as a REIT.

As a REIT, we must generally make annual distributions to shareholders of at least 90% of our taxable income. We are subject to income tax on amounts of undistributed taxable income and net capital gain. In addition, we would be subject to a 4% excise tax if we fail to distribute sufficient income to meet a minimum distribution test based on our ordinary income, capital gain and aggregate undistributed income from prior years. We intend to make distributions to shareholders to comply with the Code's distribution provisions and to avoid federal income and excise tax. We may need to borrow funds to meet our distribution requirements because:

- our income may not be matched by our related expenses at the time the income is considered received for purposes of determining taxable income;
 and
- non-deductible capital expenditures, creation of reserves, or debt service requirements may reduce available cash but not taxable income.

In these circumstances, we might have to borrow funds on terms we might otherwise find unfavorable and we may have to borrow funds even if our management believes the market conditions make borrowing financially unattractive. Current tax law also allows us to pay a portion of our distributions in shares instead of cash.

General Risk Factors

The market value of our debt and equity securities is subject to various factors that may cause significant fluctuations or volatility.

As with other publicly traded securities, the market price of our debt and equity securities depends on various factors, which may change from time to time and/or may be unrelated to our financial condition, operating performance or prospects that may cause significant fluctuations or volatility in such prices. These factors include, among others:

- general economic and financial market conditions;
- level and trend of interest rates;
- our ability to access the capital markets to raise additional capital;
- the issuance of additional equity or debt securities;
- changes in our funds from operations ("FFO") or earnings estimates;
- changes in our credit or analyst ratings;
- our financial condition and performance;
- market perception of our business compared to other REITs; and
- market perception of REITs, in general, compared to other investment alternatives.

We cannot assure you we will continue to pay dividends in the current composition or at historical rates.

Our ability to continue to pay dividends on our common shares at historical rates or to increase our common share dividend rate, and our ability to pay preferred share dividends and service our debt securities, will depend on a number of factors, including, among others, the following:

- our financial condition and results of future operations;
- the performance by our tenants under their contractual lease agreements;
- the terms of our loan covenants; and
- our ability to acquire, finance, develop or redevelop and lease additional properties at attractive rates.

If we do not maintain or increase, or if we change the composition of the dividend on our common shares, it could have an adverse effect on the market price of our common shares and other securities. Any preferred shares we may offer in the future may have a fixed dividend rate that would not increase with any increases in the dividend rate of our common shares. Conversely, payment of dividends on our common shares may be subject to payment in full of the dividends on any preferred shares and payment of interest on any debt securities we may offer.

The Parent Company is a holding company with no direct operations, and it will rely on funds received from the Partnership to pay its obligations and make distributions to its shareholders.

The Parent Company is a holding company and expects to conduct substantially all of its operations through the Partnership. The Parent Company will not have, apart from an interest in the Partnership, any independent operations. As a result, the Parent Company will rely on distributions from the Partnership to make any distributions we declare on our common shares. The Parent Company will also rely on distributions from the Partnership to meet its obligations, including any tax liability on taxable income allocated to the Parent Company from the Partnership. Through its ownership and control of the General Partner, the Parent Company exercises exclusive control over the Partnership, including the authority to cause the Partnership to make distributions, subject to certain limited approval and voting rights of the Partnership's Limited Partners as described in the Partnership Agreement. In addition, because the Parent Company is a holding company, your claims as shareholders are structurally subordinated to all existing and future liabilities and obligations to preferred equity holders of the Partnership and its subsidiaries. Therefore, in the event of a bankruptcy, insolvency, liquidation or reorganization of the Partnership or its subsidiaries, assets of the Partnership or the applicable subsidiary will be available to satisfy any claims of our shareholders only after such liabilities and obligations have been satisfied in full.

We currently own 100% of the OP Units issued by the Partnership and are its sole Limited Partner. However, in connection with our future acquisition activities or otherwise, we may issue additional OP Units to third parties and admit additional Limited Partners. Such issuances would reduce the Parent Company's percentage ownership in the Partnership.

Loss of our key management could adversely affect performance and the value of our common shares.

We are dependent on the efforts of our key management. Although we believe qualified replacements could be found for any departures of key executives, the loss of their services could adversely affect our performance and the value of our common shares.

We may adjust our business policies without shareholder approval.

We may modify our approach to investment, financing, borrowing, and other operating strategies without shareholder approval. A change in the approach to any of these items could adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations, and the market price of our securities.

Our current business plan focuses on our investment in high quality retail based properties that are typically neighborhood and community shopping centers or mixed-use properties, principally through redevelopments and acquisitions. If this business plan is not successful, it could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations.

Given these uncertainties, readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements that we make, including those in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Except as may be required by law, we make no promise to update any of the forward-looking statements as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. You should carefully review the above risks and the risk factors.

We face risks relating to cyber threats that could cause loss of confidential information and other business disruptions.

We rely extensively on information technology systems to process transactions and manage our business, and our business is at risk from and may be impacted by cybersecurity incidents. These could include attempts to gain unauthorized access to our data and computer systems as well as attacks on third party's information technology systems that we rely on to provide important information technology services relating to key business functions, such as payroll. Cyber attacks can be both individual and/or highly organized attempts by very sophisticated hacking organizations. A cyber attack could compromise the confidential information of our employees, tenants, and vendors. A successful attack could adversely affect our business operations, results of operations, or financial condition by, among other things, disrupting our collection of revenue, interfering with our ability to satisfy our financial obligations by restricting access to our assets, or causing inaccuracies in our financial reporting. We employ a number of measures to prevent, detect, and mitigate these threats, which include password encryption, multi-factor authentication, frequent password change events, firewall detection systems, anti-virus software in-place, frequent backups, a redundant data system for core applications, and penetration testing; however, there is no guarantee such efforts will be successful in preventing a material cybersecurity incident.

ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

None.

ITEM 1C. CYBER SECURITY

Please see Item 7. "Managements's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Cyber Security" for discussion regarding the cyber security policies of the Company.

ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

General

As of December 31, 2023, we owned or had a majority ownership interest in community and neighborhood shopping centers and mixed-used properties which are operated as 102 predominantly retail real estate projects comprising approximately 26.0 million commercial square feet. These properties are located primarily in densely populated and affluent communities in strategic metropolitan markets in the Northeast and Mid-Atlantic regions of the United States, California, and South Florida. No single commercial or residential property accounted for over 10% of our 2023 total revenue. We believe that our properties are adequately covered by commercial general liability, fire, flood, earthquake, terrorism and business interruption insurance provided by reputable companies, with commercially reasonable exclusions, deductibles and limits.

Tenant Diversification

As of December 31, 2023, we had approximately 3,300 commercial leases and 3,100 residential leases, with tenants ranging from sole proprietors to major national and international retailers. No one tenant or affiliated group of tenants accounted for more than 2.7% of our annualized base rent as of December 31, 2023. As a result of our tenant diversification, we believe our exposure to any one bankruptcy filing has not been and will not be significant, however, multiple filings by a number of tenants could have a significant impact.

Geographic Diversification

Our 102 real estate projects are located in 12 states and the District of Columbia. The following table shows the number of projects, the gross leasable area ("GLA") of commercial space and the percentage of total portfolio gross leasable area of commercial space in each state as of December 31, 2023.

State	Number of Projects	Gross Leasable Area	Percentage of Gross Leasable Area
		(In square feet)	
California	21	6,376,000	24.5 %
Maryland	17	4,471,000	17.2 %
Virginia	19	4,092,000	15.7 %
Pennsylvania	9	1,853,000	7.1 %
Massachusetts	7	2,230,000	8.6 %
New Jersey	7	1,890,000	7.3 %
New York	7	1,426,000	5.5 %
Florida	4	1,287,000	4.9 %
Illinois	4	799,000	3.1 %
Arizona	2	947,000	3.6 %
Connecticut	3	398,000	1.5 %
Michigan	1	216,000	0.8 %
District of Columbia	1	54,000	0.2 %
Total	102	26,039,000	100.0 %

Leases, Lease Terms and Lease Expirations

Our leases are classified as operating leases and typically are structured to require the monthly payment of minimum rents in advance, subject to periodic increases during the term of the lease, percentage rents based on the level of sales achieved by tenants, and reimbursement of a majority of on-site operating expenses and real estate taxes. These features in our leases generally reduce our exposure to higher costs and allow us to participate in improved tenant sales.

Commercial property leases generally range from three to ten years; however, certain leases, primarily with anchor tenants, may be longer. Many of our leases contain tenant options that enable the tenant to extend the term of the lease at expiration at pre-established rental rates that often include fixed rent increases, consumer price index adjustments or other market rate adjustments from the prior base rent. Leases on residential units are generally for a period of one year or less and, in 2023, represented approximately 9.7% of total rental income.

The following table sets forth the schedule of lease expirations for our commercial leases in place as of December 31, 2023 for each of the 10 years beginning with 2024 and after 2033 in the aggregate assuming that none of the tenants exercise future renewal options. Annualized base rents reflect in-place contractual rents as of December 31, 2023.

Year of Lease Expiration	Leased Square Footage Expiring	Percentage of Leased Square Footage Expiring	Annualized Base Rent Represented by Expiring Leases		Percentage of Annualized Base Rent Represented by Expiring Leases	
2024	1,881,000	8 %	\$	54,591,000	7 %	
2025	3,400,000	14 %		90,760,000	12 %	
2026	2,118,000	9 %		73,469,000	10 %	
2027	3,003,000	12 %		103,735,000	14 %	
2028	2,689,000	11 %		88,072,000	11 %	
2029	2,942,000	12 %		93,294,000	12 %	
2030	1,165,000	5 %		35,242,000	5 %	
2031	1,165,000	5 %		38,993,000	5 %	
2032	2,228,000	9 %		75,410,000	10 %	
2033	1,374,000	6 %		44,473,000	6 %	
Thereafter	2,049,000	9 %		60,832,000	8 %	
Total	24,014,000	100 %	\$	758,871,000	100 %	

During 2023, we signed leases for a total of 2,091,000 square feet of retail space including 2,027,000 square feet of comparable space leases (leases for which there was a prior tenant) at an average rental increase of 10% on a cash basis. New leases for comparable spaces were signed for 1,016,000 square feet at an average rental increase of 13% on a cash basis. Renewals for comparable spaces were signed for 1,011,000 square feet at an average rental increase of 8% on a cash basis. Tenant improvements and incentives for comparable spaces were \$29.84 per square foot, of which, \$56.95 per square foot was for new leases and \$2.60 per square foot was for renewals in 2023.

During 2022, we signed leases for a total of 2,048,000 square feet of retail space including 1,985,000 square feet of comparable space leases (leases for which there was a prior tenant) at an average rental increase of 6% on a cash basis. New leases for comparable spaces were signed for 757,000 square feet at an average rental increase of 8% on a cash basis. Renewals for comparable spaces were signed for 1,228,000 square feet at an average rental increase of 4% on a cash basis. Tenant improvements and incentives for comparable spaces were \$31.65 per square foot, of which, \$75.12 per square foot was for new leases and \$4.86 per square foot was for renewals in 2022.

The rental increases associated with comparable spaces generally include all leases signed for retail space in arms-length transactions reflecting market leverage between landlords and tenants during the period, excluding leases at properties sold or under contract to be sold. The comparison between the rent for expiring leases and new leases is determined by including contractual rent on the expiring lease, including percentage rent, and the comparable annual rent and in some instances, projections of percentage rent, to be paid on the new lease. In atypical circumstances, management may exercise judgment as to how to most effectively reflect the comparability of spaces reported in this calculation. The change in rental income on comparable space leases is impacted by numerous factors including current market rates, location, individual tenant creditworthiness, use of space, market conditions when the expiring lease was signed, capital investment made in the space and the specific lease structure. Tenant improvements and incentives include the total dollars committed for the improvement (fit out) of a space as it relates to a specific lease. Incentives include amounts paid to tenants as an inducement to sign a lease that do not represent building improvements. Costs related to tenant improvements require judgement by management in determining what are costs specific to the tenant and not deferred maintenance on the space.

Historically, we have executed comparable space leases for 1.4 to 2.0 million square feet of retail space each year and expect the volume for 2024 will be in line with these historical averages. Although we expect overall positive increases in annual rent for comparable spaces, changes in annual rent for any individual lease or combinations of individual leases reported in any particular period may be positive or negative and we can provide no assurance that the annual rents on comparable space leases will continue to increase at historical levels, if at all. The current economic conditions could adversely impact our volume of leasing activity and the amount of rent we are able to charge to new or renewing tenants.

The leases signed in 2023 generally become effective over the following two years though some may not become effective until 2026 and beyond. Further, there is risk that some new tenants will not ultimately take possession of their space and that tenants for both new and renewal leases may not pay all of their contractual rent due to operating, financing or other matters. However,

our historical increases in rental rates do provide information about the tenant/landlord relationship and the potential increase we may achieve in rental income over time.

Retail and Residential Properties

The following table sets forth information concerning all real estate projects in which we owned an equity interest, had a leasehold interest, or otherwise controlled and are consolidated as of December 31, 2023. Except as otherwise noted, we are the sole owner of our real estate projects. Principal tenants are the largest tenants in the project based on square feet leased or are tenants important to a project's success due to their ability to attract retail customers.

Property, City, State, Zip Code	Year Completed	Year Acquired	Square Feet(1) /Apartment Units	Average Base Rent Per Square Foot(2)	Percentage Leased(3)	Principal Tenant(s)
Arizona						
Camelback Colonnade Phoenix, AZ 85016(4)	1977, 2019	2021	642,000	\$18.47	90%	Fry's Food & Drug Marshalls Nordstrom Last Chance Best Buy Floor & Décor
Chandler Festival Chandler, AZ 85224(5)(6)	2000	2022	355,000	\$18.20	89%	Ross Dress for Less Nordstrom Rack TJ Maxx Ulta
Chandler Gateway Chandler, AZ 85226(5)(6)	2001	2022	262,000	\$11.15	100%	Walmart Hobby Lobby Petco
Hilton Village Scottsdale, AZ 85250(4)(7)	1982, 1989	2021/2022	305,000	33.92	94%	CVS Houston's
<u>California</u>						
Azalea South Gate, CA 90280(4)(6)	2014	2017	226,000	\$30.13	100%	Marshalls Ross Dress for Less Ulta Michaels
Bell Gardens Bell Gardens, CA 90201(4)(6)(7)	1990, 2003, 2006	2017/2018	330,000	\$23.74	97%	Food 4 Less Marshalls Ross Dress for Less Bob's Discount Furniture
Colorado Blvd Pasadena, CA 91103(7)	1905-1988	1998	42,000	\$59.98	73%	Banana Republic True Food Kitchen
Crow Canyon Commons San Ramon, CA 94583	1980, 1998, 2006	2005/2007	239,000	\$35.49	85%	Sprouts Total Wine & More Alamo Ace Hardware
East Bay Bridge Emeryville & Oakland, CA 94608	1994-2001, 2011, 2012	2012	440,000	\$20.45	100%	Pak-N-Save Target Home Depot Nordstrom Rack Ulta Michaels
Escondido Promenade Escondido, CA 92029	1987	1996/2010	298,000	\$30.47	98%	TJ Maxx Dick's Sporting Goods Ross Dress for Less Bob's Discount Furniture
Fourth Street Berkeley, CA 94710(4)	1948, 1975	2017	71,000	\$33.57	81%	CB2 Ingram Book Group Bellwether Coffee
Freedom Plaza Los Angeles, CA 90002(4)(7)	2020	2018	114,000	\$31.21	96%	Smart & Final Nike Blink Fitness Ross Dress for Less
Grossmont Center La Mesa, CA 91942(4)	1961, 1963, 1982-1983, 2002	2021	877,000	\$14.75	97%	Target Walmart Barnes & Noble Macy's CVS
Hastings Ranch Plaza Pasadena, CA 91107(7)	1958, 1984, 2006, 2007	2017	273,000	\$9.15	100%	Marshalls HomeGoods CVS
Hollywood Blvd Hollywood, CA 90028	1929, 1991	1999	181,000	\$36.58	86%	Target Marshalls L.A. Fitness CVS
Kings Court Los Gatos, CA 95032(7)(8)	1960	1998	81,000	\$44.45	98%	Lunardi's CVS

Property, City, State, Zip Code	Year Completed	Year Acquired	Square Feet(1) /Apartment Units	Average Base Rent Per Square Foot(2)	Percentage Leased(3)	Principal Tenant(s)
La Alameda Walnut Park, CA 90255(5)(6)(7)	2008	2017	245,000	\$27.86	95%	Marshalls Ross Dress for Less CVS Petco
Old Town Center Los Gatos, CA 95030	1962, 1998	1997	98,000	\$45.15	85%	Anthropologie Sephora Arhaus Furniture Teleferic Barcelona
Olivo at Mission Hills Mission Hills, CA 91345(4)	2018	2017	156,000	\$34.13	100%	Target 24 Hour Fitness Ross Dress for Less Ulta
Plaza Del Sol South El Monte, CA 91733(4)	2009	2017	48,000	\$24.07	96%	Marshalls
Plaza El Segundo / The Point El Segundo, CA 90245 (6)	2006-2007, 2016	2011/2013	502,000	\$48.97	98%	Whole Foods Nordstrom Rack HomeGoods Dick's Sporting Goods Multiple Restaurants
San Antonio Center Mountain View, CA 94040(7)(8)	1958, 1964-1965, 1974-1975, 1995-1997	2015/2019	213,000	\$17.46	100%	Trader Joe's Walmart 24 Hour Fitness
Santana Row San Jose, CA 95128(7)(10)	2002, 2009, 2016, 2020	1997	1,206,000	\$57.98	99%	Crate & Barrel Container Store H&M Best Buy Splunk Net App Multiple Restaurants
Santana Row Residential San Jose, CA 95128	2003-2006, 2011, 2014	1997/2012	662 units	N/A	97%	
Sylmar Towne Center Sylmar, CA 91342(4)	1973	2017	148,000	\$17.89	93%	Food 4 Less CVS
Third Street Promenade Santa Monica, CA 90401	1888-2000	1996-2000	185,000	\$81.93	69%	adidas John Reed Fitness Multiple Restaurants
Westgate Center San Jose, CA 95129	1960-1966	2004	648,000	\$20.26	91%	Target Nordstrom Rack Nike Factory TJ Maxx Ross Dress for Less
<u>Connecticut</u>						
Bristol Plaza Bristol, CT 06010	1959	1995	264,000	\$15.20	88%	Stop & Shop TJ Maxx Burlington
Darien Commons Darien, CT 06820	1920-2009, 2023	2013/2018	99,000	\$46.87	92%	Equinox Walgreens Multiple Restaurants
Darien Commons Residential Darien, CT 06820	2022	2013/2018	124 units	N/A	98%	
Greenwich Avenue Greenwich Avenue, CT 06830 District of Columbia	1968	1995	35,000	\$96.19	100%	Saks Fifth Avenue
Friendship Center Washington, DC 20015	1998	2001	54,000	\$28.43	100%	Marshalls Maggiano's
Florida	4000/4004	2015 2015	277.000	0.45.70	1000/	a: ti mi
CocoWalk Coconut Grove, FL 33133(4)(11)	1990/1994, 1922-1973, 2018-2021	2015-2017	277,000	\$46.70	100%	Cinepolis Theaters Youfit Health Club Multiple Restaurants
Del Mar Village Boca Raton, FL 33433	1982, 1994 & 2007	2008/2014	187,000	\$24.35	98%	Winn Dixie CVS L.A. Fitness
Shops at Pembroke Gardens Pembroke Pines, FL 33027	2007	2022	392,000	\$32.43	94%	Nike Factory Old Navy DSW Barnes & Noble
Tower Shops Davie, FL 33324	1989, 2017	2011/2014	431,000	\$28.08	99%	Trader Joe's TJ Maxx Ross Dress for Less Best Buy Ulta

Property, City, State, Zip Code	Year Completed	Year Acquired	Square Feet(1) /Apartment Units	Average Base Rent Per Square Foot(2)	Percentage Leased(3)	Principal Tenant(s)
Illinois		. 				•
Crossroads Highland Park, IL 60035	1959	1993	168,000	\$23.72	96%	L.A. Fitness Ulta Binny's Ferguson's Bath, Kitchen, & Lighting Gallery
Finley Square Downers Grove, IL 60515	1974	1995	281,000	\$20.35	53%	Michaels Five Below Portillo's
Garden Market Western Springs, IL 60558	1958	1994	139,000	\$14.92	96%	Mariano's Fresh Market Walgreens
Riverpoint Center Chicago, IL 60614	1989, 2012	2017	211,000	\$22.14	95%	Jewel Osco Marshalls Old Navy
<u>Maryland</u>						
Bethesda Row Bethesda, MD 20814(6)(7)	1945-1991 2001, 2008	1993-2006/ 2008/2010	529,000	\$58.78	92%	Giant Food Apple Equinox Anthropologie Nike Live Multiple Restaurants
Bethesda Row Residential Bethesda, MD 20814 (6)	2008	1993	180 units	N/A	95%	
Congressional Plaza Rockville, MD 20852(4)	1965	1965	325,000	\$42.82	89%	The Fresh Market Ulta Barnes & Noble Container Store Buy Buy Baby
Congressional Plaza Residential Rockville, MD 20852(4)	2003, 2016	1965	194 units	N/A	99%	., ., .,
Courthouse Center Rockville, MD 20852	1975	1997	37,000	\$26.15	73%	
Federal Plaza Rockville, MD 20852	1970	1989	249,000	\$37.26	93%	Trader Joe's TJ Maxx Micro Center Ross Dress for Less
Gaithersburg Square Gaithersburg, MD 20878	1966	1993	207,000	\$31.06	97%	Marshalls Ross Dress for Less Ashley Furniture HomeStore CVS
Governor Plaza Glen Burnie, MD 21961	1963	1985	243,000	\$20.42	100%	Aldi Dick's Sporting Goods Ross Dress for Less Petco Bob's Discount Furniture
Laurel Laurel, MD 20707	1956	1986	364,000	\$24.36	96%	Giant Food Marshalls L.A. Fitness HomeGoods
Montrose Crossing Rockville, MD 20852	1960-1979, 1996, 2011	2011/2013	369,000	\$34.33	99%	Giant Food Marshalls Home Depot Design Center Old Navy Burlington
Perring Plaza Baltimore, MD 21134	1963	1985	397,000	\$17.29	88%	Home Depot Dick's Sporting Goods Micro Center
Pike & Rose North Bethesda, MD 20852(10)	1963, 2014, 2018, 2020	1982/2007/ 2012	792,000	\$45.07	100%	Porsche Uniqlo REI H&M L.L. Bean Choice Hotels Multiple Restaurants
Pike & Rose Residential North Bethesda, MD 20852	2014, 2016, 2018	1982/2007	765 units	N/A	95%	
Plaza Del Mercado Silver Spring, MD 20906	1969	2004	116,000	\$33.97	93%	Aldi CVS L.A. Fitness
Quince Orchard Gaithersburg, MD 20877(7)	1975	1993	271,000	\$26.22	81%	Aldi HomeGoods L.A. Fitness Staples

Property, City, State, Zip Code	Year Completed	Year Acquired	Square Feet(1) /Apartment Units	Average Base Rent Per Square Foot(2)	Percentage Leased(3)	Principal Tenant(s)
THE AVENUE at White Marsh Baltimore, MD 21236(8)	1997	2007	315,000	\$29.08	96%	AMC Ulta Old Navy Nike
The Shoppes at Nottingham Square Baltimore, MD 21236	2005-2006	2007	33,000	\$54.10	100%	
White Marsh Other Baltimore, MD 21236	1985	2007	56,000	\$36.87	87%	
/hite Marsh Plaza Baltimore, MD 21236	1987	2007	80,000	\$24.09	98%	Giant Food
rildwood Bethesda, MD 20814	1958	1969	88,000	\$106.73	100%	Balducci's CVS Multiple Restaurants
<u>Iassachusetts</u>						·
assembly Row/ assembly Square Marketplace Somerville, MA 02145(10)	2005, 2014, 2018, 2021	2005-2011/ 2013	1,212,000	\$39.63	96%	Trader Joe's TJ Maxx AMC Nike PUMA Multiple Restaurants
ssembly Row Residential Somerville, MA 02145	2018, 2021	2005-2011	947 units	N/A	95%	
ampus Plaza Bridgewater, MA 02324	1970	2004	114,000	\$17.94	94%	Roche Bros. Burlington Five Below
helsea Commons Chelsea, MA 02150(6)	1962,1969, 2008	2006-2008	230,000	\$14.79	100%	Home Depot Planet Fitness CVS Burlington
edham Plaza Dedham, MA 02026	1959	1993/2016/ 2019	253,000	\$22.39	91%	Star Market Planet Fitness
nden Square Wellesley, MA 02481	1960, 2008	2006	224,000 7 units	\$50.81 N/A	98% 86%	Roche Bros. CVS Multiple Restaurants
orth Dartmouth North Dartmouth, MA 02747	2004	2006	48,000	\$17.22	100%	Stop & Shop
ueen Anne Plaza Norwell, MA 02061	1967	1994	149,000	\$20.55	99%	Big Y Foods TJ Maxx HomeGoods
<u>lichigan</u>						
ratiot Plaza Roseville, MI 48066	1964	1973	216,000	\$13.43	78%	Kroger Best Buy DSW
ew Jersey						
rick Plaza Brick Township, NJ 08723(7)	1958	1989	407,000	\$22.39	94%	Trader Joe's AMC HomeGoods Ulta Burlington
rook 35 Sea Grit, NJ 08750(4)(6)(8)	1986, 2004	2014	98,000	\$39.97	89%	Banana Republic Gap Williams-Sonoma
llisburg Cherry Hill, NJ 08034	1959	1992	260,000	\$17.83	98%	Whole Foods Five Below RH Outlet Buy Buy Baby
oboken Hoboken, NJ 07030(4)(6)(12)	1887-2006	2019/2020/2022	171,000	\$58.81	99%	Nike Live CVS
, , , , , , ,			129 units	N/A	100%	New York Sports Club Sephora Multiple Restaurants
ercer on One (formerly Mercer Mall) Lawrenceville, NJ 08648(7)	1975	2003/2017/2023	551,000	\$27.13	94%	Shop Rite Nike Ross Dress for Less Nordstrom Rack REI Tesla
he Grove at Shrewsbury Shrewsbury, NJ 07702(4)(6)(8)	1988, 1993 & 2007	2014	193,000	\$50.98	95%	Lululemon Anthropologie Pottery Barn Williams-Sonoma

	Year		Square Feet(1)	Average Base Rent Per Square	Percentage	
Property, City, State, Zip Code Troy Hills	Completed 1966	Year Acquired 1980	/Apartment Units	Foot(2) \$23.07	Leased(3) 98%	Principal Tenant(s)
Parsippany-Troy, NJ 07054 New York	1900	1980	210,000	\$23.07	98%	Target L.A. Fitness Michaels
Fresh Meadows Queens, NY 11365	1949	1997	408,000	\$39.96	98%	Island of Gold AMC Kohl's Planet Fitness
Georgetowne Shopping Center Brooklyn, NY 11234	1969, 2006, 2015	2019	147,000	\$42.72	91%	Foodway Five Below IHOP
Greenlawn Plaza Greenlawn, NY 11743	1975, 2004	2006	103,000	\$19.14	79%	Greenlawn Farms Planet Fitness
Hauppauge Hauppauge, NY 11788	1963	1998	134,000	\$26.83	94%	Shop Rite TJ Maxx Five Below
Huntington Huntington, NY 11746	1962	1988/2007/ 2015	138,000	\$34.47	91%	Petsmart Michaels REI Ulta
Huntington Square East Northport, NY 11731	1980, 2007	2010/2023	243,000	\$22.82	98%	Barnes & Noble At Home AMC
Melville Mall Huntington, NY 11747(7)	1974	2006	253,000	\$29.83	100%	Uncle Giuseppe's Marketplace Marshalls Dick's Sporting Goods Macy's Backstage Public Lands
Pennsylvania Andorra Philadelphia, PA 19128	1953	1988	270,000	\$14.99	87%	Acme Markets TJ Maxx Kohl's L.A. Fitness Five Below
Bala Cynwyd Bala Cynwyd, PA 19004	1955	1993	174,000	\$37.04	97%	Acme Markets Michaels L.A. Fitness
Bala Cynwyd Residential Bala Cynwyd, PA 19004	2020	1993	87 units	N/A	97%	
Flourtown Flourtown, PA 19031	1957	1980	158,000	\$22.42	96%	Giant Food Movie Tavern
Lancaster Lancaster, PA 17601(7)	1958	1980	126,000	\$19.28	99%	Giant Food AutoZone
Langhorne Square Levittown, PA 19056	1966	1985	223,000	\$18.89	99%	Redner's Warehouse Markets Marshalls Planet Fitness
Lawrence Park Broomall, PA 19008	1972	1980/2017	357,000	\$24.39	97%	Acme Markets TJ Maxx HomeGoods Barnes & Noble Lankenau Medical Center
Northeast Philadelphia, PA 19114	1959	1983	214,000	\$22.61	81%	Marshalls Ulta Skechers Crunch Fitness
Willow Grove Willow Grove, PA 19090	1953	1984	85,000	\$24.20	98%	Marshalls Five Below
Wynnewood Wynnewood, PA 19096	1948	1996	246,000	\$32.09	76%	Giant Food Old Navy
***			9 units	N/A	100%	DSW
Virginia 29th Place Charlottesville, VA 22091	1975-2001	2007	168,000	\$20.61	98%	HomeGoods DSW Staples
Barcroft Plaza Falls Church, VA 22041	1963, 1972, 1990, & 2000	2006/2007/ 2016	113,000	\$29.25	100%	Harris Teeter
Barracks Road Charlottesville, VA 22905	1958	1985	495,000	\$28.55	88%	Harris Teeter Kroger Anthropologie Old Navy Ulta Michaels

Property, City, State, Zip Code	Year Completed	Year Acquired	Square Feet(1) /Apartment Units	Average Base Rent Per Square Foot(2)	Percentage Leased(3)	Principal Tenant(s)
Birch & Broad Falls Church, VA 22046	1960/1962	1967/1972	144,000	\$38.63	100%	Giant Food CVS Staples
Chesterbrook McLean, VA 22101(4)	1967	2021	89,000	\$27.01	81%	Safeway Starbucks
Fairfax Junction Fairfax, VA 22030(8)	1981, 1986, 2000	2019/2020	124,000	\$25.80	94%	Aldi CVS Planet Fitness
Graham Park Plaza Falls Church, VA 22042	1971	1983	133,000	\$38.92	90%	Giant Food
Idylwood Plaza Falls Church, VA 22030	1991	1994	73,000	\$48.18	98%	Whole Foods
Kingstowne Towne Center Kingstowne, VA 22315	1996, 2001, 2006	2022	410,000	\$27.67	99%	Giant Food Safeway TJ Maxx HomeGoods Five Below Ross Dress for Less
Mount Vernon/South Valley/ 7770 Richmond Hwy Alexandria, VA 22306(8)	1966, 1972,1987 & 2001	2003/2006/2021	565,000	\$20.79	98%	Shoppers Food Warehouse TJ Maxx Home Depot Old Navy Petsmart
Old Keene Mill Springfield, VA 22152	1968	1976	90,000	\$45.90	95%	Walgreens Planet Fitness
Pan Am Fairfax, VA 22031	1979	1993	228,000	\$24.49	91%	Safeway Micro Center CVS Michaels
Pike 7 Plaza Vienna, VA 22180	1968	1997/2015	172,000	\$48.28	97%	Lidl TJ Maxx DSW Ulta
Tower Shopping Center Springfield, VA 22150	1960	1998	112,000	\$28.45	97%	L.A. Mart Total Wine & More Talbots
Twinbrooke Shopping Centre Fairfax, VA 22032	1977	2021	101,000	\$27.40	93%	Safeway Walgreens
Tyson's Station Falls Church, VA 22043	1954	1978	48,000	\$51.36	88%	Trader Joe's
Village at Shirlington Arlington, VA 22206(7)	1940, 2006-2009	1995	267,000	\$40.95	88%	Harris Teeter CVS AMC Multiple Restaurants
Westpost Arlington, VA 22202	2001-2002	1998/2010	298,000	\$32.74	99%	Harris Teeter Target TJ Maxx Ulta Walgreens DSW
Willow Lawn Richmond, VA 23230	1957	1983	462,000	\$22.46	99%	Kroger Old Navy Ross Dress for Less Gold's Gym Dick's Sporting Goods Ulta
Total — Commercial (9)			26,039,000	\$31.60	94%	
Total —Residential			3,104 units		96%	

(1) Represents the GLA of the commercial portion of the property. Some of our properties include office space which is included in this square footage.

⁽²⁾ Average base rent per square foot is calculated as the aggregate, annualized in-place contractual (defined as cash basis excluding rent abatements) minimum rent for all occupied spaces divided by the aggregate GLA of all occupied spaces. Average base rent is for commercial spaces only.

Percentage leased is expressed as a percentage of rentable commercial square feet occupied or subject to a lease. Residential percentage leased is expressed as a percentage of units (3) occupied or subject to a lease.

⁽⁴⁾ We own the controlling interest in this property.

We own a noncontrolling interest in this property.

⁽⁶⁾ All or a portion of this property is encumbered by a mortgage loan.

All or a portion of this property is owned pursuant to a ground lease.

We own all or a portion of this property in a "downREIT" partnership, of which a wholly owned subsidiary of the Trust is the sole general partner, with third party partners holding operating partnership units.

- (9) Aggregate information is calculated on a GLA weighted-average basis, excluding Chandler Festival, Chandler Gateway, and La Alameda, which are all unconsolidated properties at December 31, 2023.
- (10) Portion of property is currently under development. See further discussion in Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.
- (11) This property includes interests in four nearby buildings.
- (12) This property includes 40 buildings primarily along Washington Street and 14th Street in Hoboken, New Jersey.

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are involved from time-to-time in various legal and regulatory proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of our business, including, but not limited to, commercial disputes, environmental matters, and litigation in connection with transactions such as acquisitions and divestitures. We believe that our current proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, liquidity or results of operations. See Note 7 to the consolidated financial statements for further discussions.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

PART II

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR OUR COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED SHAREHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Our common shares trade on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "FRT." Listed below are the high and low sales prices of our common shares as reported on the New York Stock Exchange and the dividends declared for each of the periods indicated.

	Price Per Share				Dividends Declared	
	 High		Low		Per Share	
2023						
Fourth quarter	\$ 107.61	\$	85.59	\$	1.090	
Third quarter	\$ 104.58	\$	89.90	\$	1.090	
Second quarter	\$ 100.67	\$	85.27	\$	1.080	
First quarter	\$ 115.08	\$	90.44	\$	1.080	
2022						
Fourth quarter	\$ 112.34	\$	87.79	\$	1.080	
Third quarter	\$ 113.61	\$	86.43	\$	1.080	
Second quarter	\$ 128.13	\$	92.02	\$	1.070	
First quarter	\$ 140.51	\$	113.10	\$	1.070	

On February 7, 2024, there were 2,034 holders of record of our common shares.

Our ongoing operations generally will not be subject to federal income taxes as long as we maintain our REIT status and distribute to shareholders at least 100% of our taxable income. Under the Code, REITs are subject to numerous organizational and operational requirements, including the requirement to generally distribute at least 90% of taxable income.

Future distributions will be at the discretion of our Board of Trustees and will depend on our actual net income available for common shareholders, financial condition, capital requirements, the annual distribution requirements under the REIT provisions of the Code and such other factors as the Board of Trustees deems relevant. We have paid quarterly dividends to our shareholders continuously since our founding in 1962 and have increased our regular annual dividend rate for 56 consecutive years.

Our total annual dividends paid per common share for 2023 and 2022 were \$4.33 per share and \$4.29 per share, respectively. The annual dividend amounts are different from dividends as calculated for federal income tax purposes. Distributions to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits for federal income tax purposes generally will be taxable to a shareholder as ordinary dividend income. Distributions in excess of current and accumulated earnings and profits will be treated as a nontaxable reduction of the shareholder's basis in such shareholder's shares, to the extent thereof, and thereafter as taxable capital gain. Distributions that are treated as a reduction of the shareholder's basis in its shares will have the effect of increasing the amount of gain, or reducing the amount of loss, recognized upon the sale of the shareholder's shares. No assurances can be given regarding what portion, if any, of distributions in 2024 or subsequent years will constitute a return of capital for federal income tax purposes. During a year in which a REIT earns a net long-term capital gain, the REIT can elect under Section 857(b)(3) of the Code to designate a portion of dividends paid to shareholders as capital gain dividends. If this election is made, then the capital gain dividends are generally taxable to the shareholder as long-term capital gains.

The following table reflects the income tax status of distributions per share paid to common shareholders:

	Year Ended December 31,		
	 2023		2022
Ordinary dividend	\$ 3.551	\$	3.518
Capital gain	0.130		0.772
Return of capital	0.649		_
	\$ 4.330	\$	4.290

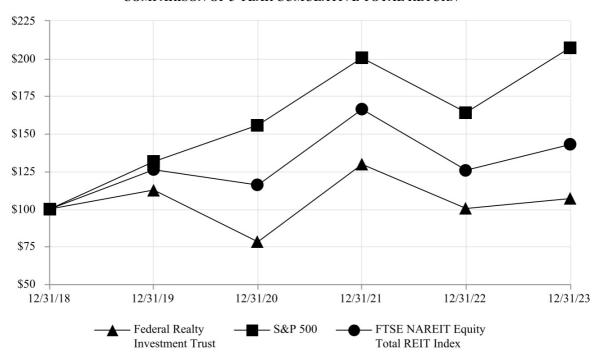
Distributions on our 5.417% Series 1 Cumulative Convertible Preferred Shares were paid at the rate of \$1.354 per share per annum commencing on the issuance date of March 8, 2007. Distributions on our 5.0% Series C Cumulative Redeemable

Preferred Shares were paid at the rate of \$1.250 per depositary share per annum, commencing on the issuance date of September 29, 2017. We do not believe that the preferential rights available to the holders of interest in our preferred shares or the financial covenants contained in our debt agreements had or will have an adverse effect on our ability to pay dividends in the normal course of business to our common shareholders or to distribute amounts necessary to maintain our qualification as a REIT.

Total Stockholder Return Performance

The following performance graph compares the cumulative total shareholder return on Federal Realty's common shares with the S&P 500 Index and the index of equity real estate investment trusts prepared by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT") for the five fiscal years commencing December 31, 2018, and ending December 31, 2023, assuming an investment of \$100 and the reinvestment of all dividends into additional common shares during the holding period. Equity real estate investment trusts are defined as those that derive more than 75% of their income from equity investments in real estate assets. The FTSE NAREIT Equity REIT Total Return Index includes all tax qualified real estate investment trusts listed on the NYSE, NYSE MKT, or the NASDAQ National Market. Stock performance for the past five years is not necessarily indicative of future results.

COMPARISON OF 5-YEAR CUMULATIVE TOTAL RETURN



Recent Sales of Unregistered Shares

Under the terms of various operating partnership agreements of certain of our affiliated limited partnerships, the interest of limited partners in those limited partnerships may be redeemed, subject to certain conditions, for cash or an equivalent number of our common shares, at our option. During the three months ended December 31, 2023, we did not issue any common shares in connection with the redemption of downREIT operating partnership units. Any equity securities sold by us during 2023 that were not registered have been previously reported in a Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Purchases of Equity Securities by the Issuer and Affiliated Purchasers

During 2023, 5,930 restricted common shares were forfeited by former employees.

From time to time, we could be deemed to have repurchased shares as a result of shares withheld for tax purposes upon a stock compensation related vesting event.

ITEM 6. RESERVED

None

ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This section generally discusses 2023 and 2022 items and year-to-year comparisons between 2023 and 2022. Discussions of 2021 items and year-to-year comparisons between 2022 and 2021 that are not included in this Form 10-K can be found in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in Part II, Item 7 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 8, 2023.

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements in this section or elsewhere in this report may be deemed "forward-looking statements". See "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in this report for important information regarding these forward-looking statements and certain risk and uncertainties that may affect us. The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto appearing in "Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data" of this report.

Overview

Federal Realty Investment Trust (the "Parent Company" or the "Trust") is an equity real estate investment trust ("REIT"). Federal Realty OP LP (the "Operating Partnership") is the entity through which the Trust conducts substantially all of its operations and owns substantially all of its assets. The Trust owns 100% of the limited liability company interest of, is sole member of, and exercises exclusive control over Federal Realty GP LLC (the "General Partner"), which in turn, is the sole general partner of the Operating Partnership. Unless stated otherwise or the context otherwise requires, "we," "our," and "us" means the Trust and its business and operations conducted through its directly and indirectly owned subsidiaries, including the Operating Partnership. We specialize in the ownership, management, and redevelopment of high quality retail and mixed-use properties located primarily in communities where we believe demand exceeds supply, in strategically selected metropolitan markets in the Northeast and Mid-Atlantic regions of the United States, California, and South Florida. As of December 31, 2023, we owned or had a majority interest in community and neighborhood shopping centers and mixed-use properties which are operated as 102 predominantly retail real estate projects comprising approximately 26.0 million commercial square feet. In total, the real estate projects were 94.2% leased and 92.2% occupied at December 31, 2023. We have paid quarterly dividends to our shareholders continuously since our founding in 1962 and have increased our dividends per common share for 56 consecutive years.

General Economic Conditions

The heightened levels of inflation, higher interest rates, and the potentially worsening of economic conditions presents risks for our business and our tenants. We continue to monitor and address risks related to the general state of the economy. We believe that the actions we have taken to improve our financial position and maximize our liquidity will continue to mitigate the impact to our cash flow caused by tenants not timely paying contractual rent.

Additional discussion of the impact of current economic conditions on our results and long-term operations can be found throughout Item 7 and Item 1A. Risk Factors.

Corporate Responsibility

We actively endeavor to operate and develop our properties in a sustainable, responsible, and effective manner with the objective being to drive long-term growth and aid in value creation for our shareholders, tenants, employees, and local communities. We have aligned our program and efforts with the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, as described in our ESG Policy and our 2022 Environmental Social and Governance Report, which are provided only for informational purposes on our website and not incorporated by reference herein.

We are committed to implementing sustainable business practices at our operating properties that focus on energy efficiency, water conservation and waste minimization and have established greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions reduction targets in accordance with the Science-Based Targets initiative as well as energy reduction targets. To achieve these targets, we are actively addressing energy efficiency projects on site such as upgrading to LED lighting, procuring green energy, reducing electric consumption, and increasing our onsite solar generation capacity. We have installed on-site solar systems at 26 of our properties with a capacity of 14 MW with more projects actively in progress. We also installed electric vehicle car charging

stations in numerous properties throughout our portfolio. We currently have over 400 charging stations in operation with more under construction.

We also understand that we face risks presented by climate change and are working to evaluate our risk exposure. In our 2022 Sustainability report, we provided a disclosure pursuant to the Task Force on Climate Related Financial Disclosure and we intend to provide that disclosure annually.

We are also highly committed to our employees and fostering a work environment that promotes growth, development and personal well-being. Our four core values are accountability, excellence, innovation and integrity and we seek to attract and retain talented professionals who embrace those values. All of our efforts with respect to corporate responsibility are overseen by our Board of Trustees.

Our development activities have been heavily focused on owning, developing and operating properties that are certified under the U.S. Green Building Council's® ("USGBC") Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design™ (LEED®) rating system which serves as a third-party verification that a building or community was designed and built to mitigate its environmental footprint. We currently have 21 LEED certified buildings and our Pike & Rose project has achieved LEED for Neighborhood Development Stage 3 Gold certification.

Cyber Security

Our chief information officer, who has over 30 years of experience in managing information systems for real estate companies, heads our internal team of technology professionals who are responsible for managing our cybersecurity risks, which includes identifying our primary areas of risk, establishing processes, procedures, and systems to mitigate those risks and identifying and remediating any breaches that may occur. Cybersecurity risk management falls under our general counsel as part of our overall risk management program, which is ultimately overseen by the Audit Committee of the Board of Trustees. Our team is supported by a third party company that we have retained to act as our chief information security officer based on the third party company's experience in preventing cybersecurity incidents, advising clients about appropriate cybersecurity procedures and processes, and assessing the integrity of those procedures and processes. The assessment and management of our cybersecurity risks covers all of our internal systems as well as the systems of third parties who maintain our data.

We rely on our management team's experience in risk management, in consultation with our third party advisor, to appropriately address cybersecurity threats. As part of our processes to manage risks from cybersecurity threats, we have developed and enforce company-wide policies related to password encryption, strength and expiration, we require multi-factor authentication where appropriate, and we conduct regular employee training about our policies and cybersecurity threats. We make use of firewalls, anti-virus software, backups, redundancies, regular penetration testing, and our systems monitor and flag irregularities in how our information systems are accessed or used. Any known cybersecurity incidents would be reported by our chief information officer to our general counsel and disclosure committee for evaluation and remediation, and for a determination of how we might develop further security systems and procedures to address evolving cybersecurity threats. Management provides written and verbal updates to the Audit Committee at least quarterly identifying our primary areas of risk, actions taken or planned to be taken to mitigate those risks, and specific activities undertaken during the quarter, including employee training and the results of that training. Management would also provide updates to seek oversight from the Audit Committee on an ad hoc basis in connection with any material cybersecurity incident, should one occur.

We have not experienced any cybersecurity incident that has had a material impact on our business strategy, results of operations, or financial condition. For more information, see Item 1A. Risk Factors ("We face risks relating to cybersecurity threats that could cause loss of confidential information and other business distributions").

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, referred to as "GAAP", requires management to make estimates and assumptions that in certain circumstances affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and revenues and expenses. These estimates are prepared using management's best judgment, after considering past and current events and economic conditions. In addition, information relied upon by management in preparing such estimates includes internally generated financial and operating information, external market information, when available, and when necessary, information obtained from consultations with third party experts. Actual results could differ from these estimates. A discussion of possible risks which may affect these estimates is included in "Item 1A. Risk Factors" of this report. Management considers an accounting estimate to be critical if changes in the estimate could have a material impact on our consolidated results of operations or financial condition.

Our significant accounting policies are more fully described in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements; however, the most critical accounting policies, which are most important to the portrayal of our financial condition and results of operations, and involve the use of complex estimates and significant assumptions as to future uncertainties and, therefore, may result in actual amounts that differ from estimates, are as follows:

Collectibility of Lease Income

Our leases with our tenants are classified as operating leases. When collection of substantially all lease payments during the lease term is considered probable, the lease qualifies for accrual accounting. When collection of substantially all lease payments during the lease term is not considered probable, total lease revenue is limited to the lesser of revenue recognized under accrual accounting or cash received. Determining the probability of collection of substantially all lease payments during a lease term requires significant judgment. This determination is impacted by numerous factors including our assessment of the tenant's credit worthiness, economic conditions, tenant sales productivity in that location, historical experience with the tenant and tenants operating in the same industry, future prospects for the tenant and the industry in which it operates, and the length of the lease term. If leases currently classified as probable are subsequently reclassified as not probable, any outstanding lease receivables (including straight-line rent receivables) would be written-off with a corresponding decrease in rental income. For example, in the event that our collectibility determinations were not accurate and we were required to write off additional receivables equaling 1% of rental income, our rental income and net income would decrease by \$11.3 million. If leases currently classified as not probable are subsequently changed to probable, any lease receivables (including straight-line rent receivables) are reinstated with a corresponding increase to rental income.

Our collectibility related adjustments for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 resulted in a decrease to rental income of \$0.4 million and an increase to rental income of \$4.1 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the revenue from approximately 28% and 31% of our tenants (based on total commercial leases), respectively, is being recognized on a cash basis. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, our straight-line rent receivables balance was \$138.4 million and \$126.6 million, respectively, and is included in "accounts and notes receivable, net" on our consolidated balance sheet.

Real Estate Acquisitions

Upon acquisition of operating real estate properties, we estimate the fair value of assets and liabilities acquired including land, building, improvements, leasing costs, intangibles such as acquired leases, assumed debt, and current assets and liabilities, if any. Based on these estimates, we allocate the purchase price to the applicable assets and liabilities. We utilize methods similar to those used by independent appraisers in estimating the fair value of acquired assets and liabilities. The value allocated to acquired leases is amortized over the related lease term and reflected as rental income in the statement of operations. We consider qualitative and quantitative factors in evaluating the likelihood of a tenant exercising a below market renewal option and include such renewal options in the calculation of in-place lease value when we consider these to be bargain renewal options. If the value of below market lease intangibles includes renewal option periods, we include such renewal periods in the amortization period utilized. If a tenant vacates its space prior to contractual termination of its lease, the unamortized balance of any acquired lease value is written off to rental income.

During 2022 and 2023, we acquired properties included in our consolidated financial statements with a total purchase price of \$509.1 million. \$3.4 million, or 1% of the total purchase price was allocated to above market lease assets and \$39.9 million, or 8% was allocated to below market lease liabilities. If the amounts allocated in 2022 and 2023 to below market lease liabilities and building assets were each reduced by 5% of the total purchase price, annual below market lease liability amortization increasing rental income would decrease by approximately \$2.2 million (using the weighted average life of below market liabilities at each respective acquired property) and annual depreciation expense would decrease by approximately \$0.7 million (using a depreciable life of 35 years).

Long-Lived Assets and Impairment

There are estimates and assumptions made by management in preparing the consolidated financial statements for which the actual results will be determined over long periods of time. This includes the recoverability of long-lived assets, including our properties that have been acquired or redeveloped and our investment in certain joint ventures. Management's evaluation of impairment includes review for possible indicators of impairment as well as, in certain circumstances, undiscounted and discounted cash flow analysis. Since most of our investments in real estate are wholly-owned or controlled assets which are held for use, a property with impairment indicators is first tested for impairment by comparing the undiscounted cash flows, taking into account the anticipated hold period, including residual value, to the current net book value of the property. If the undiscounted cash flows are less than the net book value, the property is written down to expected fair value.

The calculation of both discounted and undiscounted cash flows requires management to make estimates of future cash flows including revenues, operating expenses, required maintenance and development expenditures, market conditions, demand for

space by tenants and rental rates over long periods. Because our properties typically have a long life, the assumptions used to estimate the future recoverability of book value requires significant management judgment. We are also required to estimate the anticipated hold period. A change in the expected holding period from a long term hold to a short term would cause a significant change in the undiscounted cash flows and could result in an impairment charge. Actual results could be significantly different from the estimates. These estimates have a direct impact on net income, because recording an impairment charge results in a negative adjustment to net income.

Recently Adopted and Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements.

2023 Acquisitions and Dispositions

On January 31, 2023, we acquired the 168,000 square foot portion of Huntington Square shopping center that was not previously owned, as well as the fee interest in the land underneath the portion of the shopping center which we controlled under a long-term ground lease for \$35.5 million. As a result of this transaction, we now own the entire fee interest in this 243,000 square foot property and the "operating lease right of use assets, net" on our consolidated balance sheet decreased by \$5.3 million. Approximately \$4.1 million and \$1.3 million of net assets acquired were allocated to other assets for "acquired lease costs" and "above market leases," respectively.

On May 26, 2023, we exercised our option and acquired the 22.3% tenancy in common ("TIC") interest from our co-owner at Escondido Promenade for \$30.5 million, bringing our ownership interest to 100%. As a result of the transaction, we gained control of this property, and effective May 26, 2023, we have consolidated this property. Approximately \$1.8 million and \$0.2 million of net assets associated with the 22.3% interest acquired were allocated to other assets for "acquired lease costs" and "above market leases," respectively, and \$1.1 million of net assets associated with the 22.3% interest acquired were allocated to other liabilities for "below market leases."

On October 12, 2023, we acquired the fee interest under a portion of our Mercer on One (formerly Mercer Mall) shopping center for \$55.0 million pursuant to the purchase option included in the master lease. As a result of this transaction, "finance lease right of use assets, net" of \$37.8 million were allocated to "operating real estate" and "finance lease liabilities" decreased by \$55.0 million.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, we sold one retail property and one portion of a property for sales prices totaling \$30.4 million, resulting in net gains totaling approximately \$9.7 million.

2023 Significant Debt and Equity Transactions

For the three months ended December 31, 2023, we sold 1,220,842 common shares (of which, 62,895 settled on January 2, 2024) at a weighted average price per share of \$101.30 for net cash proceeds of \$122.4 million including paying \$1.2 million in commissions and \$0.1 million in additional operating expenses related to the sales of these common shares. For the year ended December 31, 2023, we sold 1,372,889 common shares (of which, 62,895 settled on January 2, 2024) at a weighted average price per share of \$101.89 for net cash proceeds of \$138.3 million including paying \$1.4 million in commissions and \$0.2 million in additional offering expenses related to the sales of these common shares. As of December 31, 2023, we had the capacity to issue up to \$312.1 million in common shares under our ATM equity program.

On April 12, 2023, we issued \$350.0 million of fixed rate senior unsecured notes that mature on May 1, 2028 and bear interest at 5.375%. The notes were offered at 99.590% of the principal amount with a yield to maturity of 5.468%. The net proceeds, after issuance discount, underwriting fees, and other costs were \$345.7 million. The net proceeds of these notes, or "green bonds," will be allocated to the financing and refinancing of recently completed and future eligible green projects, which includes (i) investments in acquisitions of buildings; (ii) building developments or redevelopments; (iii) renovations in existing buildings; and (iv) tenant improvement projects, in each case that have received, or are expected to receive, in the three years prior to the issuance of the notes or during the term of the notes, a LEED Gold or Platinum certification (or environmentally equivalent successor standards). Net proceeds will be available for repayment of indebtedness, or may be invested in short-term income-producing investments or may be used to temporarily repay current and/or future amounts outstanding under our revolving credit facility.

Effective May 4, 2023, our Declaration of Trust was amended to increase the number of authorized common shares of beneficial interest to 200,000,000.

On June 1, 2023, we repaid our \$275.0 million 2.75% senior unsecured notes at maturity.

On December 28, 2023, one of our wholly-owned subsidiaries entered into a \$200.0 million mortgage loan, which bears interest at SOFR, plus a 95 basis point spread, matures on December 28, 2025, plus two one-year extensions, at our option, and is

secured by our Bethesda Row property. The interest rate is effectively fixed at 5.03% through the initial maturity date, as a result of three interest rate swap agreements. Our net proceeds were \$199.1 million, after debt issuance costs. Our subsidiary's obligations under the mortgage loan are guaranteed by the Operating Partnership.

2024 Significant Debt Transactions

On January 11, 2024, our Operating Partnership issued \$485.0 million aggregate principal amount of 3.25% Exchangeable Senior Notes (the "Notes") that mature on January 15, 2029, unless earlier exchanged, purchased or redeemed. On or after July 15, 2028, the Notes will be exchangeable for cash up to the principal amount of the Notes and, if applicable, cash, common shares of the Trust, or a combination thereof at our option, in respect of the remainder, if any, of the exchange obligation in excess of the principal amount. The exchange rate initially equals 8.1436 common shares per \$1,000 principal amount of the Notes (equivalent to an exchange price of approximately \$122.80 per common share). Net proceeds after the initial purchaser's discount and estimated offering costs were approximately \$471 million.

In connection with the Notes, we entered into privately negotiated capped call transactions with certain of the initial purchasers of the notes or their affiliates or other financial institutions. The capped call transactions cover, subject to customary adjustments, the number of our common shares that initially underlie the Notes. The capped call transactions are expected generally to reduce the potential dilution to our common shares upon exchange of any Notes and/or offset any cash payments we are required to make in excess of the principal amount of the Notes, with such reduction and/or offset subject to a cap. The cap price of the capped call transaction initially is approximately \$143.26 per share, which represents a premium of approximately 40% over the last reported sale price of our common shares of \$102.33 on the New York Stock Exchange on January 8, 2024, and is subject to certain adjustments under the terms of the capped call transactions. A portion of the proceeds from the Notes were used to pay the capped call premium of \$19.4 million, which will be recorded in shareholders' equity for the Trust and capital for the Operating Partnership.

On January 16, 2024, we repaid the \$600.0 million 3.95% senior unsecured notes at maturity.

Capitalized Costs

Certain external and internal costs directly related to the development, redevelopment and leasing of real estate, including pre-construction costs, real estate taxes, insurance, and construction costs and salaries and related costs of personnel directly involved, are capitalized. We capitalized external and internal costs related to both development and redevelopment activities of \$183 million and \$10 million, respectively, for 2023 and \$278 million and \$11 million, respectively, for 2022. We capitalized external and internal costs related to other property improvements of \$91 million and \$4 million, respectively, for 2023 and \$111 million and \$4 million, respectively, for 2022. We capitalized external and internal costs related to leasing activities of \$20 million and \$3 million, respectively, for 2023 and \$18 million and \$4 million, respectively, for 2022. The amount of capitalized internal costs for salaries and related benefits for development and redevelopment activities, other property improvements, and leasing activities were \$9 million, \$4 million, and \$3 million, respectively, for 2023 and \$10 million, \$3 million, and \$4 million, respectively, for 2022. Total capitalized costs were \$312 million for 2023 and \$425 million for 2022, respectively.

Outlook

Our long-term growth strategy is focused on growth in earnings, funds from operations, and cash flows primarily through a combination of the following:

- growth in our comparable property portfolio,
- growth in our portfolio from property redevelopments and expansions, and
- expansion of our portfolio through property acquisitions.

Although general economic impacts of elevated levels of inflation and rising interest rates are impacting us in the short-term, our long-term focus has not changed.

Our comparable property growth is primarily driven by increases in rental rates on new leases and lease renewals, changes in portfolio occupancy, and the redevelopment of those assets. Over the long-term, the infill nature and strong demographics of our properties provide a strategic advantage allowing us to maintain relatively high occupancy and generally increase rental rates. We continue to experience strong demand for our commercial space as evidenced by the 2.0 million square feet of comparable space leasing we've completed in 2023, and the 2.0% spread between our leased rate of 94.2% and our occupied rate of 92.2%. During 2023, we have seen an uptick in tenants filing for bankruptcy compared to the prior two years. As a result, approximately 290,000 square feet of anchor space became vacant during the second half of 2023, of which, approximately 38,000 is leased to a replacement tenant. This will negatively impact our occupancy and net income in the short term, however, we expect to be able to re-lease the space at similar or better aggregate rents over the next several quarters, and

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we are actively in negotiations with replacement tenants. Additionally, the effects of high levels of inflation and rising interest rates continue to negatively impact our business with the largest impacts being higher interest costs, increased material costs, and higher operating costs. We continue to see impacts of increased costs for certain construction and other materials that support our development and redevelopment activities. Worsening supply chain disruptions could also result in extended time frames and/or increased costs for completion of our projects and tenant build-outs, which could delay the commencement of rent payments under new leases. Similarly, if our tenants experience significant disruptions in supply chains supporting their own products, staffing issues due to labor shortages, or are otherwise impacted by worsening economic conditions, their ability to pay rent may be adversely affected. We continue to monitor these macroeconomic developments and are working with our tenants and our vendors to limit the overall impact to our business.

We believe the locations and nature of our centers and diverse tenant base partially mitigates any potential negative changes in the economic environment. However, any significant reduction in our tenants' abilities to pay base rent, percentage rent or other charges, will adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations. We seek to maintain a mix of strong national, regional, and local retailers. At December 31, 2023, no single tenant accounted for more than 2.7% of annualized base rent.

We continue to have several development projects in process being delivered as follows:

- Phase IV at Pike & Rose is a 276,000 square foot office building (which includes 10,000 square feet of ground floor retail space). Approximately 172,000 square feet of the office space is leased to two tenants, and approximately 8,000 square feet of retail is leased. The building is expected to cost between \$185 million and \$200 million, and began delivering in late September 2023. As of December 31, 2023, approximately 109,000 square feet of office space is open.
- Construction on Santana West includes an eight story 376,000 square foot office building, which is expected to cost between \$315 million and \$330 million. Approximately 29,000 square feet of space is leased as of December 31, 2023.
- Throughout the portfolio, we currently have redevelopment projects underway with a projected total cost of approximately \$321 million that we expect to stabilize over the next several years.

The above includes our best estimates based on information currently known, however, the completion of construction, final costs, and the timing of leasing and openings may be further impacted by the current environment including the duration and severity of the economic impacts of broader, as well as local, economic conditions, inflation, higher interest rates, and higher operating costs.

The development of future phases of Assembly Row, Pike & Rose, Santana Row, and other properties will be pursued opportunistically based on, among other things, market conditions, tenant demand, and our evaluation of whether those phases will generate an appropriate financial return.

We continue to review acquisition opportunities that complement our portfolio and provide long-term growth opportunities. Initially, some of our acquisitions do not contribute significantly to earnings growth; however, we believe they provide long-term re-leasing growth, redevelopment opportunities, and other strategic opportunities. Any growth from acquisitions is contingent on our ability to find properties that meet our qualitative standards at prices that meet our financial hurdles. Changes in interest rates may affect our success in achieving earnings growth through acquisitions by affecting both the price that must be paid to acquire a property, as well as our ability to economically finance the property acquisition. Generally, our acquisitions are initially financed by available cash and/or borrowings under our revolving credit facility which may be repaid later with funds raised through the issuance of new equity or new long-term debt. We may also finance our acquisitions through the issuance of common shares, preferred shares, or units in the Operating Partnership, as well as through assumed mortgages and property sales.

At December 31, 2023, the leasable commercial square feet in our properties was 94.2% leased and 92.2% occupied. The leased rate is higher than the occupied rate due to leased spaces that are being redeveloped or improved or that are awaiting permits and, therefore, are not yet ready to be occupied. Our occupancy and leased rates are subject to variability over time due to factors including acquisitions, the timing of the start and stabilization of our redevelopment projects, lease expirations and tenant closings and bankruptcies.

Comparable Properties

Throughout this section, we have provided certain information on a "comparable property" basis. Information provided on a comparable property basis includes the results of properties that we owned and operated for the entirety of both periods being compared except for properties that are currently under development or are being repositioned for significant redevelopment and investment. For the year ended December 31, 2023 and the comparison of 2023 and 2022, all or a portion of 94 properties, were considered comparable properties and eight were considered non-comparable properties. For the year ended December 31, 2023, one property was moved from comparable properties to non-comparable properties, four properties and one portion of a

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property were moved from acquisitions to comparable properties, and one property and one portion of a property were removed from comparable properties, as they were sold, compared to the designations as of December 31, 2022. While there is judgment surrounding changes in designations, we typically move non-comparable properties to comparable properties once they have stabilized, which is typically considered 90% physical occupancy or when the growth expected from the redevelopment has been included in the comparable periods. We typically remove properties from comparable properties when the repositioning of the asset has commenced and has or is expected to have a significant impact to property operating income within the calendar year. Acquisitions are moved to comparable properties once we have owned the property for the entirety of comparable periods and the property is not under development or being repositioned for significant redevelopment and investment.

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 COMPARED TO YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

			Char	nge
	2023	2022	Dollars	%
		(Dollar amount	s in thousands)	
Rental income	\$ 1,131,041	\$ 1,073,292	\$ 57,749	5.4 %
Mortgage interest income	 1,113	1,086	27	2.5 %
Total property revenue	1,132,154	1,074,378	57,776	5.4 %
Rental expenses	231,666	228,958	2,708	1.2 %
Real estate taxes	131,429	127,824	3,605	2.8 %
Total property expenses	363,095	356,782	6,313	1.8 %
Property operating income (1)	 769,059	717,596	51,463	7.2 %
General and administrative expense	(50,707)	(52,636)	1,929	(3.7)%
Depreciation and amortization	(321,763)	(302,409)	(19,354)	6.4 %
Gain on deconsolidation of VIE		70,374	(70,374)	(100.0)%
Gain on sale of real estate	 9,881	93,483	(83,602)	(89.4)%
Operating income	 406,470	526,408	(119,938)	(22.8)%
Other interest income	4,687	1,072	3,615	337.2 %
Interest expense	(167,809)	(136,989)	(30,820)	22.5 %
Income from partnerships	 3,869	5,170	(1,301)	(25.2)%
Total other, net	(159,253)	(130,747)	(28,506)	21.8 %
Net income	 247,217	395,661	(148,444)	(37.5)%
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(10,232)	(10,170)	(62)	0.6 %
Net income attributable to the Trust	\$ 236,985	\$ 385,491	\$ (148,506)	(38.5)%

(1) Property operating income is a non-GAAP measure that consists of rental income and mortgage interest income, less rental expenses and real estate taxes. This measure is used internally to evaluate the performance of property operations to the previous period and we consider it be a significant measure. We believe that property operating income is useful to investors in measuring the operating performance of our property portfolio because the definition excludes various items included in operating income that do not relate to, or are not indicative of, the operating performance of our properties, such as general and administrative expenses and depreciation and amortization, and allows us to isolate disparities in operating income caused by acquisitions, dispositions, and stabilization of properties. Property operating income may, therefore, provide a more consistent metric for comparing the operating performance of our real estate between periods. Property operating income should not be considered an alternative measure of operating results or cash flow from operations as determined in accordance with GAAP. The reconciliation of operating income to property operating income for 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

		2023		2022
	(in thousands)			_
Operating income	\$	406,470	\$	526,408
General and administrative		50,707		52,636
Depreciation and amortization		321,763		302,409
Gain on deconsolidation of VIE		_		(70,374)
Gain on sale of real estate		(9,881)		(93,483)
Property operating income	\$	769,059	\$	717,596

Property Revenues

Total property revenue increased \$57.8 million, or 5.4%, to \$1.13 billion in 2023 compared to \$1.07 billion in 2022. The percentage occupied at our shopping centers was 92.2% at December 31, 2023 compared to 92.8% at December 31, 2022. Changes in the components of property revenue are discussed below.

Rental Income

Rental income consists primarily of minimum rent, cost reimbursements from tenants and percentage rent, and is net of collectibility related adjustments. Rental income increased \$57.7 million, or 5.4%, to \$1.13 billion in 2023 compared to \$1.07 billion in 2022 due primarily to the following:

- an increase of \$25.4 million from 2022 and 2023 acquisitions,
- an increase of \$23.3 million from comparable properties primarily related to higher rental rates of approximately \$16.4 million, higher average occupancy of approximately \$5.5 million, and a \$5.1 million increase in recoveries from tenants, partially offset by a \$2.9 million increase in collectibility related adjustments and a \$2.7 million decrease in lease termination fee income,
- an increase of \$19.2 million from non-comparable properties primarily driven by occupancy increases at Assembly Row Phase III, Darien Commons, Pike & Rose Phases III & IV, and CocoWalk, partially offset by redevelopment related occupancy decreases at Friendship Center, and
- an increase of \$2.8 million from higher demand at our Pike & Rose hotel,

partially offset by

• a decrease of \$13.0 million from property sales.

Property Expenses

Total property expenses increased \$6.3 million, or 1.8%, to \$363.1 million in 2023 compared to \$356.8 million in 2022. Changes in the components of property expenses are discussed below.

Rental Expenses

Rental expenses increased \$2.7 million, or 1.2%, to \$231.7 million in 2023 compared to \$229.0 million in 2022. This increase is primarily due to the following:

- an increase of \$4.4 million from 2022 and 2023 acquisitions.
- an increase of \$1.6 million from comparable properties due primarily to higher repairs and maintenance costs and other operating costs driven by inflationary impacts, higher insurance costs and utilities, and an increase in management fees on higher revenues, partially offset by lower snow removal costs,
- an increase of \$0.9 million from non-comparable properties driven by openings at Darien Commons, CocoWalk, and Assembly Row Phase III, partially offset by lower costs associated with the redevelopment of Huntington Shopping Center, and
- an increase of \$0.7 million in operating expenses at our Pike & Rose hotel as a result of higher occupancy,

partially offset by

• a decrease of \$5.1 million from property sales.

As a result of the changes in rental income and rental expenses as discussed above, rental expenses as a percentage of rental income decreased to 20.5% for the year ended December 31, 2023 from 21.3% for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Real Estate Taxes

Real estate tax expense increased \$3.6 million, or 2.8% to \$131.4 million in 2023 compared to \$127.8 million in 2022 due primarily to the following:

- an increase of \$4.1 million from 2022 and 2023 acquisitions, and
- an increase of \$0.8 million from comparable properties due to higher assessments partially offset by successful tax appeals,

partially offset by

• a decrease of \$1.5 million from our property sales.

Property Operating Income

Property operating income increased \$51.5 million, or 7.2%, to \$769.1 million in 2023 compared to \$717.6 million in 2022. This increase is primarily driven by higher rental rates and occupancy, the 2022 and 2023 openings at our non-comparable properties, and 2022 and 2023 acquisitions, partially offset by property sales.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$19.4 million, or 6.4%, to \$321.8 million in 2023 from \$302.4 million in 2022. This increase is due primarily to property acquisitions, our investment in comparable properties, placing redevelopment properties into service, and the reconsolidation of Escondido Promenade during the second quarter of 2023, partially offset by 2022 property sales.

Gain on Deconsolidation of VIE

The \$70.4 million gain on deconsolidation of VIE for the year ended December 31, 2022 is the result of the deconsolidation of Escondido Promenade during the third quarter of 2022 (see Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements for additional information).

Gain on Sale of Real Estate

The \$9.9 million gain on sale of real estate for the year ended December 31, 2023 is due primarily to the sale of one retail property and one portion of a property (see Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements for additional information).

The \$93.5 million gain on sale of real estate for the year ended December 31, 2022 is due primarily to a net gain of \$84.1 million from the sale of two residential properties (including an adjacent retail pad), one retail property, and one parcel of land (see Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements for additional information), and a \$9.3 million gain related to the reduction of our liability for estimated condemnation and transaction costs associated with the sale under threat of condemnation in December 2019 at San Antonio Center.

Operating Income

Operating income decreased \$119.9 million, or 22.8%, to \$406.5 million in 2023 compared to \$526.4 million in 2022. This decrease is primarily driven by lower gains on sale of real estate, the prior year gain on the deconsolidation of a VIE, and property sales, partially offset by higher rental rates and occupancy, 2022 and 2023 acquisitions, and the 2022 and 2023 openings at our non-comparable properties.

Other

Other Interest Income

Other interest income increased \$3.6 million, or 337.2%, to \$4.7 million in 2023 compared to \$1.1 million in 2022. This increase is primarily driven by interest earned on the proceeds of our April 2023 senior unsecured note issuance until the June 1, 2023 payoff of our 2.75% senior unsecured notes and higher interest earned on cash balances.

Interest Expense

Interest expense increased \$30.8 million, or 22.5%, to \$167.8 million in 2023 compared to \$137.0 million in 2022. This increase is due primarily to the following:

- an increase of \$25.4 million due to a higher overall weighted average borrowing rate, and
- an increase of \$9.3 million due to higher weighted average borrowings,

partially offset by

• an increase of \$3.9 million in capitalized interest.

Gross interest costs were \$190.4 million and \$155.7 million in 2023 and 2022, respectively. Capitalized interest was \$22.6 million and \$18.7 million in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Income from Partnerships

Income from partnerships decreased \$1.3 million or 25.2% to \$3.9 million in 2023 compared to \$5.2 million in 2022. This decrease is primarily driven by lower income at our restaurant joint ventures largely attributable to higher forgiveness of certain loans in the prior year.

Discussions of year-to-year comparisons between 2022 and 2021 can be found in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in Part II, Item 7 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 8, 2023.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Due to the nature of our business and strategy, we typically generate significant amounts of cash from operations which is largely paid to our common and preferred shareholders in the form of dividends because as a REIT, the Trust is generally required to make annual distributions to shareholders of at least 90% of our taxable income (cash dividends paid in 2023 were approximately \$360.9 million). Remaining cash flow from operations after regular debt service requirements (including debt service relating to additional or replacement debt, as well as scheduled debt maturities) and dividend payments is used to fund recurring and non-recurring capital projects (such as tenant improvements and redevelopments). We maintain an unsecured \$1.25 billion revolving credit facility to fund short term cash flow needs and also look to the public and private debt and equity markets, joint venture relationships, and property dispositions to fund capital expenditures on a long-term basis.

On April 12, 2023, we issued \$350.0 million of 5.375% senior unsecured notes, on December 28, 2023, we entered into a \$200.0 million secured loan that bears interest at 5.03% through the initial maturity date, and on January 11, 2024, we issued \$485.0 million of 3.25% exchangeable senior unsecured notes. We also raised \$138.3 million from sales of common shares under our ATM equity program. We repaid \$275.0 million of 2.75% senior unsecured notes at maturity on June 1, 2023, repaid \$600.0 million of 3.95% unsecured notes at maturity on January 16, 2024, and extended the maturity of our \$600.0 million term loan to April 2025 (with an additional one year extension at our option still available to further extend the loan to April 2026). For the remainder of 2024, we have no additional debt maturing.

As of December 31, 2023, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$250.8 million and no balance outstanding on our \$1.25 billion unsecured revolving credit facility. For the year ended 2023, the weighted average amount of borrowings outstanding on our revolving credit facility was \$44.7 million, and the weighted average interest rate, before amortization of debt fees, was 5.9%. We also have the capacity to issue up to \$312.1 million in common shares under the ATM program.

Our overall capital requirements during 2024 will be impacted by the overall economic environment including impacts of inflation, higher interest rates, and a potential recession, as well as acquisition opportunities and the level and general timing of our redevelopment and development activities. We currently have development and redevelopment projects in various stages of construction with remaining costs of \$250 million. We expect to incur the majority of those costs in the next two years. We expect overall capital costs to be at levels slightly reduced from 2023 as we complete current redevelopment projects, prepare vacant space for new tenants, and complete the current phase and prepare for the next phase of our larger mixed use development projects.

We believe cash flow from operations, the cash on our balance sheet, and our \$1.25 billion revolving credit facility will allow us to continue to operate our business in the short-term. Given our ability to access the capital markets, we also expect debt or equity to be available to us, although newly issued debt would likely be at higher interest rates than we currently have outstanding. We also have the ability to delay the timing of certain development and redevelopment projects as well as limit future acquisitions, reduce our operating expenditures, or re-evaluate our dividend policy. We expect these sources of liquidity and opportunities for operating flexibility to allow us to meet our financial obligations over the long term. We intend to operate with and to maintain our long term commitment to a conservative capital structure that will allow us to maintain strong debt service coverage and fixed-charge coverage ratios as part of our commitment to investment-grade debt ratings.

Summary of Cash Flows

	Year Ended December 31,					
		2023 2022		2022		Change
	(In thousands)					
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	555,830	\$	516,769	\$	39,061
Net cash used in investing activities		(358,325)		(785,998)		427,673
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities		(33,849)		190,414		(224,263)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		163,656		(78,815)		242,471
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, beginning of year		96,348		175,163		(78,815)
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, end of year	\$	260,004	\$	96,348	\$	163,656

Net cash provided by operating activities increased \$39.1 million to \$555.8 million during 2023 from \$516.8 million during 2022. The increase was primarily attributable to higher net income after adjusting for non-cash items and gains on sale of real estate, as well as higher collections related to year end recovery billings.

Net cash used in investing activities decreased \$427.7 million to \$358.3 million during 2023 from \$786.0 million during 2022. The decrease was primarily attributable to:

- a \$377.9 million decrease in acquisition of real estate primarily due to the January 2023 Huntington Square acquisition and the acquisition of our partner's 22.3% TIC interest in Escondido Promenade (see Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements for additional information), as compared to 2022 property acquisitions,
- a \$105.6 million decrease in net capital expenditures,
- a \$23.2 million decrease in investment in partnerships, resulting from the 2022 acquisition of a 47.5% net interest in an unconsolidated joint venture that owns two shopping centers (see Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements for additional information), and
- \$16.7 million decrease in costs paid relating to the partial sale under threat of condemnation at San Antonio Center in 2019,

partially offset by,

• a \$105.3 million decrease in net proceeds from the sale of real estate primarily due to \$28.5 million of net proceeds from the sale of one retail property and one portion of a property during 2023, as compared to \$133.7 million of net proceeds from the sale of two residential properties (one included an adjacent retail pad), one retail property, one parcel of land, and one portion of a property during 2022.

Net cash provided by financing activities decreased \$224.3 million to \$33.8 million used during 2023 from \$190.4 million provided during 2022. The decrease was primarily attributable to:

- \$298.6 million in net proceeds from our unsecured term loan in October 2022,
- \$275.0 million from the June 2023 repayment of our \$275.0 million 2.75% senior unsecured notes,
- a \$175.4 million decrease in net proceeds from the issuance of common shares primarily related to issuances under our ATM program for net proceeds of \$131.7 million and \$306.8 million, respectively, during 2023 and 2022,
- a \$39.0 million increase in repayment of mortgages, finance leases, and notes payable primarily due to the October 2023 finance lease buyout for \$55.0 million (see Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements for additional information), as compared to the \$16.1 million mortgage loan repayment on one of the buildings at our Hoboken property in June 2022, and
- an \$11.9 million increase in dividends paid to common and preferred shareholders due to an increase in the number of outstanding shares, as well as an increase to the common share dividend rate,

partially offset by,

- \$345.7 million in net proceeds from the issuance of \$350.0 million of 5.375% senior unsecured notes in April 2023,
- \$199.2 million in net proceeds from the mortgage loan secured by our Bethesda Row property, which was entered into in December 2023,
 and
- a \$23.3 million decrease in distributions to and redemptions of noncontrolling interests primarily related to the July 2022 acquisition of the redeemable noncontrolling interest in the partnership that owns the Plaza El Segundo shopping center for \$23.6 million.

Cash Paguiraments by Pariod

Cash Requirements

The following table provides a summary of material cash requirements comprising our fixed, noncancelable obligations as of December 31, 2023:

Cash Requirements by Ferrou					
	Total	N	lext Twelve Months	Gı	reater than Twelve Months
			(In thousands)		
\$	4,615,731	\$	1,203,936	\$	3,411,795
	63,435		968		62,467
	292,742		6,532		286,210
	168,383		163,842		4,541
	9,713		_		9,713
\$	5,150,004	\$	1,375,278	\$	3,774,726
	\$	Total \$ 4,615,731 63,435 292,742 168,383 9,713	Total N \$ 4,615,731 \$ 63,435 292,742 168,383 9,713	Total Next Twelve Months (In thousands) \$ 4,615,731 \$ 1,203,936 63,435 968 292,742 6,532 168,383 163,842 9,713 —	Total Next Twelve Months (In thousands) \$ 4,615,731 \$ 1,203,936 \$ 63,435 968 292,742 6,532 168,383 163,842 9,713 —

- (1) The weighted average interest rate on our fixed and variable rate debt is 4.1% as of December 31, 2023. Of the \$1.2 billion of debt maturing in the next twelve months as of December 31, 2023, \$600.0 million was repaid at maturity in January 2024 and an additional \$600.0 million related to our term loan was extended one year to April 2025.
- (2) The weighted average interest rate on the fixed and variable rate debt related to our unconsolidated real estate partnerships is 4.36% as of December 31, 2023.
- (3) This includes minimum rental payments related to both finance and operating leases.
- (4) This includes the liability related to the sale under threat of condemnation at San Antonio Center as further discussed in Note 7 to the consolidated financial statements.

In addition to the amounts set forth in the table above and other liquidity requirements previously discussed, the following potential commitments exist:

- (a) Under the terms of the Congressional Plaza partnership agreement, a minority partner has the right to require us and the other minority partner to purchase its 26.63% interest in Congressional Plaza at the interest's then-current fair market value. If the other minority partner defaults in their obligation, we must purchase the full interest. Based on management's current estimate of fair market value as of December 31, 2023, our estimated liability upon exercise of the put option would range from approximately \$66 million to \$69 million.
- (b) Under the terms of various other partnership agreements, the partners have the right to exchange their operating partnership units for cash or the same number of our common shares, at our option. As of December 31, 2023, a total of 635,431 downREIT operating partnership units are outstanding.
- (c) The other member in The Grove at Shrewsbury and Brook 35 has the right to require us to purchase all of its approximately 4.1% interest in The Grove at Shrewsbury and approximately 6.5% interest in Brook 35 at the interests' then-current fair market value. Based on management's current estimate of fair market value as of December 31, 2023, our estimated maximum liability upon exercise of the put option would range from \$6 million to \$7 million.
- (d) The other member in Hoboken has the right to require us to purchase all of its 10% ownership interest at the interest's then-current fair market value. Based on management's current estimate of fair market value as of December 31, 2023, our estimated maximum liability upon exercise of the put option would range from \$10 million to \$11 million.
- (e) Effective June 14, 2026, the other member in Camelback Colonnade and Hilton Village has the right to require us to purchase all of its 2.0% ownership interest at the interest's then-current fair market value. Based on management's current estimate of fair value as of December 31, 2023, our estimated maximum liability upon exercise of the put option would range from \$4 million to \$5 million.
- (f) Effective October 6, 2027, the other member in the partnership that owns equity method investments in Chandler Festival and Chandler Gateway has the right to require us to purchase its 2.5% net ownership interest. Based on management's current estimate of fair value as of December 31, 2023, our estimated maximum liability upon exercise of the put option would range from \$1 million and \$2 million.
- (g) Effective June 1, 2029, the other member in Grossmont Center has the right to require us to purchase all of its 40.0% ownership interest at the interest's then-current fair market value. Based on management's current estimate of fair value as of December 31, 2023, our estimated maximum liability upon exercise of the put option would range from \$68 million to \$73 million.
 - (h) At December 31, 2023, we had letters of credit outstanding of approximately \$6.5 million.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

At December 31, 2023, we have four real estate related equity method investments with total debt outstanding of \$153.3 million, of which our share is \$63.4 million. Our investment in these ventures at December 31, 2023 was \$30.9 million.

Other than the items disclosed in the Cash Requirements table, we have no off-balance sheet arrangements as of December 31, 2023 that are reasonably likely to have a current or future material effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, cash requirements, or capital resources.

Debt Financing Arrangements

The following is a summary of our total debt outstanding as of December 31, 2023:

Description of Debt	Original Debt Issued	Principal Balance as of December 31, 2023	Stated Interest Rate as of December 31, 2023	Maturity Date
	(Dollar	rs in thousands)	<u> </u>	·
Mortgages payable				
Secured fixed rate				
Azalea	Acquired	\$ 40,000	3.73 %	November 1, 2025
Bethesda Row (1)	200,000	200,000	SOFR + 0.95%	December 28, 2025
Bell Gardens	Acquired	11,531	4.06 %	August 1, 2026
Plaza El Segundo	125,000	125,000	3.83 %	June 5, 2027
The Grove at Shrewsbury (East)	43,600	43,600	3.77 %	September 1, 2027
Brook 35	11,500	11,500	4.65 %	July 1, 2029
Hoboken (24 Buildings) (2)	56,450	53,617	SOFR + 1.95%	December 15, 2029
Various Hoboken (14 Buildings) (3)	Acquired	29,878	Various	Various through 2029
Chelsea	Acquired	4,018	5.36 %	January 15, 2031
Subtotal		519,144		
Net unamortized debt issuance costs and discount		(2,208)		
Total mortgages payable, net		516,936		
Notes payable		<u> </u>		
Term Loan (4)(5)(7)	600,000	600,000	SOFR + 0.85%	April 16, 2024
Revolving credit facility (5) (7)	(6)	· —	SOFR + 0.775%	April 5, 2027
Various	7,749	2,387	Various	Various through 2059
Subtotal		602,387		
Net unamortized debt issuance costs		(442)		
Total notes payable, net		601,945		
Senior notes and debentures (7)				
Unsecured fixed rate				
3.95% notes	600,000	600,000	3.95 %	January 15, 2024
1.25% notes	400,000	400,000	1.25 %	February 15, 2026
7.48% debentures	50,000	29,200	7.48 %	August 15, 2026
3.25% notes	475,000	475,000	3.25 %	July 15, 2027
6.82% medium term notes	40,000	40,000	6.82 %	August 1, 2027
5.375% notes	350,000	350,000	5.375 %	May 1, 2028
3.20% notes	400,000	400,000	3.20 %	June 15, 2029
3.50% notes	400,000	400,000	3.50 %	June 1, 2030
4.50% notes	550,000	550,000	4.50 %	December 1, 2044
3.625% notes	250,000	250,000	3.625 %	August 1, 2046
Subtotal		3,494,200		
Net unamortized debt issuance costs and premium		(13,904)		
Total senior notes and debentures, net		3,480,296		
Total debt, net		\$ 4,599,177		
20002 00000 0000		Ψ 7,377,177		

⁽¹⁾ On December 29, 2023, we entered into three interest rate swap agreements that fix the interest rate on the mortgage loan at a weighted average interest rate of 5.03% through the initial maturity date.

On November 26, 2019, we entered into two interest rate swap agreements that fix the interest rate on the mortgage loan at 3.67%. The reference rate for the mortgage loan and related swaps was amended from LIBOR to SOFR in May 2023. The amendment was effective for interest payments subsequent to July 1, 2023.

⁽³⁾ The interest rates on these mortgages range from 3.91% to 5.00%.

⁽⁴⁾ On February 6, 2024, we extended the maturity date to April 16, 2025, with an additional one year extension at our option still available to further extend the loan to April 16, 2026.

Our revolving credit facility SOFR loans bear interest at Daily Simple SOFR or Term SOFR and our term loan bears interest at Term SOFR as defined in the respective credit agreements, plus 0.10%, plus a spread, based on our current credit rating.

- (6) The maximum amount drawn under our \$1.25 billion revolving credit facility during 2023 was \$115.5 million and the weighted average effective interest rate on borrowings under our revolving credit facility, before amortization of debt fees, was 5.9%.
- (7) The Operating Partnership is the obligor under our revolving credit facility, term loan, and senior notes and debentures.

Our revolving credit facility, unsecured term loan, and other debt agreements include financial and other covenants that may limit our operating activities in the future. As of December 31, 2023, we were in compliance with all financial and other covenants related to our revolving credit facility, term loan, and senior notes. Additionally, we were in compliance with all of the financial and other covenants that could trigger a loan default on our mortgage loans. If we were to breach any of these financial and other covenants and did not cure the breach within an applicable cure period, our lenders could require us to repay the debt immediately and, if the debt is secured, could immediately begin proceedings to take possession of the property securing the loan. Many of our debt arrangements, including our public notes and our revolving credit facility, are cross-defaulted, which means that the lenders under those debt arrangements can put us in default and require immediate repayment of their debt if we breach and fail to cure a default under certain of our other debt obligations. As a result, any default under our debt covenants could have an adverse effect on our financial condition, our results of operations, our ability to meet our obligations and the market value of our shares. Our organizational documents do not limit the level or amount of debt that we may incur.

The following is a summary of our scheduled principal repayments as of December 31, 2023:

	U	nsecured	S	secured	Total
			(In tho	usands)	
2024	\$	1,200,674 (1)	\$	3,262	\$ 1,203,936
025		490		247,630 (2)	248,120
026		429,344		26,282	455,626
027		515,079 (3)		178,282	693,361
028		350,000		2,511	352,511
Thereafter		1,601,000		61,177	1,662,177
	\$	4,096,587	\$	519,144	\$ 4,615,731

- (1) Our \$600.0 million term loan had an original maturity date of April 16, 2024. On February 6, 2024, we extended the term loan to April 16, 2025 with an additional one year extension at our option still available to further extend the loan to April 16, 2026.
- (2) Our \$200.0 million mortgage loan secured by Bethesda Row matures on December 28, 2025 plus two one-year extensions, at our option to December 28, 2027.
- (3) Our \$1.25 billion revolving credit facility matures on April 5, 2027, plus two six-month extensions at our option to April 5, 2028. As of December 31, 2023, there was no outstanding balance under this credit facility.
- (4) The total debt maturities differ from the total reported on the consolidated balance sheet due to the unamortized net debt issuance costs and premium/discount on mortgage loans, notes payable, and senior notes as of December 31, 2023.

Interest Rate Hedging

We may use derivative instruments to manage exposure to variable interest rate risk. We generally enter into interest rate swaps to manage our exposure to variable interest rate risk and treasury locks to manage the risk of interest rates rising prior to the issuance of debt. We enter into derivative instruments that qualify as cash flow hedges and do not enter into derivative instruments for speculative purposes.

Interest rate swaps associated with cash flow hedges are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis. Effectiveness of cash flow hedges is assessed both at inception and on an ongoing basis. The effective portion of changes in fair value of the interest rate swaps associated with cash flow hedges is recorded in other comprehensive income which is included in "accumulated other comprehensive income" on the balance sheets, statement of shareholders' equity, and statement of capital. Cash flow hedges become ineffective if critical terms of the hedging instrument and the debt instrument do not perfectly match such as notional amounts, settlement dates, reset dates, calculation period and SOFR rate. In addition, the default risk of the counterparty is evaluated by monitoring the credit worthiness of the counterparty which includes reviewing debt ratings and financial

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performance. If a cash flow hedge is deemed ineffective, the ineffective portion of changes in fair value of the interest rate swaps associated with cash flow hedges is recognized in earnings in the period affected.

As of December 31, 2023, we have two interest rate swap agreements that effectively fix the interest rate on a mortgage payable associated with our Hoboken portfolio at 3.67% and we have three interest rate swap agreements that effectively fix the interest rate on a mortgage payable associated with Bethesda Row at 5.03% through the initial maturity date. Our Assembly Row hotel joint venture is also a party to two interest rate swap agreements that effectively fix 100% of its outstanding \$39.0 million of debt through May 2025 at 6.39% and 50% of its outstanding debt from June 2025 through May 2028 at 6.03%. All swaps were designated and qualify as cash flow hedges. Hedge ineffectiveness has not impacted our earnings in 2023, 2022 and 2021.

REIT Oualification

We intend to maintain our qualification as a REIT under Section 856(c) of the Code. As a REIT, we generally will not be subject to corporate federal income taxes on income we distribute to our shareholders as long as we satisfy certain technical requirements of the Code, including the requirement to distribute at least 90% of our taxable income to our shareholders.

Funds From Operations

Funds from operations ("FFO") is a supplemental non-GAAP financial measure of real estate companies' operating performance. The National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT") defines FFO as follows: net income, computed in accordance with U.S. GAAP, plus real estate related depreciation and amortization, and excluding gains and losses on the sale of real estate or changes in control, net of tax, and impairment write-downs of certain real estate assets and investments in entities when the impairment is directly attributable to decreases in the value of depreciable real estate held by the entity. We compute FFO in accordance with the NAREIT definition, and we have historically reported our FFO available for common shareholders in addition to our net income and net cash provided by operating activities. It should be noted that FFO:

- does not represent cash flows from operating activities in accordance with GAAP (which, unlike FFO, generally reflects all cash effects of transactions and other events in the determination of net income);
- should not be considered an alternative to net income as an indication of our performance; and
- is not necessarily indicative of cash flow as a measure of liquidity or ability to fund cash needs, including the payment of dividends.

We consider FFO available for common shareholders a meaningful, additional measure of operating performance primarily because it excludes the assumption that the value of the real estate assets diminishes predictably over time, as implied by the historical cost convention of GAAP and the recording of depreciation. We use FFO primarily as one of several means of assessing our operating performance in comparison with other REITs. Comparison of our presentation of FFO to similarly titled measures for other REITs may not necessarily be meaningful due to possible differences in the application of the NAREIT definition used by such REITs.

An increase or decrease in FFO available for common shareholders does not necessarily result in an increase or decrease in aggregate distributions because our Board of Trustees is not required to increase distributions on a quarterly basis. However, we must distribute at least 90% of our annual taxable income to remain qualified as a REIT. Therefore, a significant increase in FFO will generally require an increase in distributions to shareholders although not necessarily on a proportionate basis.

The reconciliation of net income to FFO available for common shareholders is as follows:

	Year Ended December 31,				
	 2023 2022			2021	
	 (In thou	sands,	except per sha	re dat	a)
Net income	\$ 247,217	\$	395,661	\$	269,081
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(10,232)		(10,170)		(7,583)
Gain on deconsolidation of a VIE	_		(70,374)		_
Gain on sale of real estate and change in control of interests, net	(9,881)		(93,483)		(89,892)
Depreciation and amortization of real estate assets	285,689		266,741		243,711
Amortization of initial direct costs of leases	31,208		27,268		26,051
Funds from operations	 544,001		515,643		441,368
Dividends on preferred shares (1)	(7,500)		(7,500)		(8,042)
Income attributable to downREIT operating partnership units	2,767		2,810		2,998
Income attributable to unvested shares	(1,955)		(1,797)		(1,581)
Funds from operations available for common shareholders	\$ 537,313	\$	509,156	\$	434,743
Weighted average number of common shares, diluted (1)(2)	82,044		80,603		78,072
Funds from operations available for common shareholders, per diluted share	\$ 6.55	\$	6.32	\$	5.57

Voor Ended December 31

ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Our use of financial instruments, such as debt instruments, subjects us to market risk which may affect our future earnings and cash flows, as well as the fair value of our assets. Market risk generally refers to the risk of loss from changes in interest rates and market prices. We manage our market risk by attempting to match anticipated inflow of cash from our operating, investing and financing activities with anticipated outflow of cash to fund debt payments, dividends to common and preferred shareholders, investments, capital expenditures and other cash requirements.

We may enter into certain types of derivative financial instruments to further reduce interest rate risk. We use interest rate protection and swap agreements, for example, to convert some of our variable rate debt to a fixed-rate basis or to hedge anticipated financing transactions. We use derivatives for hedging purposes rather than speculation and do not enter into financial instruments for trading purposes.

Interest Rate Risk

The following discusses the effect of hypothetical changes in market rates of interest on interest expense for our variable rate debt and on the fair value of our total outstanding debt, including our fixed-rate debt. Interest rate risk amounts were determined by considering the impact of hypothetical interest rates on our debt. Quoted market prices were used to estimate the fair value of our marketable senior notes and debentures and discounted cash flow analysis is generally used to estimate the fair value of our mortgages and notes payable. Considerable judgment is necessary to estimate the fair value of financial instruments. This analysis does not purport to take into account all of the factors that may affect our debt, such as the effect that a changing interest rate environment could have on the overall level of economic activity or the action that our management might take to reduce our exposure to the change. This analysis assumes no change in our financial structure.

Fixed Interest Rate Debt

The majority of our outstanding debt obligations (maturing at various times through 2059) have fixed interest rates which limit the risk of fluctuating interest rates. However, interest rate fluctuations may affect the fair value of our fixed rate debt instruments. At December 31, 2023, we had \$4.0 billion of fixed-rate debt outstanding, including \$253.6 million in mortgage

⁽¹⁾ For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, dividends on our Series 1 preferred stock were not deducted in the calculation of FFO available to common shareholders, as the related shares were dilutive and included in "weighted average number of common shares, diluted."

⁽²⁾ The weighted average common shares used to compute FFO per diluted common share includes downREIT operating partnership units that were excluded from the computation of diluted EPS. Conversion of these operating partnership units is dilutive in the computation of FFO per diluted common share but is anti-dilutive for the computation of diluted EPS for 2023 and 2021.

payables that are effectively fixed by five interest rate swap agreements. If market interest rates used to calculate the fair value on our fixed-rate debt instruments at December 31, 2023 had been 1.0% higher, the fair value of those debt instruments on that date would have decreased by approximately \$156.9 million. If market interest rates used to calculate the fair value on our fixed-rate debt instruments at December 31, 2023 had been 1.0% lower, the fair value of those debt instruments on that date would have increased by approximately \$175.4 million.

Variable Interest Rate Debt

Generally, we believe that our primary interest rate risk is due to fluctuations in interest rates on our outstanding variable rate debt. At December 31, 2023, we had \$600.0 million of variable rate debt outstanding (the principal balance on our unsecured term loan). Based upon this amount of variable rate debt and the specific terms, if market interest rates increased 1.0%, our annual interest expense would increase approximately \$6.0 million with a corresponding decrease in our net income and cash flows for the year. Conversely, if market interest rates decreased 1.0%, our annual interest expense would decrease by approximately \$6.0 million with a corresponding increase in our net income and cash flows for the year.

While no amounts were outstanding at December 31, 2023, we have a \$1.25 billion revolving credit facility that bears interest at a variable rate. If we increase our outstanding balance on the revolving credit facility in the future, additional decreases to future earnings and cash flows could occur.

ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

Our consolidated financial statements and supplementary data are included as a separate section of this Annual Report on Form 10-K commencing on page F-1 and are incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE None.

ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Management's Evaluations of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Trust and the Operating Partnership maintain disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) that are designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Trust and the Operating Partnership's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures. Because of inherent limitations, disclosure controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance that the objectives of disclosure controls and procedures are met.

Our management, with the participation of the Trust and the Operating Partnership's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Trust and the Operating Partnership's disclosure controls and procedures as of December 31, 2023. Based on that evaluation, the Trust and the Operating Partnership's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of December 31, 2023, the Trust and the Operating Partnership's disclosure controls and procedures were effective at a reasonable assurance level.

Management's Evaluations of Internal Control over Financial Reporting

The Trust and the Operating Partnership's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. Internal control over financial reporting is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act as a process designed by, or under the supervision of, the Trust and the Operating Partnership's principal executive and principal financial officers and effected by our Board of Trustees, management and other personnel, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (GAAP) and includes those policies and procedures that:

- pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect our transactions and disposition of our assets;
- provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally
 accepted accounting principles, and that our receipts and expenditures are being made only in accordance with authorization of management and
 our Trustees; and

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• provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of any of our assets in circumstances that could have a material adverse effect on our financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

We assessed the effectiveness of the Trust and the Operating Partnership's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2023. In making this assessment, we used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) in *Internal Control-Integrated Framework (2013)*. Based on that assessment and criteria, management concluded that the Trust and the Operating Partnership's internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2023.

Grant Thornton LLP, the independent registered public accounting firm that audited the Trust and the Operating Partnership's consolidated financial statements included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, has issued an attestation report on the Trust and the Operating Partnership's internal control over financial reporting, which appears on page <u>F-2</u> of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting during our fourth fiscal quarter of 2023 that materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

PART III

Certain information required in Part III is omitted from this Report but is incorporated herein by reference from our Proxy Statement for the 2024 Annual Meeting of Shareholders (as amended or supplemented, the "Proxy Statement").

ITEM 10. TRUSTEES, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The tables and narrative in the Proxy Statement identifying our Trustees and Board committees under the caption "Election of Trustees" and "Corporate Governance", the sections of the Proxy Statement entitled "Executive Officers" and "Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance" and other information included in the Proxy Statement required by this Item 10 are incorporated herein by reference.

We have adopted a Code of Ethics, which is applicable to our Chief Executive Officer and senior financial officers. The Code of Ethics is available in the Corporate Governance section of the Investors section of our website at www.federalrealty.com.

We have adopted an insider trading policy and related procedures governing the purchase, sale, and other dispositions of our securities that we believe are reasonably designed to promote compliance with insider trading laws, rules and regulations and any NYSE listing standards applicable to us.

ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The sections of the Proxy Statement entitled "Summary Compensation Table," "Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation," "Compensation Committee Report," "Trustee Compensation" and "Compensation Discussion and Analysis" and other information included in the Proxy Statement required by this Item 11 are incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED SHAREHOLDER MATTERS

The sections of the Proxy Statement entitled "Share Ownership" and "Equity Compensation Plan Information" and other information included in the Proxy Statement required by this Item 12 are incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND TRUSTEE INDEPENDENCE

The sections of the Proxy Statement entitled "Certain Relationship and Related Transactions" and "Independence of Trustees" and other information included in the Proxy Statement required by this Item 13 are incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES

The sections of the Proxy Statement entitled "Ratification of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm" and "Relationship with Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm" and other information included in the Proxy Statement required by this Item 14 are incorporated herein by reference.

PART IV

ITEM 15. EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

(a)(1) Financial Statements

Our consolidated financial statements and notes thereto, together with Reports of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm are included as a separate section of this Annual Report on Form 10-K commencing on page <u>F-1</u>.

(2) Financial Statement Schedules

Our financial statement schedules are included in a separate section of this Annual Report on Form 10-K commencing on page F-40.

(3) Exhibits

(b) The following documents are filed as exhibits are filed as part of, or incorporated by reference info, this report:

Exhibit No.

EXHIBIT INDEX

110.	Description
2.1	Merger Agreement and Plan of Reorganization, dated December 2, 2021, by and among the Predecessor, the Parent Company, and Merger Sub (previously filed as Exhibit 2.1 to the Predecessor's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 2, 2021 and incorporated herein by reference) ‡
3.1	Amended and Restated Declaration of Trust of the Parent Company dated January 1, 2022, as amended by the Articles of Amendment effective as of January 1, 2022 and Articles of Amendment effective as of May 4, 2023 (previously filed as Exhibit 3.1 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on August 2, 2023 and incorporated herein by reference)
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Parent Company dated January 1, 2022, as amended February 7, 2023 (previously filed as Exhibit 3.1 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 4, 2023 and incorporated herein by reference)
3.3	Articles of Merger, dated December 8, 2021, by and among Merger Sub and the Predecessor (previously filed as Exhibit 3.4 to the Parent Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 3, 2022 and incorporated herein by reference)
3.4	Certificate of Limited Partnership of Federal Realty OP LP (previously filed as <u>Exhibit 3.1</u> to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 5, 2022 and incorporated herein by reference)
3.5	Agreement of Limited Partnership of Federal Realty OP LP, dated as of January 5, 2022, by and between Federal Realty GP LLC and the Parent Company (Previously filed as Exhibit 3.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 5, 2022 and incorporated herein by reference)
4.1	Specimen Common Share certificate (previously filed as Exhibit 4(i) to the Predecessor's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1999 and incorporated herein by reference)
4.2	† Indenture dated December 1, 1993 related to the Partnership's 7.48% Debentures due August 15, 2026; and 6.82% Medium Term Notes due August 1, 2027; (previously filed as Exhibit 4(a) to the Predecessor's Registration Statement on Form S-3, and amended on Form S-3, filed on December 13, 1993 and incorporated herein by reference) ‡
4.3	† Indenture dated September 1, 1998 related to the Partnership's 2.75% Notes due 2023; 3.95% Notes due 2024; 4.50% Notes due 2044; 2.55% Notes due 2021; 3.625% Notes due 2046; 3.25% Notes due 2027; 3.20% Notes due 2029; 3.50% Notes due 2030; 1.25% Notes due 2026 (previously filed as Exhibit 4(a) to the Predecessor's Registration Statement on Form S-3 filed on September 17, 1998 and incorporated herein by reference) ‡
4.4	† First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 5, 2022, by and between Federal Realty OP LP and U.S. Bank National Association, with respect to the Partnership's Indenture dated December 1, 1993 related to the Partnership's 7.48% Debentures due August 15, 2026 and 6.82% Medium Term Notes due August 1, 2027 (previously filed as Exhibit 4.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 5, 2022 and incorporated herein by reference)
4.5	† First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 5, 2022, by and between Federal Realty OP LP and U.S. Bank National Association, with respect to the Partnership's Indenture dated September 1, 1998 related to the Partnership's 2.75% Notes due 2023; 3.95% Notes due 2024; 4.50% Notes due 2044; 2.55% Notes due 2021; 3.625% Notes due 2046; 3.25% Notes due 2027; 3.20% Notes due 2029; 3.50% Notes due 2030; 1.25% Notes due 2026; 5.375% Notes due 2028 (previously filed as Exhibit 4.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 5, 2022 and incorporated herein by reference)
4.6	Deposit Agreement, dated as of September 29, 2017, by and among Federal Realty Investment Trust, Equiniti Trust Company, LLC (successor to American Stock Transfer and Trust Company, LLC), as Depositary, and all holders from time to time of Receipt (previously filed as <u>Exhibit-4.1</u> to the Predecessor's Registration Statement on Form 8-A, filed on September 29, 2017 and incorporated herein by reference)
4.7	Specimen certificate relating to the 5.000% Series C Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares of Beneficial Interest (previously filed as <u>Exhibit 4.3</u> to the Predecessor's Registration Statement on Form 8-A, filed on September 29, 2017 and incorporated herein by reference)
4.8	† Indenture dated January 11, 2024 related to the 3.25% Exchangeable Senior Notes due 2029, by and between Federal Realty OP LP and U.S Bank National Association (previously filed as Exhibit 4.1 to our current report on Form 8-K filed on January 11, 2023 and incorporated herein by reference)
4.9	Description of Securities (filed herewith)
10.1	* Severance Agreement between Federal Realty Investment Trust and Donald C. Wood dated February 22, 1999 (previously filed as a portion of Exhibit 10 to the Predecessor's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 1999 (the "1999 1Q Form 10-Q") and incorporated herein by reference)

Exhibit

No.	Description
10.2	* Executive Agreement between Federal Realty Investment Trust and Donald C. Wood dated February 22, 1999 (previously filed as a portion of Exhibit 10 to the Predecessor's 1999 1Q Form 10-Q and incorporated herein by reference)
10.3	* Amendment to Executive Agreement between Federal Realty Investment Trust and Donald C. Wood dated February 16, 2005 (previously filed as <u>Exhibit 10.12</u> to the Predecessor's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004 (the "2004 Form 10-K") and incorporated herein by reference)
10.4	* Health Coverage Continuation Agreement between Federal Realty Investment Trust and Donald C. Wood dated February 16, 2005 (previously filed as <u>Exhibit 10.26</u> to the Predecessor's 2004 Form 10-K and incorporated herein by reference)
10.5	* Severance Agreement between Federal Realty Investment Trust and Dawn M. Becker dated April 19, 2000 (previously filed as <u>Exhibit 10.26</u> to the Predecessor's 2005 2Q Form 10-Q and incorporated herein by reference)
10.6	* Amendment to Severance Agreement between Federal Realty Investment Trust and Dawn M. Becker dated February 16, 2005 (previously filed as Exhibit 10.27 to the Predecessor's 2004 Form 10-K and incorporated herein by reference)
10.7	Form of Restricted Share Award Agreement for long term vesting and retention awards for shares issued out of the 2010 Plan (previously filed as Exhibit 10.35 to the Predecessor's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010 (the "2010 Form 10-K") and incorporated herein by reference)
10.8	* Amendment to Severance Agreement between Federal Realty Investment Trust and Donald C. Wood dated January 1, 2009 (previously filed as <u>Exhibit 10.26</u> to the Predecessor's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 ("the 2008 Form 10-K") and incorporated herein by reference)
10.9	* Second Amendment to Executive Agreement between Federal Realty Investment Trust and Donald C. Wood dated January 1, 2009 (previously filed as Exhibit 10.27 to the Predecessor's 2008 Form 10-K and incorporated herein by reference)
10.10	* Amendment to Health Coverage Continuation Agreement between Federal Realty Investment Trust and Donald C. Wood dated January 1, 2009 (previously filed as <u>Exhibit 10.28</u> to the Predecessor's 2008 Form 10-K and incorporated herein by reference)
10.11	* Second Amendment to Severance Agreement between Federal Realty Investment Trust and Dawn M. Becker dated January 1, 2009 (previously filed as Exhibit 10.30 to the Predecessor's 2008 Form 10-K and incorporated herein by reference)
10.12	2010 Performance Incentive Plan (previously filed as <u>Appendix A</u> to the Predecessor's Definitive Proxy Statement for the 2010 Annual Meeting of Shareholders and incorporated herein by reference)
10.13	Amendment to 2010 Performance Incentive Plan ("the 2010 Plan") (previously filed as <u>Appendix A</u> to the Predecessor's Proxy Statement for the 2010 Annual Meeting of Shareholders and incorporated herein by reference)
10.14	Form of Restricted Share Award Agreement for awards made under Federal Realty Investment Trust's Long-Term Incentive Award Program and the Trust's Annual Incentive Bonus Program and basic awards with annual vesting for shares issued out of the 2010 Plan (previously filed as <u>Exhibit 10.34</u> to the Predecessor's 2010 Form 10-K and incorporated herein by reference)
10.15	Revised Form of Restricted Share Award Agreement for front loaded awards made under Federal Realty Investment Trust's Long-Term Incentive Award Program for shares issued out of the 2010 Plan (previously filed as <u>Exhibit 10.35</u> to the Predecessor's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012 (the "2012 Form 10-K") and incorporated herein by reference)
10.16	Revised Form of Restricted Share Award Agreement for long-term vesting and retention awards made under Federal Realty Investment Trust's Long-Term Incentive Award Program for shares issued out of the 2010 Plan (previously filed as <u>Exhibit 10.36</u> to the Predecessor's 2012 Form 10-K and incorporated herein by reference)
10.17	Revised Form of Performance Share Award Agreement for shares awarded out of the 2010 Plan (previously filed as Exhibit 10.37 to the Predecessor's 2012 Form 10-K and incorporated herein by reference)
10.18	Revised Form of Restricted Share Award Agreement for awards made under Federal Realty Investment Trust's Long-Term Incentive Award Program and the Trust's Annual Incentive Bonus Program and basic awards with annual vesting for shares issued out of the 2010 Plan (previously filed as Exhibit 10.38 to the Predecessor's 2012 Form 10-K and incorporated herein by reference)
10.19	Severance Agreement between Federal Realty Investment Trust and Daniel Guglielmone dated August 15, 2016 (previously filed as Exhibit 10.36 to the Predecessor's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2016 and incorporated herein by reference)
10.20	2020 Performance Incentive Plan (previously filed as <u>Appendix B</u> to the Predecessor's Definitive Proxy Statement for the 2020 Annual Meeting of Shareholders and incorporated herein by reference)

10.35

10.36

Exhibit Description No. 10.21 Term Loan Agreement dated as of May 6, 2020, by and among the Predecessor, as Borrower, the financial institutions party thereto and their permitted assignees under Section 12.6., as Lenders, PNC Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent, Regions Bank, Truist Bank, and U.S. Bank National Bank Association as Co-Syndication Agents, PNC Capital Markets, LLC, Regions Capital Markets, Suntrust Robinson Humphrey, Inc., and U.S. Bank National Association, as Joint Lead Arrangers and Book Managers (previously filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Predecessor's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on May 6, 2020 and incorporated herein by reference) ‡ Form of Restricted Share Award Agreement for awards made under Federal Realty Investment Trust's Long-Term Incentive Award Program 10.22 and the Trust's Annual Incentive Bonus Program and basic awards with annual vesting for shares issued out the 2020 Plan (previously filed as Exhibit 10.32 to the Predecessor's Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed on February 11, 2021 and incorporated herein by reference) Form of Option Award Agreement for awards made under Federal Realty Investment Trust's Long-Term Incentive Award Program for shares issued out of the 2020 Plan (previously filed as <u>Exhibit 10.33</u> to the Predecessor's Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed on February 11, 2021, 10.23 and incorporated herein by reference) 10.24 Form of Restricted Share Award Agreement for long-term vesting and retention awards made under Federal Realty Investment Trust's Long-Term Incentive Award Program for shares issued out of the 2020 Plan (previously filed as Exhibit 10.34 to the Predecessor's Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed on February 11, 2021, and incorporated herein by reference) 10.25 Form of Performance Share Award Agreement for shares awarded out of the 2020 Plan (previously filed as Exhibit 10.35 to the Predecessor's Annual Report on From 10-K, filed on February 11, 2021, and incorporated herein by reference) Form of Option Award Agreement for basic options awarded out of the 2020 Plan (previously filed as <u>Exhibit 10.36</u> to the Predecessor's Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed on February 11, 2021, and incorporated herein by reference) 10.26 Form of Performance Award Agreement for Jeffrey S. Berkes, dated February 10, 2021 (previously filed as <u>Exhibit 10.1</u> to the Predecessor's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on February 12, 2021, and incorporated herein by reference) 10.27 10.28 Amended and Restated Severance Agreement between Federal Realty Investment Trust and Jeffery S. Berkes, dated February 10, 2021 (previously filed as Exhibit 10.2 to the Predecessor's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on February 12, 2021 and incorporated herein by reference) First Amendment to Term Loan Agreement, dated as of April 16, 2021, by and among the Predecessor, as borrower, the Lenders, New Lenders, Departing Lenders (as each such term is defined therein) and PNC Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent (previously 10.29 filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Predecessor's Current Report on From 8-K, filed on April 19, 2021, and incorporated herein by reference) ‡ 10.30 Omnibus Assignment, Assumption and Amendment entered into between the Predecessor and the Parent Company (previously filed as Exhibit 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on January 3, 2022 and incorporated herein by reference) Second Amendment to Term Loan Agreement and Consent, dated as of January 1, 2022, by and among the Predecessor, as borrower, each of the lenders party thereto and PNC Bank, National Association, as administrative agent (previously filed as Exhibit 10.3 to the Trust's Current 10.31 Report on Form 8-K filed on January 3, 2022 and incorporated herein by reference) ‡ Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of October 5, 2022, by and among the Partnership, as borrower, each of the lenders 10.32 party thereto and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as administrative agent (previously filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Trust's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 11, 2022 and incorporated herein by reference) Third Amendment to Term Loan Agreement, dated as of October 5, 2022, by and among the Partnership, as borrower, each of the lenders party 10.33 thereto and PNC Bank, National Association, as administrative agent (previously filed as Exhibit 10.2 to the Trust's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 11, 2022 and incorporated herein by reference) First Amendment to Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of August 25, 2023, by and among the Partnership, as 10.34 borrower, each of the lenders party thereto and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as administrative agent (filed herewith)

borrower, each of the lenders party thereto and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as administrative agent (filed herewith)

party thereto and PNC Bank, National Association, as administrative agent (filed herewith)

Fourth Amendment to Term Loan Agreement, dated as of August 25, 2023, by and among the Partnership, as borrower, each of the lenders

Second Amendment to Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of January 2, 2024, by and among the Partnership, as

Exhibit No.	Description
10.37	Fifth Amendment to Term Loan Agreement, dated as of January 2, 2024, by and among the Partnership, as borrower, each of the lenders party thereto and PNC Bank, National Association, as administrative agent (<u>filed herewith</u>)
10.38	Registration Rights Agreement dated January 11, 2024 among the Issuer, the Parent and the Representatives (previously filed as <u>Exhibit 10.1</u> to the Trust's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 11, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference)
19.1	Policy on Insider Information and Trading in Federal Realty Shares and other Securities (filed herewith)
21.1	Subsidiaries of Federal Realty Investment Trust and Federal Realty OP LP (filed herewith)
23.1	Consent of Grant Thornton LLP (filed herewith)
31.1	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer - Federal Realty Investment Trust (filed herewith)
31.2	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Chief Financial Officer - Federal Realty Investment Trust (filed herewith)
31.3	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer - Federal Realty OP LP (filed herewith)
31.4	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Chief Financial Officer - Federal Realty OP LP (filed herewith)
32.1	Section 1350 Certification of Chief Executive Officer - Federal Realty Investment Trust (filed herewith)
32.2	Section 1350 Certification of Chief Financial Officer - Federal Realty Investment Trust (filed herewith)
32.3	Section 1350 Certification of Chief Executive Officer - Federal Realty OP LP (filed herewith)
32.4	Section 1350 Certification of Chief Financial Officer - Federal Realty OP LP (filed herewith)
97	Federal Realty Investment Trust and Federal Realty OP LP Clawback Policy (filed herewith)
101	The following materials from this Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (1) the Consolidated Balance Sheets, (2) the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, (3) the Consolidated Statement of Shareholders' Equity, (4) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (5) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements that have been detail tagged.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted in Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

^{*} Management contract or compensatory plan required to be filed as an exhibit pursuant to Item 15(b) of Form 10-K.

ITEM 16. FORM 10-K SUMMARY

None.

[†] Pursuant to Regulation S-K Item 601(b)(4)(iii), the Trust and the Partnership by this filing agree, upon request, to furnish to the Securities and Exchange Commission a copy of other instruments defining the rights of holders of long-term debt of the Trust and the Partnership.

[‡] In this Exhibit Index, the term "Predecessor" refers to Federal Realty Investment Trust before the effectiveness of our UPREIT conversion as described in our Current Reports on Form 8-K filed on January 3 and 5, 2022. Upon completion of the UPREIT conversion, the Partnership became the successor to the Predecessor's rights and obligations under this instrument.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, each of the Registrants have duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized this February 12, 2024.

Federal Realty Investment Trust Federal Realty OP LP

By: /S/ DONALD C. WOOD

Donald C. Wood
Chief Executive Officer and Trustee

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, this Report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of each of the Registrants and in the capacity and on the dates indicated. Each person whose signature appears below hereby constitutes and appoints each of Donald C. Wood and Dawn M. Becker as his or her attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power of substitution and resubstitution for him or her in any and all capacities, to sign any or all amendments to this Report and to file same, with exhibits thereto and other documents in connection therewith, granting unto such attorney-in-fact and agent full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary in connection with such matters and hereby ratifying and confirming all that such attorney-in-fact and agent or his or her substitutes may do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
/S/ DONALD C. WOOD Donald C. Wood	Chief Executive Officer and Trustee (Principal Executive Officer)	February 12, 2024
/S/ DANIEL GUGLIELMONE Daniel Guglielmone	Executive Vice President - Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)	February 12, 2024
/S/ DAVID W. FAEDER David W. Faeder	Non -Executive Chairman	February 12, 2024
/S/ ELIZABETH I. HOLLAND Elizabeth I. Holland	Trustee	February 12, 2024
/S/ NICOLE Y. LAMB-HALE Nicole Y. Lamb-Hale	Trustee	February 12, 2024
/S/ THOMAS A. MCEACHIN Thomas A. McEachin	Trustee	February 12, 2024
/S/ ANTHONY P. NADER, III Anthony P. Nader, III	Trustee	February 12, 2024
/S/ GAIL P. STEINEL Gail P. Steinel	Trustee	February 12, 2024

Item 8 and Item 15(a)(1) and (2) Index to Consolidated Financial Statements and Schedules

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Federal Realty Investment Trust:	
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2023 and 2022	<u>F-8</u>
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the Years Ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021	<u>F-9</u>
Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity for the Years Ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021	<u>F-10</u>
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Years Ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021	<u>F-11</u>
Federal Realty OP LP:	
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2023 and 2022	<u>F-12</u>
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Consolidated Statements of Capital for the Years Ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021	<u>F-14</u>
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Financial Statement Schedules	
Schedule III—Summary of Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation	<u>F-40</u>
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All other schedules have been omitted either because the information is not applicable, not material, or is disclosed in our consolidated financial statements and related notes.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Trustees and Shareholders Federal Realty Investment Trust

Opinion on internal control over financial reporting

We have audited the internal control over financial reporting of Federal Realty Investment Trust (a Maryland real estate investment trust) and subsidiaries (collectively, the "Trust") as of December 31, 2023, based on criteria established in the 2013 *Internal Control—Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO"). In our opinion, the Trust maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2023, based on criteria established in the 2013 *Internal Control-Integrated Framework* issued by COSO.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB"), the consolidated financial statements of the Trust as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and our report dated February 12, 2024 expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements.

Basis for opinion

The Trust's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Evaluation of Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Trust's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Trust in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Definition and limitations of internal control over financial reporting

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ GRANT THORNTON LLP

Jacksonville, Florida February 12, 2024

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Trustees and Shareholders Federal Realty Investment Trust

Opinion on the financial statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Federal Realty Investment Trust (a Maryland real estate investment trust) and subsidiaries (collectively, the "Trust") as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in shareholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes and financial statement schedules included under Item 15(a)(2) (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Trust as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB"), the Trust's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2023, based on criteria established in the 2013 *Internal Control-Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO"), and our report dated February 12, 2024 expressed an unqualified opinion.

Basis for opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Trust's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Trust's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Trust in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Critical audit matter

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current period audit of the financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relate to accounts or disclosures that are material to the financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of critical audit matters does not alter in any way our opinion on the financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing separate opinions on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

Lease Collectibility Assessment

In order to recognize rental income on an accrual basis, the Trust must determine whether substantially all the rents due under a lease arrangement are collectible. If the Trust reaches the conclusion that substantially all of the rents are not collectible for a specific lease, then rental income under that arrangement can only be recognized when cash payment from the tenant is received.

Significant judgment is exercised by the Trust when making a collectibility assessment and includes the following considerations which require challenging and subjective auditor judgment in the execution of our audit procedures:

- · Creditworthiness of the tenant
- Current economic conditions
- Historical experience with the tenant and other tenants operating in the same industry

Our audit procedures related to the collectibility assessment included the following:

· We tested the design and tested the operating effectiveness of internal controls relating to the collectibility assessment process.

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- We evaluated management's accounting policies related to this assessment.
- We verified the completeness of the population of tenants that management evaluated.
- We researched recent publicly available information, including information for the 10 tenants with the highest rental income recognized in the year ended December 31, 2023, such as bankruptcy filings, industry journals, and periodicals, and for any of the Trust's tenants identified in our research, we evaluated whether such information was considered in management's collectibility assessment.
- We recalculated the aging for a selection of tenant receivable balances using supporting documentation.
- For a selection of tenant receivables where collectibility was deemed as probable, we evaluated the collectibility assessment conclusion reached by management and performed the following procedures for each selection:
 - Verified that management's accounting policies related to the collectibility assessment were followed.
 - Inspected documentation from management such as tenant collection history and any direct correspondence and evaluated management's considerations supporting the collectibility assessment conclusion reached.
 - Researched publicly available information to independently verify the completeness and accuracy of management's information used to make the collectibility assessment.

/s/ GRANT THORNTON LLP

We have served as the Trust's auditor since 2002.

Jacksonville, Florida February 12, 2024

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Trustees and Unitholders Federal Realty OP LP

Opinion on internal control over financial reporting

We have audited the internal control over financial reporting of Federal Realty OP LP (a Delaware limited partnership) and subsidiaries (collectively, the "Operating Partnership") as of December 31, 2023, based on criteria established in the 2013 *Internal Control-Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO"). In our opinion, the Operating Partnership maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2023, based on criteria established in the 2013 *Internal Control-Integrated Framework* issued by COSO.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB"), the consolidated financial statements of the Operating Partnership as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and our report dated February 12, 2024 expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements.

Basis for opinion

The Operating Partnership's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Evaluation of Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Operating Partnership's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Operating Partnership in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Definition and limitations of internal control over financial reporting

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ GRANT THORNTON LLP

Jacksonville, Florida February 12, 2024

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Trustees and Unitholders Federal Realty OP LP

Opinion on the financial statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Federal Realty OP LP (a Delaware limited partnership) and subsidiaries (collectively, the "Operating Partnership") as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, capital, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes and financial statement schedules included under Item 15(a)(2) (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Operating Partnership as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB"), the Operating Partnership's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2023, based on criteria established in the 2013 *Internal Control-Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO"), and our report dated February 12, 2024 expressed an unqualified opinion.

Basis for opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Operating Partnership's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Operating Partnership's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Operating Partnership in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Critical audit matter

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current period audit of the financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relate to accounts or disclosures that are material to the financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of critical audit matters does not alter in any way our opinion on the financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing separate opinions on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

Lease Collectibility Assessment

In order to recognize rental income on an accrual basis, the Operating Partnership must determine whether substantially all the rents due under a lease arrangement are collectible. If the Operating Partnership reaches the conclusion that substantially all of the rents are not collectible for a specific lease, then rental income under that arrangement can only be recognized when cash payment from the tenant is received.

Significant judgment is exercised by the Operating Partnership when making a collectibility assessment and includes the following considerations which require challenging and subjective auditor judgment in the execution of our audit procedures:

- Creditworthiness of the tenant
- · Current economic conditions
- · Historical experience with the tenant and other tenants operating in the same industry

Our audit procedures related to the collectibility assessment included the following:

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- We tested the design and tested the operating effectiveness of internal controls relating to the collectibility assessment process.
- We evaluated management's accounting policies related to this assessment.
- We verified the completeness of the population of tenants that management evaluated.
- We researched recent publicly available information, including information for the 10 tenants with the highest rental income recognized in the year ended December 31, 2023, such as bankruptcy filings, industry journals, and periodicals, and for any of the Operating Partnership's tenants identified in our research, we evaluated whether such information was considered in management's collectibility assessment.
- We recalculated the aging for a selection of tenant receivable balances using supporting documentation.
- For a selection of tenants where collectibility was deemed as probable, we evaluated the collectibility assessment conclusion reached by management and performed the following procedures for each selection:
 - Verified that management's accounting policies related to the collectibility assessment were followed.
 - Inspected documentation from management such as tenant collection history and any direct correspondence and evaluated management's considerations supporting the collectibility assessment conclusion reached.
 - Researched publicly available information to independently verify the completeness and accuracy of management's information used to make the collectibility assessment.

/s/ GRANT THORNTON LLP

We have served as the Operating Partnership's auditor since 2022.

Jacksonville, Florida February 12, 2024

Federal Realty Investment Trust Consolidated Balance Sheets

Real estate, at cost			Decem	1,	
Real state, at cost			2023		2022
Real estate, at cost					
Construction-in-progress (including \$8,077 and \$8,477 of consolidated variable interest entities, respectively)	ASSETS		~	,	
Construction-in-progress (including \$8,677 and \$8,477 of consolidated variable interest entities, respectively) Construction-in-progress (including \$10,663 and \$362,921 of consolidated variable interest entities, respectively) Construction-in-progress (including \$416,663 and \$362,921 of consolidated variable interest entities, respectively) Net real estate 7,822,668 7,838,68 7,388,68 7,388,68 7,388,68 7,388,68 7,388,68 7,388,68 7,388,68 7,38	Real estate, at cost				
Respectively Less accumulated depreciation and amortization (including \$416,663 and \$362,921 of consolidated variable interest entities, respectively) Net real estate	Operating (including \$2,021,622 and \$1,997,583 of consolidated variable interest entities, respectively)	\$	9,932,891	\$	9,441,945
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization (including \$416,663 and \$362,921 of consolidated variable interest entities, respectively) Net real estate 7,882,668 7,882,668 7,882,668 7,882,668 7,882,668 7,882,668 7,882,668 7,882,668 7,882,668 7,882,668 7,882,668 7,882,668 7,882,668 7,882,668 7,882,668 7,882,668 7,882,668 7,882,668 7,882,68	Construction-in-progress (including \$8,677 and \$8,477 of consolidated variable interest entities,				
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization (including \$416,663 and \$362,921 of consolidated variable interest entities, respectively) Net real estate	respectively)				662,554
interest entities, respectively) (2,963,519) (2,715,8 Net real estate 7,582,668 7,382,668 7,382,668 7,382,668 7,582,668 7,582,668 8,73,886 68,73 88,5 Accounts and notes receivable, net 91,96 99,4 197,6 198,2 29,3 29,3 29,3 29,3 29,3 29,3 29,4 29,6 20,6 20,1 20,1 20,1 20,1 20,1 20,1 20,1 20,1			10,546,187		10,104,499
Net real estate			(2.0/2.510)		(0.715.017)
Cash and cash equivalents 250,825 85,5 Accounts and notes receivable, net 201,733 197,6 Mortagge notes receivable, net 9,916 9,4 Investment in partnerships 34,870 145,2 Operating lease right of use assets, net 6,893 94,5 Finance lease right of use assets, net 6,850 45,4 Prepaid expenses and other assets 263,377 267,4 CIVAL ASSETS 8,346,512 8,233,9 LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY 1 601,945 8,233,9 LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY 1 601,945 3,407,7 Accounts payable, net (including \$189,286 and \$191,827 of consolidated variable interest entities, respectively) \$16,936 \$320,6 Notes payable, net 601,045 601,045 601,045 Senior notes and debentures, net 3,480,296 3,407,7 Accounts payable and accrued expenses 174,714 190,3 Security deposits payable 92,634 90,2 Security deposits payable 30,482 28,5 Operating lease liabilities	•				
Accounts and notes receivable, net 201,733 197,6 Mortgage notes receivable, net 9,196 9,4 Investment in partnerships 34,870 145,2 Operating lease right of use assets, net 86,993 94,5 Finance lease right of use assets, net 6,850 45,4 Prepaid expenses and other assets 263,377 267,4 OTAL ASSETS 8,836,512 \$8,233,9 LABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY TURL ASSETS \$16,936 \$20,6 Mortgages payable, net (including \$189,286 and \$191,827 of consolidated variable interest entities, respectively) \$516,936 \$320,6 Notes payable, net 601,945 601,04 \$601,04 Senior notes and debentures, net 3,480,296 3,407,7 Accounts payable and accrued expenses 174,714 190,3 Dividends payable 92,634 90,2 Security deposits payable 30,482 285,5 Operating lease liabilities 75,870 77,7 Finance lease liabilities 12,670 67,6 Other liabilities and deferred credits 183,36					
Mortgage notes receivable, net 9,46 Investment in partnerships 34,87 145,2 Operating lease right of use assets, net 86,993 94,5 Finance lease right of use assets, net 6,850 45,4 Prepaid expenses and other assets 263,37 267,37 OTAL ASSETS 8,436,512 8,233,9 IABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY 1 1 Liabilities 516,936 3,400,26 Mortgages payable, net (including \$189,286 and \$191,827 of consolidated variable interest entities, respectively) 516,936 3,020,6 Notes payable, net 601,04 601,05 601,0 501,00 501,00 3,400,76 501,00 501,00 3,400,76 3,400,20 3,400,76 601,00 3,400,20 3,400,76 3,400,20 3,400,76 3,400,20					
Investment in partnerships					
Operating lease right of use assets, net 86,93 94,5 Finance lease right of use assets, net 6,850 45,4 Prepaid expenses and other assets 263,37 26,37 OTAL ASSETS 8,8436,512 8,233,9 JABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Liabilities Mortgages payable, net (including \$189,286 and \$191,827 of consolidated variable interest entities, respectively) 516,936 \$ 320,6 Notes payable, net 601,945 601,04 \$ 601,04 Senior notes and debentures, net 3,480,296 3,407,7 Accounts payable and accrued expenses 174,714 190,3 Dividends payable 92,634 90,2 Security deposits payable 30,482 28,5 Operating lease liabilities 12,670 76,7 Other liabilities and deferred credits 225,43 237,6 Total liabilities 183,363 178,3 Sarrendolders' equity 183,363 178,3 Sharebolders' equity 150,00 150,0 S.417% Series I Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares, (stated at liquidation pre	* *				9,456
Finance lease right of use assets, net 6,850 45,4 Prepaid expenses and other assets 263,37 267,4 COTAL ASSETS 8,836,512 8,233,9 ABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Liabilities Mortgages payable, net (including \$189,286 and \$191,827 of consolidated variable interest entities, respectively) \$ 516,936 \$ 320,6 Notes payable, net 601,945 601,045 601,045 Senior notes and debentures, net 3,480,296 3,407,7 Accounts payable and accrued expenses 174,714 190,3 Dividends payable 92,634 90,2 Security deposits payable 30,482 28,5 Operating lease liabilities 15,870 7.77 Finance lease liabilities 12,670 67,6 Other liabilities and deferred credits 2521,949 50,26 Commitments and contingencies (Note 7) Redeemable noncontrolling interests 183,363 178,3 Shareholders' equity 9,822 9,8 Starter ferred shares, suthorized 15,000,000 shares, \$0.01 par. \$15,00 \$15,00					
Prepaid expenses and other assets 263,377 267,4 OTAL ASSETS \$ 8,345,612 \$ 8,233,9 LABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Liabilities Mortgages payable, net (including \$189,286 and \$191,827 of consolidated variable interest entities, respectively) \$ 516,936 \$ 320,6 Notes payable, net 601,945 601,045 601,0 Senior notes and debentures, net 3,480,296 3,477,7 Accounts payable and accrued expenses 174,714 190,3 Dividends payable 92,634 90,2 Security deposits payable 30,482 28,5 Operating lease liabilities 75,870 77,7 Finance lease liabilities 12,670 67,6 Other liabilities and deferred credits 225,443 237,6 Total liabilities 183,363 178,3 Shareholders' equity 183,363 178,3 Prefered shares, authorized 15,000,000 shares, \$0.01 par. 15,000 150,00 S.417% Series I Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares, (stated at liquidation preference \$25,000 per share), 6,000 shares issued and outstanding 89,82 9,82 <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td></td>			,		
COTAL ASSETS					
ABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		_			
Mortgages payable, net (including \$189,286 and \$191,827 of consolidated variable interest entities, respectively) Mortgages payable, net (including \$189,286 and \$191,827 of consolidated variable interest entities, respectively) Notes payable, net		\$	8,436,512	\$	8,233,991
Mortgages payable, net (including \$189,286 and \$191,827 of consolidated variable interest entities, respectively)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Respectively S \$16,936 \$320,6 Notes payable, net \$601,945 \$601,0 Senior notes and debentures, net 3,480,296 3,407,7 Accounts payable and accrued expenses 174,714 190,3 Dividends payable 92,634 90,2 Security deposits payable 30,482 28,5 Operating lease liabilities 75,870 77,7 Finance lease liabilities 12,670 67,6 Other liabilities and deferred credits 225,443 237,6 Total liabilities and contingencies (Note 7) Redeemable noncontrolling interests 183,363 178,3 Shareholders' equity Preferred shares, authorized 15,000,000 shares, \$0.01 par: 5,0% Series C Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares, (stated at liquidation preference \$25,000 per share), 6,000 shares issued and outstanding 150,000 150,00					
Notes payable, net 601,945 601,095 Senior notes and debentures, net 3,480,296 3,497,7 Accounts payable and accrued expenses 174,714 190,3 Dividends payable 92,634 90,2 Security deposits payable 30,482 28,5 Operating lease liabilities 75,870 77,7 Finance lease liabilities 12,670 67,6 Other liabilities and deferred credits 225,443 237,6 Total liabilities 5,210,990 5,021,6 Commitments and contingencies (Note 7) Redeemable noncontrolling interests 183,363 178,3 Shareholders' equity Preferred shares, authorized 15,000,000 shares, \$0.01 par: 5.0% Series C Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares, (stated at liquidation preference \$25,000 per share), 6,000 shares issued and outstanding 150,000 150,0 5.417% Series I Cumulative Convertible Preferred Shares, (stated at liquidation preference \$25 per share), 392,878 shares issued and outstanding 9,822 9,8 Common shares of beneficial interest, \$0.01 par, 200,000,000 and 100,000,000 shares authorized, respectively, 82,775,286 and 81,342,959 shares issued and outstanding, respectively 833 8 Additional paid-in ca		Φ	516.026	Ф	220 (15
Senior notes and debentures, net 3,480,296 3,407,7 Accounts payable and accrued expenses 1174,714 190,3 Dividends payable 92,634 90,2 Security deposits payable 30,482 28,5 Operating lease liabilities 75,870 77,7 Finance lease liabilities 12,670 67,6 Other liabilities and deferred credits 225,443 237,6 Total liabilities 5,210,990 5,021,6 Commitments and contingencies (Note 7) Redeemable noncontrolling interests 183,363 178,3 Shareholders' equity Preferred shares, authorized 15,000,000 shares, \$0.01 par: 5.0% Series C Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares, (stated at liquidation preference \$25,000 per share), 6,000 shares issued and outstanding 150,000 150,0 5.417% Series 1 Cumulative Convertible Preferred Shares, (stated at liquidation preference \$25 per share), 392,878 shares issued and outstanding 9,822 9,8 Common shares of beneficial interests, \$0.01 par, 200,000,000 and 100,000,000 shares authorized, respectively, \$2,775,286 and \$1,342,959 shares issued and outstanding, respectively 833 8 Additional paid-in capital 3,959,276 3,821,8 Accumulat	•	3		3	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses 174,714 190,3 Dividends payable 92,634 90,2 Security deposits payable 30,482 28,5 Operating lease liabilities 75,870 77,7 Finance lease liabilities 12,670 67,6 Other liabilities and deferred credits 225,443 237,6 Total liabilities 5,210,990 5,021,6 Commitments and contingencies (Note 7) Redeemable noncontrolling interests 183,363 178,3 Shareholders' equity Preferred shares, authorized 15,000,000 shares, \$0.01 par. 5.0% Series C Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares, (stated at liquidation preference \$25,000 per share), 6,000 shares issued and outstanding 150,000 150,00 5.417% Series I Cumulative Convertible Preferred Shares, (stated at liquidation preference \$25 per share), 392,878 shares issued and outstanding 9,822 9,8 Common shares of beneficial interest, \$0.01 par, 200,000,000 and 100,000,000 shares authorized, respectively, 82,775,286 and 81,342,959 shares issued and outstanding, respectively 833 8 Additional paid-in capital 3,959,276 3,821,8 Accumulated dividends in excess of net income (1,160,474) (1,034,1					
Dividends payable 92,634 90,2 Security deposits payable 30,482 28,5 Operating lease liabilities 75,870 77,7 Finance lease liabilities 12,670 67,6 Other liabilities and deferred credits 225,443 237,6 Total liabilities 5,210,990 5,021,6 Commitments and contingencies (Note 7) Redeemable noncontrolling interests 183,363 178,3 Shareholders' equity Preferred shares, authorized 15,000,000 shares, \$0.01 par: 5.0% Series C Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares, (stated at liquidation preference \$25,000 per share), 6,000 shares issued and outstanding 150,000 150,00 5.417% Series 1 Cumulative Convertible Preferred Shares, (stated at liquidation preference \$25 per share), 392,878 shares issued and outstanding, espectively, 82,775,286 and 81,342,959 shares issued and outstanding, respectively 9,822 9,8 Common shares of beneficial interest, \$0.01 par, 200,000,000 and 100,000,000 shares authorized, respectively, 82,775,286 and 81,342,959 shares issued and outstanding, respectively 833 8 Additional paid-in capital 3,959,276 3,821,8 Accumulated dividends in excess of net income (1,160,474) (1,034,1 Accumulated other comprehensive					
Security deposits payable 30,482 28,5 Operating lease liabilities 75,870 77,7 Finance lease liabilities 12,670 67,6 Other liabilities and deferred credits 225,443 237,6 Total liabilities 5,210,990 5,021,6 Commitments and contingencies (Note 7) Redeemable noncontrolling interests 183,363 178,3 Shareholders' equity Preferred shares, authorized 15,000,000 shares, \$0.01 par: 5.0% Series C Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares, (stated at liquidation preference \$25,000 per share), 6,000 shares issued and outstanding 150,000 150,0 5.417% Series 1 Cumulative Convertible Preferred Shares, (stated at liquidation preference \$25 per share), 392,878 shares issued and outstanding 9,822 9,8 Common shares of beneficial interest, \$0.01 par, 200,000,000 and 100,000,000 shares authorized, respectively, 82,775,286 and 81,342,959 shares issued and outstanding, respectively 833 8 Additional paid-in capital 3,959,276 3,821,8 Accumulated dividends in excess of net income (1,160,474) (1,034,1 Accumulated other comprehensive income 4,052 5,7 Total shareholders' equity of the Trust 2,963,509 2,954,00					
Operating lease liabilities 75,870 77,7 Finance lease liabilities 12,670 67,6 Other liabilities and deferred credits 225,443 237,6 Total liabilities 5,210,990 5,021,6 Commitments and contingencies (Note 7) Redeemable noncontrolling interests 183,363 178,3 Shareholders' equity Preferred shares, authorized 15,000,000 shares, \$0.01 par: 150,000 <td>* *</td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td>,</td>	* *		,		,
Finance lease liabilities 12,670 67,6 Other liabilities and deferred credits 225,443 237,6 Total liabilities 5,210,990 5,021,6 Commitments and contingencies (Note 7) 183,363 178,3 Redeemable noncontrolling interests 183,363 178,3 Shareholders' equity Preferred shares, authorized 15,000,000 shares, \$0.01 par: 5.0% Series C Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares, (stated at liquidation preference \$25,000 per share), 6,000 shares issued and outstanding 150,000 150,00 5.417% Series 1 Cumulative Convertible Preferred Shares, (stated at liquidation preference \$25 per share), 392,878 shares issued and outstanding 9,822 9,8 Common shares of beneficial interest, \$0.01 par, 200,000,000 and 100,000,000 shares authorized, respectively, 82,775,286 and 81,342,959 shares issued and outstanding, respectively 833 8 Additional paid-in capital 3,959,276 3,821,8 Accumulated dividends in excess of net income (1,160,474) (1,034,1 Accumulated other comprehensive income 4,052 5,7 Total shareholders' equity of the Trust 2,963,509 2,954,0 Noncontrolling interests 78,650 80,0 Total shareho					
Other liabilities and deferred credits 225,443 237,6 Total liabilities 5,210,990 5,021,6 Commitments and contingencies (Note 7) Redeemable noncontrolling interests 183,363 178,3 Shareholders' equity Preferred shares, authorized 15,000,000 shares, \$0.01 par:	•				
Total liabilities 5,210,990 5,021,6 Commitments and contingencies (Note 7) 183,363 178,3 Redeemable noncontrolling interests 183,363 178,3 Shareholders' equity Preferred shares, authorized 15,000,000 shares, \$0.01 par: 150,000 shares issued and outstanding 9,822 9,8 Common shares of beneficial interest, \$0.01 par, 200,000,000 and 100,000,000 shares authorized, respectively, 82,775,286 and 81,342,959 shares issued and outstanding, respectively 833 8 Additional paid-in capital 3,959,276 3,821,8 Accumulated dividends in excess of net income (1,160,474) (1,034,1 Accumulated other comprehensive income 4,052 5,7 Total shareholders' equity of the Trust 2,963,509 2,954,0 Noncontrolling interests 78,650 80,0 Total shareholders' equity 3,042,159 3,043,0					
Commitments and contingencies (Note 7) Redeemable noncontrolling interests Shareholders' equity Preferred shares, authorized 15,000,000 shares, \$0.01 par: 5.0% Series C Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares, (stated at liquidation preference \$25,000 per share), 6,000 shares issued and outstanding 5.417% Series 1 Cumulative Convertible Preferred Shares, (stated at liquidation preference \$25 per share), 392,878 shares issued and outstanding Common shares of beneficial interest, \$0.01 par, 200,000,000 and 100,000,000 shares authorized, respectively, 82,775,286 and 81,342,959 shares issued and outstanding, respectively Additional paid-in capital Accumulated dividends in excess of net income 4,052 5,7 Total shareholders' equity of the Trust Noncontrolling interests 78,650 80,0 Total shareholders' equity 3,042,159 3,034,05					
Redeemable noncontrolling interests183,363178,3Shareholders' equityPreferred shares, authorized 15,000,000 shares, \$0.01 par:5.0% Series C Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares, (stated at liquidation preference \$25,000 per share), 6,000 shares issued and outstanding150,000150,005.417% Series 1 Cumulative Convertible Preferred Shares, (stated at liquidation preference \$25 per share), 392,878 shares issued and outstanding9,8229,8Common shares of beneficial interest, \$0.01 par, 200,000,000 and 100,000,000 shares authorized, respectively, 82,775,286 and 81,342,959 shares issued and outstanding, respectively8338Additional paid-in capital3,959,2763,821,8Accumulated dividends in excess of net income(1,160,474)(1,034,1Accumulated other comprehensive income4,0525,7Total shareholders' equity of the Trust2,963,5092,954,0Noncontrolling interests78,65080,0Total shareholders' equity3,042,1593,034,0			5,210,990		5,021,606
Shareholders' equity Preferred shares, authorized 15,000,000 shares, \$0.01 par: 5.0% Series C Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares, (stated at liquidation preference \$25,000 per share), 6,000 shares issued and outstanding 5.417% Series 1 Cumulative Convertible Preferred Shares, (stated at liquidation preference \$25 per share), 392,878 shares issued and outstanding Common shares of beneficial interest, \$0.01 par, 200,000,000 and 100,000,000 shares authorized, respectively, 82,775,286 and 81,342,959 shares issued and outstanding, respectively Additional paid-in capital Accumulated dividends in excess of net income (1,160,474) Accumulated other comprehensive income 4,052 5,7 Total shareholders' equity of the Trust Noncontrolling interests 78,650 80,0 Total shareholders' equity	- , , , ,		102.262		150.256
Preferred shares, authorized 15,000,000 shares, \$0.01 par: 5.0% Series C Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares, (stated at liquidation preference \$25,000 per share), 6,000 shares issued and outstanding 5.417% Series 1 Cumulative Convertible Preferred Shares, (stated at liquidation preference \$25 per share), 392,878 shares issued and outstanding Common shares of beneficial interest, \$0.01 par, 200,000,000 and 100,000,000 shares authorized, respectively, 82,775,286 and 81,342,959 shares issued and outstanding, respectively Additional paid-in capital Accumulated dividends in excess of net income 4,052 Total shareholders' equity of the Trust Noncontrolling interests 78,650 80,0 Total shareholders' equity 3,042,159 3,034,015	·		183,363		17/8,37/0
5.0% Series C Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares, (stated at liquidation preference \$25,000 per share), 6,000 shares issued and outstanding 5.417% Series 1 Cumulative Convertible Preferred Shares, (stated at liquidation preference \$25 per share), 392,878 shares issued and outstanding Common shares of beneficial interest, \$0.01 par, 200,000,000 and 100,000,000 shares authorized, respectively, 82,775,286 and 81,342,959 shares issued and outstanding, respectively Additional paid-in capital Accumulated dividends in excess of net income 4,052 Total shareholders' equity of the Trust Noncontrolling interests 78,650 80,0 Total shareholders' equity 150,000 150,00					
share), 6,000 shares issued and outstanding 5.417% Series 1 Cumulative Convertible Preferred Shares, (stated at liquidation preference \$25 per share), 392,878 shares issued and outstanding Common shares of beneficial interest, \$0.01 par, 200,000,000 and 100,000,000 shares authorized, respectively, 82,775,286 and 81,342,959 shares issued and outstanding, respectively Additional paid-in capital Accumulated dividends in excess of net income 4,052 Total shareholders' equity of the Trust Noncontrolling interests 78,650 80,0 Total shareholders' equity 150,000	*				
392,878 shares issued and outstanding 9,822 9,8 Common shares of beneficial interest, \$0.01 par, 200,000,000 and 100,000,000 shares authorized, respectively, 82,775,286 and 81,342,959 shares issued and outstanding, respectively 833 8 Additional paid-in capital 3,959,276 3,821,8 Accumulated dividends in excess of net income (1,160,474) (1,034,1 Accumulated other comprehensive income 4,052 5,7 Total shareholders' equity of the Trust 2,963,509 2,954,0 Noncontrolling interests 78,650 80,0 Total shareholders' equity 3,042,159 3,034,0	share), 6,000 shares issued and outstanding		150,000		150,000
respectively, 82,775,286 and 81,342,959 shares issued and outstanding, respectively 833 8 Additional paid-in capital 3,959,276 3,821,8 Accumulated dividends in excess of net income (1,160,474) (1,034,1 Accumulated other comprehensive income 4,052 5,7 Total shareholders' equity of the Trust 2,963,509 2,954,0 Noncontrolling interests 78,650 80,0 Total shareholders' equity 3,042,159 3,034,0	5.417% Series 1 Cumulative Convertible Preferred Shares, (stated at liquidation preference \$25 per share), 392,878 shares issued and outstanding		9,822		9,822
Accumulated dividends in excess of net income (1,160,474) (1,034,1 Accumulated other comprehensive income 4,052 5,7 Total shareholders' equity of the Trust 2,963,509 2,954,0 Noncontrolling interests 78,650 80,0 Total shareholders' equity 3,042,159 3,034,0	Common shares of beneficial interest, \$0.01 par, 200,000,000 and 100,000,000 shares authorized, respectively, 82,775,286 and 81,342,959 shares issued and outstanding, respectively		833		818
Accumulated other comprehensive income4,0525,7Total shareholders' equity of the Trust2,963,5092,954,0Noncontrolling interests78,65080,0Total shareholders' equity3,042,1593,034,0	Additional paid-in capital		3,959,276		3,821,801
Accumulated other comprehensive income4,0525,7Total shareholders' equity of the Trust2,963,5092,954,0Noncontrolling interests78,65080,0Total shareholders' equity3,042,1593,034,0			(1,160,474)		(1,034,186
Total shareholders' equity of the Trust 2,963,509 2,954,0 Noncontrolling interests 78,650 80,0 Total shareholders' equity 3,042,159 3,034,0	Accumulated other comprehensive income				5,757
Noncontrolling interests 78,650 80,0 Total shareholders' equity 3,042,159 3,034,0	•		2,963,509		2,954,012
Total shareholders' equity 3,042,159 3,034,0	Noncontrolling interests				80,003
			3,042,159		3,034,015
OTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY \$ 8.436.512 \$ 8.233.9	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$	8,436,512	\$	8,233,991

Federal Realty Investment Trust Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

Consolidated Statements of Comprehe	ensive Income Year Ended December 31,										
	-	2023	2021								
		(In tho	re data)								
REVENUE											
Rental income	\$	1,131,041	\$	1,073,292	\$	948,842					
Mortgage interest income		1,113		1,086		2,382					
Total revenue		1,132,154		1,074,378		951,224					
EXPENSES	_										
Rental expenses		231,666		228,958		198,121					
Real estate taxes		131,429		127,824		118,496					
General and administrative		50,707		52,636		49,856					
Depreciation and amortization		321,763		302,409		279,976					
Total operating expenses		735,565		711,827		646,449					
Gain on deconsolidation of VIE		_		70,374		_					
Gain on sale of real estate and change in control of interest		9,881		93,483		89,950					
OPERATING INCOME		406,470		526,408		394,725					
OTHER BUGOLUE (CHARENGE)											
OTHER INCOME/(EXPENSE)		4.607		1.072		900					
Other interest income		4,687		1,072		809					
Interest expense		(167,809)		(136,989)		(127,698)					
Income from partnerships NET INCOME		3,869		5,170		1,245					
		247,217		395,661		269,081					
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(10,232)		(10,170)		(7,583)					
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE TRUST		236,985		385,491		261,498					
Dividends on preferred shares NET INCOME AVAILABLE FOR COMMON SHAREHOLDERS	Φ.	(8,032)	Φ.	(8,034)	Φ.	(8,042)					
	\$	228,953	\$	377,457	\$	253,456					
EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE, BASIC	•	• 00	Φ.		Φ.	2.26					
Net income available for common shareholders	\$	2.80	\$	4.71	\$	3.26					
Weighted average number of common shares		81,313		79,854		77,336					
EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE, DILUTED											
Net income available for common shareholders	\$	2.80	\$	4.71	\$	3.26					
Weighted average number of common shares		81,313		80,508		77,368					
NET INCOME	\$	247,217	\$	395,661	\$	269,081					
Other comprehensive (loss) income - change in value of interest rate swaps		(1,824)		8,569		3,917					
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		245,393		404,230		272,998					
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(10,113)		(10,935)		(7,903)					
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE TRUST	\$	235,280	\$	393,295	\$	265,095					

Federal Realty Investment Trust Consolidated Statement of Shareholders' Equity

Shareholders' Equity of the Trust

						laity of the 11	Accumulated	Accumulated		
		Amount	Common		_	Additional Paid-in	Dividends in Excess of Net	Other Comprehensive	Noncontrolling	
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amou	ınt	Capital (In thousand	Income s, except share da	(Loss) Income	Interests	Equity
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2020	405,896	\$ 159,997	76,727,394	\$ 7	71	\$ 3,297,305			\$ 84,590	\$ 2,548,747
Net income, excluding \$4,296 attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests	_	_	_	-	_	_	261,498	_	3,287	264,785
Other comprehensive income - change in value of interest rate swaps, excluding \$320 attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	3,597	_	3,597
Dividends declared to common shareholders (\$4.26 per share)	_	_	_	_	_	_	(332,116)		_	(332,116)
Dividends declared to preferred shareholders	_	_	_		_	_	(8,042)	_	_	(8,042)
Distributions declared to noncontrolling interests, excluding \$5,268 attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	(4,341)	(4,341)
Common shares issued, net	_	_	1,643,845		17	172,736	_	_		172,753
Shares issued under dividend reinvestment plan	_	_	19,758	-	_	1,955	_	_	_	1,955
Share-based compensation expense, net of forfeitures	_	_	164,553		2	14,432	_	_	_	14,434
Shares withheld for employee taxes	_	_	(29,031)		_	(2,998)	_	_	_	(2,998)
Conversion and redemption of downREIT OP units	_	_	76,786		_	7,474	_	_	(7,573)	(99)
Contributions from noncontrolling interests, excluding \$74,530 attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	6,583	6,583
Adjustment to redeemable noncontrolling interests	_	_	_	-	_	(2,110)	_	_		(2,110)
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2021	405,896	\$ 159,997	78,603,305	\$ 75	90	\$ 3,488,794	\$ (1,066,932)	\$ (2,047)	\$ 82,546	\$ 2,663,148
Net income, excluding \$6,613 attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests		_	_	-	_	_	385,491	_	3,557	389,048
Other comprehensive income - change in value of interest rate swaps, excluding \$765 attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	7,804	_	7,804
Dividends declared to common shareholders (\$4.30 per share)	_	_	_		_	_	(344,711)		_	(344,711)
Dividends declared to preferred shareholders	_	_	_	-	_	_	(8,034)	_	_	(8,034)
Distributions declared to noncontrolling interests, excluding \$8,090 attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	(5,007)	(5,007)
Common shares issued, net	_	_	2,634,223	1	26	306,828	_	_	_	306,854
Exercise of stock options	_	_	366		_	35	_	_	_	35
Shares issued under dividend reinvestment plan	_	_	19,502	-	_	2,104	_	_	_	2,104
Share-based compensation expense, net of forfeitures	_	_	110,395		2	15,016	_	_	_	15,018
Shares withheld for employee taxes	_	_	(41,105)	-	_	(4,900)	_	_	_	(4,900)
Conversion of preferred shares	(7,018)	(175)	1,675		_	175	_	_	_	`
Conversion and redemption of downREIT OP units	_		14,598	-	_	1,367	_	_	(2,065)	(698)
Deconsolidation of VIE	_	_			_		_	_	972	972
Adjustment to redeemable noncontrolling interests	_	_	_		_	12,382	_	_		12,382
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2022	398,878	\$159,822	81,342,959	\$ 8	18	\$ 3,821,801	\$ (1,034,186)	\$ 5,757	\$ 80,003	\$ 3,034,015
Net income, excluding \$7,253 attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests			-	-	_		236,985		2,979	239,964
Other comprehensive loss - change in value of interest rate swaps, excluding \$119 attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest								(1,705)		(1,705)
	_	_	_	-	_	_	(255 241)	(1,703)	_	
Dividends declared to common shareholders (\$4.34 per share)		_		-	_		(355,241)	_	_	(355,241)
Dividends declared to preferred shareholders Distributions declared to noncontrolling interests, excluding \$9,539 attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests		_	_		_	_	(8,032)	_	(4,541)	(8,032) (4,541)
Common shares issued, net	_	_	1,310,118		13	131,716	_	_	(1,511)	131,729
Shares issued under dividend reinvestment plan	_	_	19,847		_	1,870	_	_	_	1,870
Share-based compensation expense, net of forfeitures	_	_	139,248		2	15,425			_	15,427
Shares withheld for employee taxes			(46,009)		_	(5,019)	_		_	(5,019)
Conversion and redemption of downREIT OP units			9,123		_	883	_	_	(883)	(3,019)
Contributions from noncontrolling interests	_		7,143			003	_		1,092	1,092
Adjustment to redeemable noncontrolling interests	_	_	_	-	_	(7,400)			1,092	
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2023	398,878	\$159,822	82,775,286			\$ 3,959,276		\$ 4,052		\$ 3,042,159
DILIMOL M DECEMBER 31, 2023	370,078	\$139,044	34,773,400	φ δ.	دد	ψ J,7J7,410	ψ (1,100,4/4)	Ψ 4,032	φ /0,030	ψ 3,042,139

Federal Realty Investment Trust Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	Year Ended December 31,					
		2021				
	-	2023	(Iı	2022 n thousands)		2021
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			(11	ii tiiousanus)		
Net income	\$	247,217	\$	395,661	\$	269,081
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		., .		,		,
Depreciation and amortization		321,763		302,409		279,976
Gain on deconsolidation of VIE		_		(70,374)		
Gain on sale of real estate and change in control of interest		(9,881)		(93,483)		(89,950)
Income from partnerships		(3,869)		(5,170)		(1,245)
Straight-line rent		(11,576)		(18,326)		(9,397)
Share-based compensation expense		14,308		13,704		13,009
Other, net		(4,959)		(4,812)		(3,223)
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisitions and dispositions:		(1,5-27)		(1,01=)		(=,===)
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable, net		3,468		(12,071)		1,214
Increase in prepaid expenses and other assets		(6,881)		(1,219)		(5,607)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses		6,005		77		6,782
Increase in security deposits and other liabilities		235		10,373		10,712
Net cash provided by operating activities		555,830		516,769		471,352
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		333,030		310,707		4/1,332
Acquisition of real estate		(60,628)		(438,494)		(366,466)
Capital expenditures - development and redevelopment		(214,062)		(309,046)		(368,786)
Capital expenditures - other		(97,058)		(107,655)		(71,728)
Costs associated with property sold under threat of condemnation		(1,378)		(18,031)		(71,726)
Proceeds from sale of real estate		28,451		133,717		137,868
Change in cash from deconsolidation of VIE		20,431		(4,192)		137,000
		_				(3,115)
Investment in partnerships Distribution from partnerships in every of cornings		9,860		(23,155)		2,970
Distribution from partnerships in excess of earnings				6,864		
Leasing costs (Issuance) repayment of mortgage and other notes receivable, net		(23,510)		(22,541)		(21,990) 31,129
Net cash used in investing activities		(250 225)		(3,465)		
-		(358,325)		(785,998)		(660,118)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				((275)		
Costs to amend revolving credit facility		245 (00		(6,375)		_
Issuance of senior notes, net of costs		345,698				_
Repayment of senior notes		(275,000)		200.560		_
Issuance of mortgages and notes payable, net of costs		199,237		298,568		(277 (42)
Repayment of mortgages, finance leases, and notes payable		(58,472)		(19,443)		(277,643)
Issuance of common shares, net of costs		131,895		307,275		172,981
Dividends paid to common and preferred shareholders		(359,194)		(347,284)		(335,656)
Shares withheld for employee taxes		(5,019)		(4,900)		(2,998)
Contributions from noncontrolling interests		1,092		(25.425)		133
Distributions to and redemptions of noncontrolling interests		(14,086)		(37,427)		(9,784)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities		(33,849)		190,414		(452,967)
Increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash		163,656		(78,815)		(641,733)
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at beginning of year		96,348		175,163		816,896
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at end of year	\$	260,004	\$	96,348	\$	175,163

Federal Realty OP LP Consolidated Balance Sheets

		Decem	1,	
		2023		2022
		(In thousands,	excep	t unit data)
ASSETS				
Real estate, at cost				
Operating (including \$2,021,622 and \$1,997,583 of consolidated variable interest entities, respectively)	\$	9,932,891	\$	9,441,945
Construction-in-progress (including \$8,677 and \$8,477 of consolidated variable interest entities, respectively)		613,296		662,554
		10,546,187		10,104,499
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization (including \$416,663 and \$362,921 of consolidated variable interest entities, respectively)		(2,963,519)		(2,715,817)
Net real estate		7,582,668		7,388,682
Cash and cash equivalents		250,825		85,558
Accounts and notes receivable, net		201,733		197,648
Mortgage notes receivable, net		9,196		9,456
Investment in partnerships		34,870		145,205
Operating lease right of use assets, net		86,993		94,569
Finance lease right of use assets, net		6,850		45,467
Prepaid expenses and other assets		263,377		267,406
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	8,436,512	\$	8,233,991
LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL	_			
Liabilities				
Mortgages payable, net (including \$189,286 and \$191,827 of consolidated variable interest entities, respectively)	\$	516,936	\$	320,615
Notes payable, net		601,945		601,077
Senior notes and debentures, net		3,480,296		3,407,701
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		174,714		190,340
Dividends payable		92,634		90,263
Security deposits payable		30,482		28,508
Operating lease liabilities		75,870		77,743
Finance lease liabilities		12,670		67,660
Other liabilities and deferred credits		225,443		237,699
Total liabilities		5,210,990		5,021,606
Commitments and contingencies (Note 7)				
Redeemable noncontrolling interests		183,363		178,370
Partner capital				
Preferred units, 398,878 units issued and outstanding		154,788		154,788
Common units, 82,775,286 and 81,342,959 units issued and outstanding, respectively		2,804,669		2,793,467
Accumulated other comprehensive income		4,052		5,757
Total partner capital		2,963,509		2,954,012
Noncontrolling interests in consolidated partnerships		78,650		80,003
Total capital		3,042,159		3,034,015
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL	\$	8,436,512	\$	8,233,991

Federal Realty OP LP Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

		Year Ended December 31,					
		2023		2022		2021	
		(In the	ousan	ds, except per un	it data)	
REVENUE							
Rental income	\$		\$	1,073,292	\$	948,842	
Mortgage interest income		1,113		1,086		2,382	
Total revenue	. <u></u>	1,132,154		1,074,378		951,224	
EXPENSES							
Rental expenses		231,666		228,958		198,121	
Real estate taxes		131,429		127,824		118,496	
General and administrative		50,707		52,636		49,856	
Depreciation and amortization		321,763		302,409		279,976	
Total operating expenses		735,565		711,827		646,449	
Gain on deconsolidation of VIE		_		70,374		_	
Gain on sale of real estate and change in control of interest		9,881		93,483		89,950	
OPERATING INCOME		406,470		526,408		394,725	
OTHER INCOME/(EXPENSE)							
Other interest income		4,687		1,072		809	
Interest expense		(167,809)		(136,989)		(127,698)	
Income from partnerships		3,869		5,170		1,245	
NET INCOME		247,217		395,661		269,081	
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(10,232)		(10,170)		(7,583)	
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE PARTNERSHIP		236,985		385,491		261,498	
Dividends on preferred units		(8,032)		(8,034)		(8,042)	
NET INCOME AVAILABLE FOR COMMON UNIT HOLDERS	\$	228,953	\$	377,457	\$	253,456	
EARNINGS PER COMMON UNIT, BASIC	y	220,733	Ψ	377,437	Φ	233,430	
Net income available for common unit holders	\$	2.80	\$	4.71	\$	3.26	
Weighted average number of common units		81,313	=	79,854	<u> </u>	77,336	
EARNINGS PER COMMON UNIT, DILUTED	_		_		_		
Net income available for common unit holders	\$	2.80	\$	4.71	\$	3.26	
Weighted average number of common units	-	81,313	Ť	80,508	Ť	77,368	
	==		_		=		
NET INCOME	\$	247,217	\$	395,661	\$	269,081	
Other comprehensive (loss) income - change in value of interest rate swaps		(1,824)		8,569		3,917	
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		245,393		404,230		272,998	
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(10,113)		(10,935)		(7,903)	
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE PARTNERSHIP	\$	235,280	\$	393,295	\$	265,095	

Federal Realty OP LP Consolidated Statements of Capital

	Pre	ferred Units	(Common Units	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Total Partner (Loss) Income Capital		Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Partnerships		Total Capital	
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2020	S	154,963	\$	2,314,838	\$ (5,644)	\$	2,464,157	\$ 84,590) §	
Net income, excluding \$4,296 attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests	Ψ	8,042	Ψ	253,456	(3,011)	Ψ	261,498	3,287		264,785
Other comprehensive income - change in fair value of interest rate swaps, excluding \$320 attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest					3,597		3,597		_	3,597
Distributions declared to common unit holders		_		(332,116)	_		(332,116)	_		(332,116)
Distributions declared to preferred unit holders		(8,042)			_		(8,042)	_	-	(8,042)
Distributions declared to noncontrolling interests in consolidated partnerships, excluding \$5,268 attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests		_		_	_		_	(4,341)	(4,341)
Common units issued as a result of common stock issued by Parent Company, net of issuance costs		_		172,753	_		172,753	_	-	172,753
Common units issued under dividend reinvestment plan		_		1,955	_		1,955	_	-	1,955
Share-based compensation expense, net of forfeitures		_		14,434	_		14,434	_	-	14,434
Common units withheld for employee taxes		_		(2,998)	_		(2,998)	_	-	(2,998)
Conversion of downREIT OP units		_		7,474	_		7,474	(7,573)	(99)
Contributions from noncontrolling interests, excluding \$74,530 attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests		_		_	_		_	6,583	3	6,583
Adjustment to redeemable noncontrolling interests		_		(2,110)	_		(2,110)	_	-	(2,110)
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2021	\$	154,963	\$	2,427,686	\$ (2,047)	\$	2,580,602	\$ 82,546	5 \$	2,663,148
Net income, excluding \$6,613 attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests		8,034		377,457	_		385,491	3,557	7	389,048
Other comprehensive income - change in fair value of interest rate swaps, excluding \$765 attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest		_		_	7,804		7,804	_	-	7,804
Distributions declared to common unit holders		_		(344,711)	_		(344,711)	_	-	(344,711)
Distributions declared to preferred unit holders		(8,034)		_	_		(8,034)	_	-	(8,034)
Distributions declared to noncontrolling interests in consolidated partnerships, excluding \$8,090 attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests		_		_	_		_	(5,007	')	(5,007)
Common units issued as a result of common stock issued by Parent Company, net of issuance costs		_		306,854	_		306,854	_	-	306,854
Exercise of stock options		_		35	_		35	_	-	35
Common units issued under dividend reinvestment plan		_		2,104	_		2,104	_	-	2,104
Share-based compensation expense, net of forfeitures		_		15,018	_		15,018	_	-	15,018
Common units withheld for employee taxes		_		(4,900)	_		(4,900)	_	-	(4,900)
Conversion of preferred units		(175)		175	_		_	_	-	_
Conversion and redemption of downREIT OP units		_		1,367	_		1,367	(2,065)	(698)
Deconsolidation of VIE		_		_	_		_	972	2	972
Adjustment to redeemable noncontrolling interests				12,382			12,382			12,382
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2022	\$	154,788	\$		\$ 5,757	\$	2,954,012	\$ 80,003		3,034,015
Net income, excluding \$7,253 attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests		8,032		228,953	_		236,985	2,979)	239,964
Other comprehensive loss - change in fair value of interest rate swaps, excluding \$119 attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest		_		_	(1,705)		(1,705)	_	-	(1,705)
Distributions declared to common unit holders		_		(355,241)	_		(355,241)	_	-	(355,241)
Distributions declared to preferred unit holders		(8,032)		_	_		(8,032)	_	-	(8,032)
Distributions declared to noncontrolling interests in consolidated partnerships, excluding \$9,539 attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests		_		_	_		_	(4,541)	(4,541)
Common units issued as a result of common stock issued by Parent Company, net of issuance costs		_		131,729	_		131,729	_	-	131,729
Common units issued under dividend reinvestment plan		_		1,870	_		1,870	_	-	1,870
Share-based compensation expense, net of forfeitures		_		15,427	_		15,427	_	-	15,427
Common units withheld for employee taxes		_		(5,019)	_		(5,019)	_		(5,019)
Conversion and redemption of downREIT OP units		_		883	_		883	(883	(_
Contributions from noncontrolling interests		_						1,092	2	1,092
Adjustment to redeemable noncontrolling interests		_		(7,400)			(7,400)			(7,400)
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2023	\$	154,788	\$	2,804,669	\$ 4,052	\$	2,963,509	\$ 78,650) \$	3,042,159

Federal Realty OP LP Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	Year Ended December 31,					
	2023 2022					2021
		2020	(Ir	thousands)		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Net income	\$	247,217	\$	395,661	\$	269,081
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization		321,763		302,409		279,976
Gain on deconsolidation of VIE				(70,374)		_
Gain on sale of real estate and change in control of interest		(9,881)		(93,483)		(89,950)
Income from partnerships		(3,869)		(5,170)		(1,245)
Straight-line rent		(11,576)		(18,326)		(9,397)
Share-based compensation expense		14,308		13,704		13,009
Other, net		(4,959)		(4,812)		(3,223)
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisitions and dispositions:		, , ,				
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable, net		3,468		(12,071)		1,214
Increase in prepaid expenses and other assets		(6,881)		(1,219)		(5,607)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses		6,005		77		6,782
Increase in security deposits and other liabilities		235		10,373		10,712
Net cash provided by operating activities		555,830		516,769		471,352
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		,		,		, ,,,
Acquisition of real estate		(60,628)		(438,494)		(366,466)
Capital expenditures - development and redevelopment		(214,062)		(309,046)		(368,786)
Capital expenditures - other		(97,058)		(107,655)		(71,728)
Costs associated with property sold under threat of condemnation		(1,378)		(18,031)		
Proceeds from sale of real estate		28,451		133,717		137,868
Change in cash from deconsolidation of VIE				(4,192)		_
Investment in partnerships		_		(23,155)		(3,115)
Distribution from partnerships in excess of earnings		9,860		6,864		2,970
Leasing costs		(23,510)		(22,541)		(21,990)
(Issuance) repayment of mortgage and other notes receivable, net		_		(3,465)		31,129
Net cash used in investing activities		(358,325)	_	(785,998)	_	(660,118)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(330,323)		(105,550)		(000,110)
Costs to amend revolving credit facility		_		(6,375)		
Issuance of senior notes, net of costs		345,698		(0,5,70)		
Repayment of senior notes		(275,000)		_		
Issuance of mortgages and notes payable, net of costs		199,237		298,568		
Repayment of mortgages, finance leases, and notes payable		(58,472)		(19,443)		(277,643)
Issuance of common units, net of costs		131,895		307,275		172,981
Dividends paid to common and preferred unit holders		(359,194)		(347,284)		(335,656)
Common units withheld for employee taxes		(5,019)		(4,900)		(2,998)
Contributions from noncontrolling interests		1,092		(1,500)		133
Distributions to and redemptions of noncontrolling interests		(14,086)		(37,427)		(9,784)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	_	(33,849)	_	190,414		(452,967)
Increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash		163,656		(78,815)		(641,733)
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at beginning of year		96,348				
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at beginning of year Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at end of year	¢.		¢	175,163	•	816,896
Cash, Cash equivalents, and restricted cash at end of year	\$	260,004	\$	96,348	\$	175,163

Federal Realty Investment Trust Federal Realty OP LP

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021

NOTE 1—BUSINESS AND ORGANIZATION

Federal Realty Investment Trust (the "Parent Company" and "Trust") is an equity real estate investment trust ("REIT"). Federal Realty OP LP (the "Operating Partnership") is the entity through which the Parent Company conducts substantially all of its operating and owns all of its assets. The Parent Company owns 100% of the limited liability company interests of, is sole member of, and exercises control over Federal Realty GP LLC (the "General Partner"), which in turn, is the sole general partner of the Operating Partnership. The Parent Company specializes in the ownership, management, and redevelopment of retail and mixed-use properties through the Operating Partnership. Our properties are located primarily in communities where we believe retail demand exceeds supply, in strategically selected metropolitan markets in the Mid-Atlantic and Northeast regions of the United States, California, and South Florida. As of December 31, 2023, we owned or had a majority interest in community and neighborhood shopping centers and mixed-use properties which are operated as 102 predominantly retail real estate projects.

We operate in a manner intended to enable the Trust to qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes. A REIT that distributes at least 90% of its taxable income to its shareholders each year and meets certain other conditions is not taxed on that portion of its taxable income which is distributed to its shareholders.

General Economic Conditions

The heightened levels of inflation, higher interest rates, and the potentially worsening of economic conditions presents risks for our business and our tenants. We continue to monitor and address risks related to the general state of the economy. The extent of the future effects on our business, results of operations, cash flows, and growth strategies is highly uncertain and will ultimately depend on future developments, none of which can be predicted.

NOTE 2—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

In January 2022, we completed a reorganization into an umbrella partnership real estate investment trust, or "UPREIT." Immediately following the reorganization, the Parent Company had the same consolidated assets and liabilities as Federal Realty Investment Trust immediately before the reorganization. The Parent Company exercises exclusive control over the General Partner and does not have assets or liabilities other than its investment in the Operating Partnership. As a result, the UPREIT reorganization represented a merger of entities under common control in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"). Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements including the notes thereto, are presented as if the UPREIT reorganization had occurred at the earliest period presented.

Principles of Consolidation

As discussed in the Explanatory Note, we have combined the Annual Reports on Form 10-K of the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership into this single report. As a result, we present two sets of consolidated financial statements. Both sets of consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the entity, its corporate subsidiaries, and all entities in which it has a controlling interest or has been determined to the primary beneficiary of a variable interest entity ("VIE"). The Parent Company's consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Operating Partnership and its subsidiaries as the Parent, and through its ownership and control over the General Partner, exercises exclusive control over the Operating Partnership. The equity interests of other investors are reflected as noncontrolling interests or redeemable noncontrolling interests. All significant intercompany transactions and balances are eliminated in consolidation. We account for our interests in joint ventures, which we do not control, using the equity method of accounting.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, referred to as "GAAP," requires management to make estimates and assumptions that in certain circumstances affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and revenues and expenses. These estimates are prepared using management's best judgment, after considering past, current and expected events and economic conditions. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Revenue Recognition and Accounts Receivable

Our leases with our tenants are classified as operating leases. When collection of substantially all lease payments during the lease term is considered probable, the lease qualifies for accrual accounting. Lease payments are recognized on a straight-line basis from the point in time when the tenant controls the space through the term of the related lease. Variable lease payments relating to percentage rent are recognized at the end of the lease year or earlier if we have determined the required sales level is achieved. Real estate tax and other cost reimbursements are recognized on an accrual basis over the periods in which the related expenditures are incurred. Many of our leases contain tenant options that enable the tenant to extend the term of the lease at expiration at pre-established rental rates that often include fixed rent increases, consumer price index adjustments or other market rate adjustments from the prior base rent. For a tenant to terminate its lease agreement prior to the end of the agreed term, we may require that they pay a fee to cancel the lease agreement. Lease termination fees are generally recognized on the termination date if the tenant has relinquished control of the space. When a lease is terminated early but the tenant continues to control the space under a modified lease agreement, the lease termination fee is generally recognized evenly over the remaining term of the modified lease agreement. Lease concessions are evaluated to determine whether the concession represents a modification of the original lease contract. Modifications generally result in a reassessment of the lease term and lease classification, and remeasurement of lease payments received. Remeasured lease payments are recognized on a straight-line basis over the remaining term of the modified lease contract.

In April 2020, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued interpretive guidance relating to the accounting for lease concessions provided as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic that allows entities to treat the concession as if it was a part of the existing contract instead of applying lease modification accounting. This guidance is only applicable to the COVID-19 pandemic related lease concessions that do not result in a substantial increase in the rights of the lessor or the obligations of the lessee. We have elected this option relating to qualifying rent deferral and rent abatement agreements. For qualifying lease modifications with rent deferrals, this results in no change to our revenue recognition but an increase in the lease receivable balance until the deferred rent has been repaid. For qualifying lease modifications that include rent abatement concessions, this results in a direct reduction of rental income in the current period. As of December 31, 2023, we have collected approximately \$40 million out of a total of \$48 million from executed rent deferral agreements related to the COVID-19 pandemic. As of December 31, 2023, we had rent abatement agreements related to the COVID-19 pandemic, impacting rents in 2023, 2022, and 2021 of less than \$1 million, \$4 million, and \$26 million, respectively.

When collection of substantially all lease payments during the lease term is not considered probable, total lease revenue is limited to the lesser of revenue recognized under accrual accounting or cash received. Determining the probability of collection of substantially all lease payments during a lease term requires significant judgment. This determination is impacted by numerous factors including our assessment of the tenant's credit worthiness, economic conditions, tenant sales productivity in that location, historical experience with the tenant and tenants operating in the same industry, future prospects for the tenant and the industry in which it operates, and the length of the lease term. If leases currently classified as probable are subsequently reclassified as not probable, any outstanding lease receivables (including straight-line rent receivables) would be written-off with a corresponding decrease in rental income. If leases currently classified as not probable are subsequently changed to probable, any lease receivables (including straight-line rent receivables) are re-instated with a corresponding increase to rental income.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, our collectibility related adjustments resulted in a decrease to rental income of \$0.4 million, an increase to rental income of \$4.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2022, and a decrease to rental income of \$24.0 million during the year ended December 31, 2021. This includes not only the impact of current period rent collections for leases classified as not probable but also collections of prior period rents for those tenants, changes in our collectibility assessments from probable to not probable, disputed rents, and any rent abatements directly related to COVID-19. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the revenue from approximately 28% and 31% of our tenants (based on total commercial leases), respectively, is being recognized on a cash basis. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, our straight-line rent receivables balance was \$138.4 million and \$126.6 million, respectively, and is included in "accounts and notes receivable, net" on our consolidated balance sheet.

Other revenue recognition policies

Sales of real estate are recognized upon the transfer of control, which usually occurs when the real estate is legally sold. When we enter into a transaction to sell a property or a portion of a property, we evaluate the recognition of the sale under ASC 610-20, "Other Income - Gains and Losses from the Derecognition of Nonfinancial Assets." In accordance with ASC 610-20, we apply the guidance in ASC 606, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers," to determine whether and when control transfers and how to measure the associated gain or loss. We determine the transaction price based on the consideration we expect to receive. Variable consideration is included in the transaction price to the extent it is probable that a significant reversal of a gain recognized will not occur. We analyze the risk of a significant gain reversal and if necessary limit the amount of

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variable consideration recognized in order to mitigate this risk. The estimation of variable consideration requires us to make assumptions and apply significant judgment.

Real Estate

Land, buildings and improvements are recorded at cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives range generally from 35 years to a maximum of 50 years on buildings and major improvements. Minor improvements, furniture and equipment are capitalized and depreciated over useful lives ranging from 2 to 20 years. Maintenance and repairs that do not improve or extend the useful lives of the related assets are charged to operations as incurred. Tenant improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the life of the related lease or their estimated useful life, whichever is shorter. If a tenant vacates its space prior to contractual termination of its lease, the undepreciated balance of any tenant improvements are written off if they are replaced or have no future value. In 2023, 2022 and 2021, real estate depreciation expense was \$282.0 million, \$265.7 million and \$245.1 million, respectively, including amounts from real estate sold.

Our methodology of allocating the cost of acquisitions to assets acquired and liabilities assumed is based on estimated fair values, replacement cost and/or appraised values. When we acquire operating real estate properties, the purchase price is allocated to land, building, improvements, leasing costs, intangibles such as acquired leases, assumed debt, if any, and to current assets acquired and current liabilities assumed, if any. The value allocated to acquired leases is amortized over the related lease term and reflected as rental income in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income. We consider qualitative and quantitative factors in evaluating the likelihood of a tenant exercising a below market renewal option and include such renewal options in the calculation of acquired lease value when we consider these to be bargain renewal options. If the value of below market lease intangibles includes renewal option periods, we include such renewal periods in the amortization period utilized. If a tenant vacates its space prior to contractual termination of its lease, the unamortized balance of any acquired lease value is written off to rental income.

Transaction costs related to asset acquisitions, such as broker fees, transfer taxes, legal, accounting, valuation, and other professional and consulting fees, are capitalized as part of the acquisition cost. The acquisition of an operating shopping center typically qualifies as an asset acquisition.

We capitalize certain costs related to the development and redevelopment of real estate including pre-construction costs, real estate taxes, insurance, construction costs and salaries and related costs of personnel directly involved, are capitalized. Additionally, we capitalize interest costs related to development and redevelopment activities. Capitalization of these costs begin when the activities and related expenditures commence and cease when the project is substantially complete and ready for its intended use at which time the project is placed in service and depreciation commences. Additionally, we make estimates as to the probability of certain development and redevelopment projects being completed. If we determine the development or redevelopment is no longer probable of completion, we expense all capitalized costs which are not recoverable.

Long-Lived Assets and Impairment

There are estimates and assumptions made by management in preparing the consolidated financial statements for which the actual results will be determined over long periods of time. This includes the recoverability of long-lived assets, including our properties that have been acquired or redeveloped and our investment in certain joint ventures. Management's evaluation of impairment includes review for possible indicators of impairment as well as, in certain circumstances, undiscounted and discounted cash flow analysis. Since most of our investments in real estate are wholly-owned or controlled assets which are held for use, a property with impairment indicators is first tested for impairment by comparing the undiscounted cash flows, including residual value, to the current net book value of the property. If the undiscounted cash flows are less than the net book value, the property is written down to expected fair value.

The calculation of both discounted and undiscounted cash flows requires management to make estimates of future cash flows including revenues, operating expenses, required maintenance and development expenditures, market conditions, demand for space by tenants and rental rates over long periods. Because our properties typically have a long life, the assumptions used to estimate the future recoverability of book value requires significant management judgment. Actual results could be significantly different from the estimates. These estimates have a direct impact on net income, because recording an impairment charge results in a negative adjustment to net income.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

We define cash and cash equivalents as cash on hand, demand deposits with financial institutions and short term liquid investments with an initial maturity, when purchased, under three months. Cash balances in individual banks may exceed the

federally insured limit by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (the "FDIC"). At December 31, 2023, we had \$257.2 million in excess of the FDIC insured limit.

Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets

Prepaid expenses and other assets consist primarily of lease costs, prepaid property taxes and acquired above market leases. Capitalized lease costs are incremental direct costs incurred which were essential to originate a successful leasing arrangement and would not have been incurred had the leasing transaction not taken place. These costs include third party commissions related to obtaining a lease. Capitalized lease costs are amortized over the initial life of the related lease which generally ranges from three to ten years. We view these lease costs as part of the up-front initial investment we made in order to generate a long-term cash inflow and therefore, we classify cash outflows related to leasing costs as an investing activity in our consolidated statements of cash flows. If a tenant vacates its space prior to the contractual termination of its lease, the unamortized balance of any previously capitalized lease costs are written off.

Debt Issuance Costs

Costs related to the issuance of debt instruments are deferred and are amortized as interest expense over the estimated life of the related issue using the straight-line method which approximates the effective interest method. If a debt instrument is paid off prior to its original maturity date, the unamortized balance of debt issuance costs are written off to interest expense or, if significant, included in "early extinguishment of debt." Debt issuance costs related to our revolving credit facility are classified as an asset and are included in "prepaid expenses and other assets" in our consolidated balance sheets. All other debt issuance costs are presented as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of the debt liability.

Derivative Instruments

We may use derivative instruments to manage exposure to variable interest rate risk. We generally enter into interest rate swaps to manage our exposure to variable interest rate risk and treasury locks to manage the risk of interest rates rising prior to the issuance of debt. We enter into derivative instruments that qualify as cash flow hedges and do not enter into derivative instruments for speculative purposes.

Interest rate swaps associated with cash flow hedges are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis. Effectiveness of cash flow hedges is assessed both at inception and on an ongoing basis. The effective portion of changes in fair value of the interest rate swaps associated with cash flow hedges is recorded in other comprehensive income (loss) which is included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) on the balance sheet and statement of shareholders' equity. Cash flow hedges become ineffective if critical terms of the hedging instrument and the debt instrument do not perfectly match such as notional amounts, settlement dates, reset dates, calculation period and SOFR rate. In addition, the default risk of the counterparty is evaluated by monitoring the credit worthiness of the counterparty which includes reviewing debt ratings and financial performance. If a cash flow hedge is deemed ineffective, the ineffective portion of changes in fair value of the interest rate swaps associated with cash flow hedges is recognized in earnings in the period affected.

At December 31, 2023, we have two interest rate swap agreements that effectively fix the interest rate on a mortgage payable associated with our Hoboken property at 3.67%, and three interest rate swap agreements that effectively fix the interest rate on a mortgage payable secured by our Bethesda Row property at a weighted average interest rate of 5.03% through the initial maturity date. As of December 31, 2023, our Assembly Row hotel joint venture is a party to two interest rate swap agreements that effectively fix the interest rate on 100% of the joint venture's mortgage debt through May 2025 at 6.39%, and 50% of its outstanding debt from June 2025 through May 2028 at 6.03%. All swaps were designated and qualify as cash flow hedges. Hedge ineffectiveness has not impacted earnings in 2023, 2022 and 2021.

Mortgage Notes Receivable

We have invested in certain mortgage loans that, because of their nature, qualify as loan receivables. At the time of investment, we did not intend for the arrangement to be anything other than a financing and did not contemplate a real estate investment. We evaluate each investment to determine whether the loan arrangement qualifies as a loan, joint venture or real estate investment and the appropriate accounting thereon. Such determination affects our balance sheet classification of these investments and the recognition of interest income derived therefrom.

Mortgage notes receivable are recorded at cost, net of any valuation adjustments. We account for mortgage notes receivable using the "expected credit loss" model, and accordingly impairment losses are estimated and recorded for the entire life of the loan. Interest income is accrued as earned. Mortgage notes receivable are considered past due based on the contractual terms of the note agreement. On a quarterly basis, we evaluate the collectability of each mortgage note receivable and update our expected credit loss model based on various factors which may include payment history, expected fair value of the collateral

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securing the loan, internal and external credit information and/or economic trends. A loan is considered impaired when it is probable that we will be unable to collect all amounts due under the existing contractual terms. When a loan is considered impaired, the amount of the loss accrual is calculated by comparing the carrying amount of the mortgage note receivable to the present value of expected future cash flows. As our loans are collateralized by mortgages, these loans have risk characteristics similar to the risks in owning commercial real estate.

At December 31, 2023, we had three mortgage notes receivable with an aggregate carrying amount, net of valuation adjustments of \$9.2 million, and a weighted average interest rate of 10.9%.

Share Based Compensation

We grant share based compensation awards to employees and trustees typically in the form of restricted common shares, common shares, and options. We measure share based compensation expense based on the grant date fair value of the award and recognize the expense ratably over the requisite service period, which is typically the vesting period. See Note 12 to the consolidated financial statements for further discussion regarding our share based compensation plans and policies.

Variable Interest Entities

Certain entities that do not have sufficient equity at risk for the entity to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support from other parties or in which equity investors do not have the characteristics of a controlling financial interest qualify as VIEs. VIEs are required to be consolidated by their primary beneficiary. The primary beneficiary of a VIE has both the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact economic performance of the VIE and the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits that could potentially be significant to the VIE.

Our equity method investments in the Assembly Row hotel joint venture, the La Alameda shopping center, the Chandler Festival and Chandler Gateway shopping centers, and our mortgage notes receivable are considered variable interests in a VIE (see Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements for additional information on the Chandler Festival and Chandler Gateway shopping centers). As we do not control the activities that most significantly impact the economic performance of our equity method joint ventures or the borrower entities related to our mortgage notes receivable, we are not the primary beneficiary and do not consolidate. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, our investment in the equity method joint ventures and maximum exposure to loss was \$30.9 million and \$34.0 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, our investment in mortgage notes receivable and maximum exposure to loss was \$9.2 million and \$9.5 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2022, we had a 77.7% tenancy in common ("TIC") interest in Escondido Promenade which was recorded as an equity method investment and included in investments in partnerships" on our December 31, 2022 consolidated balance sheets. Our TIC interest in Escondido Promenade was not considered a variable interest in a VIE, and we subsequently purchased our co-owners interest on May 26, 2023, at which point we consolidated the property. See Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements for additional information.

In addition, we have 19 entities that meet the criteria of a VIE in which we hold a variable interest. For each of these entities, we control the significant operating decisions and consequently have the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the economic performance of the entities. As we also have the obligation to absorb the majority of the losses and/or the right to receive a majority of the benefits for each of these entities, all are consolidated in our financial statements. Net real estate assets related to VIEs included in our consolidated balance sheets were approximately \$1.6 billion as of both December 31, 2023 and 2022, and mortgages related to VIEs included in our consolidated balance sheets were approximately \$189.3 million and \$191.8 million, as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests

We have certain noncontrolling interests that are redeemable for cash upon the occurrence of an event that is not solely in our control and therefore are classified outside of permanent equity. We adjust the carrying amounts of these noncontrolling interests that are currently redeemable to redemption value at the balance sheet date. Adjustments to the carrying amount to reflect changes in redemption value are recorded as adjustments to additional paid-in capital in shareholders' equity. These amounts are classified within the mezzanine section of the consolidated balance sheets.

The following table provides a rollforward of the redeemable noncontrolling interests:

	Year Ended December 31,		
	 2023 2022		
	 (In tho	usands)	
Beginning balance	\$ 178,370	\$	213,708
Net income	7,253		6,613
Contributions	_		2,111
Other comprehensive (loss) income - change in value of interest rate swaps	(119)		765
Distributions & redemptions	(9,541)		(32,445)
Change in redemption value	7,400		(12,382)
Ending balance	\$ 183,363	\$	178,370

On July 13, 2022, we acquired the 21.8% redeemable noncontrolling interest in the partnership that owns our Plaza El Segundo shopping center for \$23.6 million, bringing our ownership interest to 100%.

Leases

We have ground leases at 11 properties which are accounted for as operating leases. The operating lease right of use ("ROU") assets and related liabilities are shown separately on the face of our consolidated balance sheet and reflect the present value of the minimum lease payments. A key input in the calculation is the discount rate. As the rate implied in the lease agreements is not readily determinable, we utilize our incremental borrowing rate that corresponds to the remaining term of the lease, our credit spread, and an adjustment to reflect the collateralized payment terms present in the lease. Our operating lease agreements may include options to extend the lease term or terminate it early. We include options to extend or terminate leases in the ROU operating lease asset and liability when it is reasonably certain we will exercise these options. Operating lease expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the non-cancellable lease term and is included in rental expenses in our consolidated statements of operations. We do not record a ROU asset or lease liability for leases with terms of less than 12 months.

Income Taxes

We operate in a manner intended to enable us to qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes. A REIT that distributes at least 90% of its taxable income to its shareholders each year and meets certain other conditions is not taxed on that portion of its taxable income which is distributed to its shareholders. Therefore, federal income taxes on our taxable income have been and are generally expected to be immaterial. We are obligated to pay state taxes, generally consisting of franchise or gross receipts taxes in certain states. Such state taxes also have not been material.

We have elected to treat certain of our subsidiaries as taxable REIT subsidiaries, which we refer to as a TRS. In general, a TRS may engage in any real estate business and certain non-real estate businesses, subject to certain limitations under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). A TRS is subject to federal and state income taxes. Our TRS activities have not been material.

With few exceptions, we are no longer subject to U.S. federal, state, and local tax examinations by tax authorities for years before 2019. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, we had no material unrecognized tax benefits. While we currently have no material unrecognized tax benefits, as a policy, we recognize penalties and interest accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits as income tax expense.

Segment Information

Our primary business is the ownership, management, and redevelopment of retail and mixed-use properties. We review operating and financial information for each property on an individual basis and therefore, each property represents an individual operating segment. We evaluate financial performance using property operating income, which consists of rental income, and mortgage interest income, less rental expenses and real estate taxes. No individual commercial or residential property constitutes more than 10% of our revenues or property operating income and we have no operations outside of the United States of America. Therefore, we have aggregated our properties into one reportable segment as the properties share similar long-term economic characteristics and have other similarities including the fact that they are operated using consistent business strategies, are typically located in major metropolitan areas, and have similar tenant mixes.

Forward Equity Sales

Our at-the-market ("ATM") equity program allows shares to be sold through forward sales contracts. Our forward sales contracts currently meet all the conditions for equity classification; and therefore, we record common stock on the settlement date at the purchase price contemplated by the contract. Furthermore, we consider the potential dilution resulting from forward sales contracts in our earnings per share calculations. We use the treasury stock method to determine the dilution, if any, from the forward sales contracts during the period of time prior to settlement. See Note 8 to the consolidated financial statements for details of our forward sales transactions.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Standard	Description	Effect on the financial statements or significant matters
Adopted during 2023:		
Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848) and related update: ASU 2020-04, March 2020, Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848) ASU 2022-06, December 2022, Deferral of the Sunset	This ASU provides companies with optional practical expedients to ease the accounting burden for contract modifications associated with transitioning away from LIBOR and other interbank offered rates that are expected to be discontinued as part of reference rate reform. For hedges, the guidance generally allows changes to the reference rate and other critical terms without having to de-designate the hedging relationship, as well as allows the shortcut method to continue to be applied. For contract modifications, changes in the reference rate or other critical terms will be treated as a continuation of the prior contract.	During the second quarter of 2023, the LIBOR based mortgage loan related to our unconsolidated Assembly Row hotel investment was refinanced. The resulting new mortgage loan and related swaps are SOFR based. The mortgage loan at Hoboken and related interest rate swaps were transitioned from LIBOR to SOFR effective July 1, 2023. Consequently, we applied the related practical expedients to the hedging relationship for the Hoboken loan and continue to apply hedge accounting. The critical terms of the loan and interest rate swaps continue to match
Date	ASU 2022-06 extended the period for which this guidance can be immediately applied through December 31, 2024.	subsequent to the transition from LIBOR to SOFR and the transition did not have a significant impact to our financial results, financial position, or cash flows.
Issued in 2023:		
ASU 2023-07, November 2023, Segment Reporting (Topic 280), Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures	This ASU requires public entities to provide disclosures of significant segment expense and other significant segment items, as well as provide in interim period all disclosures about a reportable segments's profit or loss and assets that are currently required annually. Additionally, public entities with a single reportable segment have to provide all of the disclosures required by ASC 280, including the significant segment expense disclosures.	While we are still assessing this ASU, we anticipate providing the disclosures required by ASC 280 for our single reportable segment.
	The guidance is applied retrospectively to all periods presented in financial statements, unless it is impracticable. The guidance applies to all public entities and is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and for interim period beginning after December 15, 2024. Early adoption is permitted.	
	F-22	

Standard	Description	matters
ASU 2023-06, October 2023, Disclosure Improvements: Codification Amendments in Response to the SEC's Disclosure Update and Simplification Initiative	This ASU amends the disclosure or presentation requirements related to various subtopics in the FASB Accounting Standard Codification (the "Codification"). The new guidance is intended to align U.S. GAAP requirements with those of the SEC and to facilitate the application of U.S. GAAP for all entities. These disclosure requirements are currently included in either SEC Regulation S-X or SEC Regulation S-K.	We do not expect this ASU to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.
	The effective date for each amendment will be the date on which the SEC's removal of that related disclosure from Regulation S-X or Regulation S-K becomes effective. Early adoption is prohibited and the amendments should be applied prospectively. If the SEC has not removed the applicable requirement from Regulation S-X or Regulation S-K by June 30, 2027, the amendments will be removed from the Codification and will not be effective.	
ASU 2023-01, March 2023, Leases (Topic 842) Common Control Arrangements	This ASU requires all lessees in a lease with a lessor under common control to (1) amortize leasehold improvements over their useful life to the common control group, as long as the lessee controls the use of the underlying asset through a lease and (2) account for the leasehold improvements as a transfer of assets between entities under common control through an adjustment to equity when the lessee no longer controls the use of the underlying asset.	We do not expect this ASU to have an impact on our consolidated financial statements.
	The guidance may be applied prospectively to new and existing leasehold improvements, with the remaining balance of existing leasehold improvements amortized over their remaining useful life to the common control group or retrospectively, through a cumulative-effect adjustment to opening retained earnings.	
	The guidance is effective in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and interim periods withing those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted.	
<u>Issued in 2022:</u>		
ASU 2022-03, June 2022, Fair Value Measurement of Equity Securities Subject to Contractual Sale Restrictions (Topic 820)	This ASU clarifies that contractual sale restrictions are not considered in measuring the fair value of equity securities, and requires specific disclosures for all entities with equity securities subject to a contractual sale restriction including (1) the fair value of such equity securities reflected in the balance sheet, (2) the nature and remaining duration of the corresponding restrictions, and (3) any circumstances that could cause a lapse in the restrictions. In addition, the ASU prohibits an entity from recognizing a contractual sale as a separate unit of account.	We do not expect this ASU to have an impact on our consolidated financial statements. We will continue to assess the impact of this ASU on OP units issued as consideration in future acquisitions.
	This guidance is effective in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and interim periods within those fiscal years, with early adoption permitted.	

Effect on the financial statements or significant

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows—Supplemental Disclosures

The following table provides supplemental disclosures related to the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows:

	Year Ended December 31,					
	2023		2022		2021	
			(In thousands)		
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES:						
Total interest costs incurred	\$	190,409	\$	155,659	\$	150,324
Interest capitalized		(22,600)		(18,670)		(22,626)
Interest expense	\$	167,809	\$	136,989	\$	127,698
Cash paid for interest, net of amounts capitalized	\$	158,796	\$	130,912	\$	123,585
Cash paid for income taxes	\$	284	\$	624	\$	386
NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING TRANSACTIONS:					_	
DownREIT operating partnership units redeemed for common shares	\$	883	\$	1,385	\$	7,545
Shares issued under dividend reinvestment plan	\$	1,704	\$	1,718	\$	1,727
5.417% Series 1 Cumulative Convertible Preferred Shares redeemed for common shares	\$	_	\$	175	\$	_

Decem		
2023		2022
(In tho	usands)	
\$ 250,825	\$	85,558
9,179		10,790
\$ 260,004	\$	96,348
\$ \$	2023 (In tho \$ 250,825 9,179	(In thousands) \$ 250,825 \$ 9,179

⁽¹⁾ Restricted cash balances are included in "prepaid expenses and other assets" on our consolidated balance sheets, and is primarily related to escrow accounts

NOTE 3—REAL ESTATE

2023 Property Acquisitions

On January 31, 2023, we acquired the 168,000 square foot portion of Huntington Square shopping center that was not previously owned, as well as the fee interest in the land underneath the portion of the shopping center which we controlled under a long-term ground lease for \$35.5 million. As a result of this transaction, we now own the entire fee interest in this 243,000 square foot property and the "operating lease right of use assets, net" on our consolidated balance sheet decreased by \$5.3 million. Approximately \$4.1 million and \$1.3 million of net assets acquired were allocated to other assets for "acquired lease costs" and "above market leases," respectively.

On May 26, 2023, we exercised our option and acquired the 22.3% tenancy in common ("TIC") interest from our co-owner at Escondido Promenade, as discussed in "2022 Other Transaction" below, for \$30.5 million, bringing our ownership interest to 100%. As a result of the transaction, we gained control of this property, and effective May 26, 2023, we have consolidated this property. Approximately \$1.8 million and \$0.2 million of net assets associated with the 22.3% interest acquired were allocated to other assets for "acquired lease costs" and "above market leases," respectively, and \$1.1 million of net assets associated with the 22.3% interest acquired were allocated to other liabilities for "below market leases."

On October 12, 2023, we acquired the fee interest under a portion of our Mercer on One (formerly Mercer Mall) shopping center for \$55.0 million pursuant to the purchase option included in the master lease. As a result of this transaction, "finance lease right of use assets, net" of \$37.8 million were allocated to "operating real estate" and "finance lease liabilities" decreased by \$55.0 million.

2023 Property Dispositions

During the year ended December 31, 2023, we sold one retail property and one portion of a property for sales prices totaling \$30.4 million, resulting in net gains totaling approximately \$9.7 million.

2022 Property Acquisitions

During the year ended December 31, 2022, we acquired the following properties:

Date Acquired	Property	City/State	Gross Leasable Area (GLA)	Purchase Price
•	-		(in square feet)	(in millions)
April 20, 2022 & July 27, 2022	Kingstowne Towne Center	Kingstowne, Virginia	410,000	\$ 200.0 (1)
July 18, 2022	Hilton Village (office building)	Scottsdale, Arizona	212,000	\$ 53.6 (2)
July 27, 2022	The Shops at Pembroke Gardens	Pembroke Pines, Florida	391,000	\$ 180.5 (3)
November 18, 2022	Hoboken (301 Washington St.)	Hoboken, New Jersey	N/A	\$ 9.0 (4)

- (1) Approximately \$11.3 million and \$0.3 million of net assets were allocated to other assets for "acquired lease costs" and "above market leases," respectively, and \$20.2 million of net assets acquired were allocated to other liabilities for "below market leases."
- (2) This building is adjacent to, and will be operated as part of our Hilton Village property. The land is controlled under a long-term ground lease that expires on September 30, 2075, for which we have recorded a \$6.5 million "operating lease right of use asset" (net of a \$0.8 million above market liability) and a \$7.3 million "operating lease liability." Approximately \$8.9 million of net assets acquired were allocated to other assets for "acquired lease costs" and \$0.1 million of net assets acquired were allocated to other liabilities for "below market leases."
- (3) Approximately \$16.3 million and \$1.6 million of net assets acquired were allocated to other assets for "acquired lease costs" and "above market leases," respectively, and \$18.4 million of net assets acquired were allocated to other liabilities for "below market leases."
- (4) This property, that we own a 90% ownership interest in, was acquired through our Hoboken joint venture, and is in the beginning stages of redevelopment.

On October 6, 2022, we acquired a 47.5% net interest in an unconsolidated joint venture that owns two shopping centers for a combined price of \$58.9 million. On the date of acquisition, the properties had combined mortgage debt of \$76.1 million, of which, our share is approximately \$36.2 million. Approximately \$8.0 million and \$2.0 million of net assets acquired were allocated to other assets for "acquired lease costs" and "above market leases," respectively, and \$17.1 million of net assets acquired were allocated to other liabilities for "below market leases." Additional information on the properties is listed below:

Property	City/State	Gross Leasable Area (GLA)	Purchase Price (our share)
		(in square feet)	(in millions)
Chandler Festival	Chandler, Arizona	355,000 \$	40.8
Chandler Gateway	Chandler, Arizona	262,000 \$	18.1

2022 Property Dispositions

During the year ended December 31, 2022, we sold two residential properties (one included an adjacent retail pad), one retail property, one parcel of land, and one portion of a property for sales prices totaling \$136.2 million, resulting in net gains totaling approximately \$84.1 million.

2022 Other Transaction

On August 25, 2022, we entered into a tenancy in common ("TIC") agreement with our partner in the partnership that owned Escondido Promenade. As a result, the Company owned a 77.7% TIC interest, and our former partner owned the remaining 22.3% interest. While the Company controlled and consolidated Escondido Promenade under the previous partnership arrangement, control is shared under the TIC agreement. The transaction was considered a transfer of our previous controlling partner interest in exchange for a non-controlling TIC interest. Accordingly, we deconsolidated the entity and recorded our TIC interest at fair value as an equity method investment. We recognized a \$70.4 million "gain on deconsolidation of VIE" on our consolidated statements of operations, which is the difference between the net carrying value of the deconsolidated entity and the fair value of our TIC interest. As of August 25, 2022, the fair value of our investment in the entity was \$110.0 million, and is included in "investment in partnerships" on our consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2022. As a part of this transaction, we made a \$3.5 million loan to our co-owner, which is included in "accounts and notes receivable, net" on our consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2022. In addition, we entered into a purchase option agreement to acquire the TIC

interest from our co-owner, which was secured through an option payment of \$1.5 million, and settled on May 26, 2023 as discussed above.

NOTE 4—ACQUIRED LEASES

Acquired lease assets comprise of above market leases where we are the lessor and below market leases where we are the lessee. Acquired lease liabilities comprise of below market leases where we are the lessee where we are the lessee. As a lessor, acquired above market leases are included in prepaid expenses and other assets, and acquired below market leases are included in other liabilities and deferred credits. In accordance with our adoption of ASC Topic 842, acquired below market leases and acquired above market leases where we are the lessee are included in right of use assets. The following is a summary of our acquired lease assets and liabilities:

	December 31, 2023			December 31, 2022				
	 Accumulated Cost Amortization		Cost		Accumulated Amortization			
			(in thou	sands	s)			
Above market leases, lessor	\$ 45,726	\$	(35,209)	\$	45,737	\$	(33,892)	
Below market leases, lessee	28,101		(5,411)		34,604		(5,847)	
Total	\$ 73,827	\$	(40,620)	\$	80,341	\$	(39,739)	
Below market leases, lessor	\$ (269,268)	\$	104,072	\$	(267,910)	\$	91,989	
Above market leases, lessee	(11,127)		3,771		(11,127)		3,208	
Total	\$ (280,395)	\$	107,843	\$	(279,037)	\$	95,197	

The value allocated to acquired leases where we are the lessor is amortized over the related lease term and reflected as additional rental income for below market leases or a reduction of rental income for above market leases in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income. The related amortization of acquired leases where we are the lessee is reflected as additional rental expense for below market leases or a reduction of rental expenses for above market leases in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income. The following is a summary of acquired lease amortization:

	Year Ended December 31,					
	2023			2022		2021
				(in thousands)		
Amortization of above market leases, lessor	\$	(3,254)	\$	(3,437)	\$	(3,150)
Amortization of below market leases, lessor		15,864		14,543		11,897
Net increase in rental income	\$	12,610	\$	11,106	\$	8,747
Amortization of below market leases, lessee	\$	742	\$	828	\$	828
Amortization of above market leases, lessee		(563)		(554)		(538)
Net increase in rental expense	\$	179	\$	274	\$	290

The following is a summary of the remaining weighted average amortization period for our acquired lease assets and acquired lease liabilities:

	December 31, 2023
Above market leases, lessor	2.8 years
Below market leases, lessee	31.0 years
Below market leases, lessor	16.9 years
Above market leases, lessee	18.1 years

The amortization for acquired leases during the next five years and thereafter, assuming no early lease terminations, is as follows:

Acquired	Acquired Lease Assets		l Lease Liabilities
	(In tho	usands)	
\$	3,478	\$	15,291
	2,409		11,860
	2,143		11,392
	1,849		10,895
	1,474		10,105
	21,854		113,009
\$	33,207	\$	172,552
		\$ 3,478 2,409 2,143 1,849 1,474 21,854	\$ 3,478 \$ 2,409 2,143 1,849 1,474 21,854

NOTE 5—DEBT

The following is a summary of our total debt outstanding as of December 31, 2023 and 2022:

	Principal Balance as of December 31,				Stated Interest Rate as of	Stated Maturity Date as of	
Description of Debt		2023 2022			December 31, 2023	December 31, 2023	
Mortgages payable		(Dollars in	thou	sands)			
Azalea	\$	40,000	\$	40,000	3.73 %	November 1, 2025	
Bethesda Row (1)		200,000		_	SOFR + 0.95%	December 28, 2025	
Bell Gardens		11,531		11,835	4.06 %	August 1, 2026	
Plaza El Segundo		125,000		125,000	3.83 %	June 5, 2027	
The Grove at Shrewsbury (East)		43,600		43,600	3.77 %	September 1, 2027	
Brook 35		11,500		11,500	4.65 %	July 1, 2029	
Hoboken (24 Buildings) (2)		53,617		55,060	SOFR + 1.95%	December 15, 2029	
Various Hoboken (14 Buildings)(3)		29,878		30,876	Various	Various through 2029	
Chelsea		4,018		4,446	5.36 %	January 15, 2031	
Subtotal		519,144		322,317			
Net unamortized debt issuance costs and discount		(2,208)		(1,702)			
Total mortgages payable, net		516,936		320,615			
Notes payable							
Term Loan (4)(5)(7)		600,000		600,000	SOFR + 0.85%	April 16, 2024	
Revolving credit facility (5)(6)(7)		_			SOFR + 0.775%	April 5, 2027	
Various		2,387		2,957	Various	Various through 2059	
Subtotal	-	602,387		602,957			
Net unamortized debt issuance costs		(442)		(1,880)			
Total notes payable, net	-	601,945		601,077			
Senior notes and debentures (7)							
2.75% notes		_		275,000	2.75 %	June 1, 2023	
3.95% notes		600,000		600,000	3.95 %	January 15, 2024	
1.25% notes		400,000		400,000	1.25 %	February 15, 2026	
7.48% debentures		29,200		29,200	7.48 %	August 15, 2026	
3.25% notes		475,000		475,000	3.25 %	July 15, 2027	
6.82% medium term notes		40,000		40,000	6.82 %	August 1, 2027	
5.375% notes		350,000		´—	5.375 %	May 1, 2028	
3.20% notes		400,000		400,000	3.20 %	June 15, 2029	
3.50% notes		400,000		400,000	3.50 %	June 1, 2030	
4.50% notes		550,000		550,000	4.50 %	December 1, 2044	
3.625% notes		250,000		250,000	3.625 %	August 1, 2046	
Subtotal	-	3,494,200		3,419,200		,	
Net unamortized debt issuance costs and premium		(13,904)		(11,499)			
Total senior notes and debentures, net		3,480,296		3,407,701			
				<u> </u>			

⁽¹⁾ On December 29, 2023, we entered into three interest rate swap agreements that fix the interest rate on the mortgage loan at a weighted average interest rate of 5.03% through the initial maturity date.

On November 26, 2019, we entered into two interest rate swap agreements that fix the interest rate on the mortgage loan at 3.67%. The reference rate for the mortgage loan and related swaps was amended from LIBOR to SOFR in May 2023. The amendment was effective for interest payments subsequent to July 1, 2023.

⁽³⁾ The interest rates on these mortgages range from 3.91% to 5.00%.

On February 6, 2024, we extended the maturity date to April 16, 2025, with an additional one year extension at our option still available to further extend the loan to April 16, 2026.

⁽⁵⁾ Our revolving credit facility SOFR loans bear interest at Daily Simple SOFR or Term SOFR and our term loan bears interest at Term SOFR as defined in the respective credit agreements, plus 0.10%, plus a spread, based on our current credit rating.

- (6) The maximum amount drawn under our revolving credit facility during the year ended December 31, 2023 was \$115.5 million and the weighted average interest rate on borrowings under our revolving credit facility, before amortization of debt fees, was 5.9%.
- (7) The Operating Partnership is the obligor under our revolving credit facility, term loan, and senior notes and debentures.

On April 12, 2023, we issued \$350.0 million of fixed rate senior unsecured notes that mature on May 1, 2028 and bear interest at 5.375%. The notes were offered at 99.590% of the principal amount with a yield to maturity of 5.468%. The net proceeds, after issuance discount, underwriting fees, and other costs were \$345.7 million.

On June 1, 2023, we repaid our \$275.0 million 2.75% senior unsecured notes at maturity.

On December 28, 2023, one of our wholly-owned subsidiaries entered into a \$200.0 million mortgage loan, which bears interest at SOFR plus a 95 basis point spread, matures on December 28, 2025, plus two one-year extensions, at our option, and is secured by our Bethesda Row property. The interest rate is effectively fixed at 5.03% through the initial maturity date, as a result of three interest rate swap agreements. Our net proceeds were \$199.1 million, after debt issuance costs. Our subsidiary's obligations under the mortgage loan are guaranteed by the Operating Partnership.

During 2023, 2022 and 2021, the maximum amount of borrowings outstanding under our revolving credit facility was \$115.5 million, \$330.0 million and \$150.0 million, respectively. The weighted average amount of borrowings outstanding was \$44.7 million, \$80.3 million and \$19.6 million, respectively, and the weighted average interest rate, before amortization of debt fees, was 5.9%, 3.2% and 0.9%, respectively. The revolving credit facility requires an annual facility fee which is \$1.9 million under the amended credit agreement. At December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, our revolving credit facility had no balance outstanding.

Our revolving credit facility, term loan, and certain notes require us to comply with various financial covenants, including the maintenance of minimum shareholders' equity and debt coverage ratios and a maximum ratio of debt to net worth. As of December 31, 2023, we were in compliance with all default related debt covenants.

Scheduled principal payments on mortgages payable, notes payable, senior notes and debentures as of December 31, 2023 are as follows:

I	Mortgages Notes Senior Notes and Payable Payable Debentures								Total Principal	
			(In thousands)							
\$	3,262	\$	600,674 (1)	\$	600,000	\$	1,203,936			
	247,630 (2)		490		_		248,120			
	26,282		144		429,200		455,626			
	178,282		79 (3)		515,000		693,361			
	2,511		`		350,000		352,511			
	61,177		1,000		1,600,000		1,662,177			
\$	519,144	\$	602,387	\$	3,494,200	\$	4,615,731	(4		
		Payable \$ 3,262 247,630 (2) 26,282 178,282 2,511 61,177	Payable \$ 3,262 \$ 247,630 (2) 26,282 178,282 2,511 61,177	Payable Payable (In thousands) \$ 3,262 \$ 600,674 (1) 247,630 (2) 490 26,282 144 178,282 79 (3) 2,511 — 61,177 1,000	Payable Payable (In thousands) \$ 3,262 \$ 600,674 (1) \$ 247,630 (2) 247,630 (2) 490 26,282 144 178,282 79 (3) 2,511 — 61,177 1,000	Payable Payable Debentures (In thousands) \$ 3,262 \$ 600,674 (1) \$ 600,000 247,630 (2) 490 — 26,282 144 429,200 178,282 79 (3) 515,000 2,511 — 350,000 61,177 1,000 1,600,000	Payable Payable Debentures (In thousands) \$ 3,262 \$ 600,674 (1) \$ 600,000 \$ 247,630 (2) 490 — 26,282 144 429,200	Payable Payable Debentures Principal (In thousands) \$ 3,262 \$ 600,674 (1) \$ 600,000 \$ 1,203,936 247,630 (2) 490 — 248,120 26,282 144 429,200 455,626 178,282 79 (3) 515,000 693,361 2,511 — 350,000 352,511 61,177 1,000 1,600,000 1,662,177		

⁽¹⁾ Our \$600.0 million term loan had an original maturity date of April 16, 2024. On February 6, 2024, we extended the maturity date to April 16, 2025, with an additional one year extension at our option still available to further extend the loan to April 16, 2026.

NOTE 6—FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

A fair value measurement is based on the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability in an orderly transaction. The hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value are as follows:

1. Level 1 Inputs—quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

⁽²⁾ Our \$200.0 million mortgage loan secured by Bethesda Row matures on December 28, 2025 plus two one-year extensions, at our option to December 28, 2027.

⁽³⁾ Our \$1.25 billion revolving credit facility matures on April 5, 2027 plus two six-month extensions, at our option to April 5, 2028. As of December 31, 2023, there was no balance outstanding under this credit facility.

⁽⁴⁾ The total debt maturities differ from the total reported on the consolidated balance sheet due to the unamortized net debt issuance costs and premium/discount on mortgage loans, notes payable, and senior notes as of December 31, 2023.

- 2. Level 2 Inputs—observable inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities
- 3. Level 3 Inputs—prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the level within which the fair value measurement is categorized is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Except as disclosed below, the carrying amount of our financial instruments approximates their fair value. The fair value of our mortgages payable, notes payable and senior notes and debentures is sensitive to fluctuations in interest rates. Quoted market prices (Level 1) were used to estimate the fair value of our marketable senior notes and debentures and discounted cash flow analysis (Level 2) is generally used to estimate the fair value of our mortgages and notes payable. Considerable judgment is necessary to estimate the fair value of financial instruments. The estimates of fair value presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that could be realized upon disposition of the financial instruments. A summary of the carrying amount and fair value of our mortgages payable, notes payable and senior notes and debentures is as follows:

	December 31, 2023				December 31, 2022			
	Carrying Value	Fair Value			Carrying Value		Fair Value	
			(In tho	usand	ls)			
Mortgages and notes payable	\$ 1,118,881	\$	1,101,479	\$	921,692	\$	895,654	
Senior notes and debentures	\$ 3,480,296	\$	3,201,174	\$	3,407,701	\$	3,048,456	

As of December 31, 2023, we have five interest rate swap agreements with total notional amounts of \$253.6 million that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. We have two interest rate swap agreements associated with our Hoboken portfolio that fix the interest rate on \$53.6 million of mortgage payables at 3.67% through December 15, 2029. During December 2023, we entered into three interest rate swap agreements associated with our Bethesda Row property that fix the interest rate on a \$200.0 million mortgage payable at a weighted average interest rate of 5.03% through December 28, 2025.

The fair values of the interest rate swap agreements are based on the estimated amounts we would receive or pay to terminate the contracts at the reporting date and are determined using interest rate pricing models and interest rate related observable inputs. The fair value of our swaps at December 31, 2023 was an asset of \$4.7 million and is included in "prepaid expenses and other assets" on our consolidated balance sheet. During 2023, the value of our interest rate swaps decreased \$1.5 million (including \$1.9 million reclassified from other comprehensive income as a decrease to interest expense). A summary of our financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis, by level within the fair value hierarchy is as follows:

		December	r 31, 2023			Decemb	er 31, 2022	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
				(In th	ousands)			
Interest rate swaps	\$ —	\$ 4,668	\$ —	\$ 4,668	\$ —	\$ 6,144	\$ —	\$ 6,144

One of our equity method investees has two interest rate swaps which qualify as cash flow hedges. At December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, our share of the change in fair value of the related swaps included in "accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income" was a loss of \$0.3 million and income of \$0.9 million, respectively.

NOTE 7—COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

We are sometimes involved in lawsuits, warranty claims, and environmental matters arising in the ordinary course of business. Management makes assumptions and estimates concerning the likelihood and amount of any potential loss relating to these matters.

We are currently a party to various legal proceedings. We accrue a liability for litigation if an unfavorable outcome is probable and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. If an unfavorable outcome is probable and a reasonable estimate of the loss is a range, we accrue the best estimate within the range; however, if no amount within the range is a better estimate than any other amount, the minimum within the range is accrued. Legal fees related to litigation are expensed as incurred. We do not believe that the ultimate outcome of these matters, either individually or in the aggregate, could have a material adverse effect on our financial position or overall trends in results of operations; however, litigation is subject to inherent uncertainties. Also under our leases, tenants are typically obligated to indemnify us from and against all liabilities, costs and expenses imposed upon or asserted against us (1) as owner of the properties due to certain matters relating to the operation of the properties by the

tenant, and (2) where appropriate, due to certain matters relating to the ownership of the properties prior to their acquisition by us.

We are self-insured for general liability costs up to predetermined retained amounts per claim, and we believe that we maintain adequate accruals to cover our retained liability. We currently do not maintain third party stop-loss insurance policies to cover liability costs in excess of predetermined retained amounts. Our accrual for self-insurance liability is determined by management and is based on claims filed and an estimate of claims incurred but not yet reported. Management considers a number of factors, including third-party actuarial analysis, previous experience in our portfolio, and future increases in costs of claims, when making these determinations. If our liability costs exceed these accruals, it will reduce our net income.

We reserve for estimated losses, if any, associated with warranties given to a buyer at the time real estate is sold or other potential liabilities relating to that sale, taking any insurance policies into account. These warranties may extend up to ten years and require significant judgment. If changes in facts and circumstances indicate that warranty reserves are understated, we will accrue additional reserves at such time a liability has been incurred and the costs can be reasonably estimated. Warranty reserves are released once the legal liability period has expired or all related work has been substantially completed.

At December 31, 2023 and 2022, our reserves for general liability costs were \$3.5 million and \$3.3 million, respectively, and are included in "accounts payable and accrued expenses" in our consolidated balance sheets. Any potential losses which exceed our estimates would result in a decrease in our net income. During 2023 and 2022, we made payments from these reserves of \$2.0 million and \$2.3 million, respectively. Although we consider the reserve to be adequate, there can be no assurance that the reserve will prove to be adequate over-time to cover losses due to the difference between the assumptions used to estimate the reserve and actual losses.

On December 11, 2019, we received proceeds related to the sale under the threat of condemnation at San Antonio Center as discussed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019. We indemnified the condemning authority for all costs incurred related to the condemnation proceedings including any payments required to tenants at the property and recorded a corresponding liability for our estimate of these costs. During 2022, we recorded a net reduction of our liability for condemnation and transaction costs to reflect the impact of tenant settlement and our current estimate of remaining costs. As a result, for the year ended December 31, 2022, we recognized a gain of \$9.3 million. During 2023 and 2022, we incurred \$1.4 million and \$18.0 million of payments to tenants, respectively. At December 31, 2023, we have a liability of \$3.6 million to reflect our estimate of the remaining costs.

At December 31, 2023, we had letters of credit outstanding of approximately \$6.5 million.

As of December 31, 2023 in connection with capital improvement, development, and redevelopment projects, we have contractual obligations of approximately \$168.4 million.

We are obligated under operating lease agreements on several shopping centers and one office lease requiring minimum annual payments as follows, as of December 31, 2023:

	(In	thousands)
Year ending December 31,		
2024	\$	5,819
2025		5,772
2026		5,406
2027		5,042
2028		5,100
Thereafter		194,040
Total future minimum operating lease payments		221,179
Less amount representing interest		(145,309)
Operating lease liabilities	\$	75,870

Future minimum lease payments and their present value for properties under finance leases as of December 31, 2023, are as follows:

	(In	thousands)
Year ending December 31,		
2024	\$	713
2025		713
2026		713
2027		748
2028		801
Thereafter		67,875
Total future minimum finance lease payments	<u></u>	71,563
Less amount representing interest		(58,893)
Finance lease liabilities	\$	12,670

Under the terms of the Congressional Plaza partnership agreement, a minority partner has the right to require us and the other minority partner to purchase its 26.63% interest in Congressional Plaza at the interest's then-current fair market value. If the other minority partner defaults in their obligation, we must purchase the full interest. Based on management's current estimate of fair market value as of December 31, 2023, our estimated maximum liability upon exercise of the put option would range from approximately \$66 million to \$69 million.

A master lease for Melville Mall, as amended on October 14, 2021, includes a fixed price put option at any time prior to June 30, 2025, requiring us to purchase Melville Mall for approximately \$3.6 million. Additionally, we have the right to purchase Melville Mall in 2026 for approximately \$3.6 million. The consideration is net of a contract amendment fee to be paid by the landlord.

The other member in The Grove at Shrewsbury and Brook 35 has the right to require us to purchase all of its approximately 4.1% interest in The Grove at Shrewsbury and approximately 6.5% interest in Brook 35 at the interests' then-current fair market value. Based on management's current estimate of fair market value as of December 31, 2023, our estimated maximum liability upon exercise of the put option would range from \$6 million to \$7 million.

The other member in Hoboken has the right to require us to purchase all of its 10.0% ownership interest at the interest's then-current fair market value. Based on management's current estimate of fair market value as of December 31, 2023, our estimated maximum liability upon exercise of the put option would range from \$10 million to \$11 million.

Effective June 14, 2026, the other member in Camelback Colonnade and Hilton Village has the right to require us to purchase all of its 2.0% ownership interest at the interest's then-current fair market value. Based on management's current estimate of fair value as of December 31, 2023, our estimated maximum liability upon exercise of the put option would range from \$4 million to \$5 million.

Effective October 6, 2027, the other member in the partnership that owns equity method investments in Chandler Festival and Chandler Gateway has the right to require us to purchase its 2.5% net ownership interest. Based on management's current estimate of fair value as of December 31, 2023, our estimated maximum liability upon exercise of the put option would range from \$1 million and \$2 million.

Effective June 1, 2029, the other member in Grossmont Center has the right to require us to purchase all of its 40.0% ownership interest at the interest's then-current fair market value. Based on management's current estimate of fair value as of December 31, 2023, our estimated maximum liability upon exercise of the put option would range from \$68 million to \$73 million.

Under the terms of certain partnership agreements, the partners have the right to exchange their operating partnership units for cash or the same number of our common shares, at our option. A total of 635,431 downREIT operating partnership units are outstanding which have a total fair value of \$65.5 million, based on our closing stock price on December 31, 2023.

NOTE 8—SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

We have a Dividend Reinvestment Plan (the "Plan"), whereby shareholders may use their dividends and optional cash payments to purchase shares. In 2023, 2022 and 2021, 19,847 shares, 19,502 shares, and 19,758 shares, respectively, were issued under the Plan.

As of December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021, we had 6,000,000 Depositary Shares outstanding, each representing 1/1000th interest of 5.0% Series C Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Share, par value \$0.01 per share ("Series C Preferred Shares"), at

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the liquidation preference of \$25.00 per depositary share (or \$25,000 per Series C Preferred share). The Series C Preferred Shares accrue dividends at a rate of 5.0% of the \$25,000 liquidation preference per year and are redeemable at our option. Additionally, they are not convertible and holders of these shares generally have no voting rights, unless we fail to pay dividends for six or more quarters.

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, we had 392,878 shares of 5.417% Series 1 Cumulative Convertible Preferred Shares ("Series 1 Preferred Shares") outstanding that have a liquidation preference of \$25 per share and par value \$0.01 per share, and 399,896 shares at December 31, 2021. The Series 1 Preferred Shares accrue dividends at a rate of 5.417% per year and are convertible at any time by the holders to our common shares at a conversion rate of \$104.69 per share. On June 15, 2022, one of our Series 1 Preferred shareholders converted 7,018 preferred shares to 1,675 common shares. The Series 1 Preferred Shares are also convertible under certain circumstances at our election. The holders of the Series 1 Preferred Shares have no voting rights.

On February 14, 2022, we replaced our existing at-the-market ("ATM") equity program with a new ATM equity program in which we may from time to time offer and sell common shares having an aggregate offering price of up to \$500.0 million. The ATM equity program also allows shares to be sold through forward sales contracts. We intend to use the net proceeds from ATM equity program issuances to fund potential acquisition opportunities, fund our development and redevelopment pipeline, repay indebtedness and/or for general corporate purposes.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, we sold 1,372,889 common shares (of which, 62,895 settled on January 2, 2024) at a weighted average price per share of \$101.89 for net cash proceeds of \$138.3 million including paying \$1.4 million in commissions and \$0.2 million in additional offering expenses related to the sales of these common shares. For the year ended December 31, 2022, we issued 430,473 common shares at a weighted average price per share of \$111.49 for net cash proceeds of \$47.4 million and paid \$0.5 million in commissions and \$0.1 million in additional offering expenses related to the sales of these common shares. As of December 31, 2023, we have the remaining capacity to issue up to \$312.1 million in common shares under our ATM equity program.

During 2022, we settled forward sales contracts by issuing 2,203,655 common shares for net proceeds of \$259.4 million. We have no outstanding forward sales agreements as of December 31, 2023.

Effective May 4, 2023, our Declaration of Trust was amended to increase the number of authorized common shares of beneficial interest to 200,000,000.

NOTE 9—DIVIDENDS

The following table provides a summary of dividends declared and paid per share:

	Year Ended December 31,											
		2023			2022				2021			
	Γ	Declared		Paid	I	Declared		Paid		Declared		Paid
Common shares	\$	4.340	\$	4.330	\$	4.300	\$	4.290	\$	4.260	\$	4.250
5.417% Series 1 Cumulative Convertible Preferred shares	\$	1.354	\$	1.354	\$	1.354	\$	1.354	\$	1.354	\$	1.354
5.0% Series C Cumulative Redeemable Preferred shares (1)	\$	1.250	\$	1.250	\$	1.250	\$	1.250	\$	1.250	\$	1.250

(1) Amount represents dividends per depositary share, each representing 1/1000th of a share.

A summary of the income tax status of dividends per share paid is as follows:

Year Ended December 31,					
2023		2022			2021
\$	3.551	\$	3.518	\$	3.358
	0.130		0.772		0.680
	0.649		_		0.212
\$	4.330	\$	4.290	\$	4.250
\$	1.313	\$	1.110	\$	1.124
	0.041		0.244		0.230
\$	1.354	\$	1.354	\$	1.354
\$	1.213	\$	1.025		1.038
	0.037		0.225		0.212
\$	1.250	\$	1.250	\$	1.250
	\$ \$	\$ 3.551 0.130 0.649 \$ 4.330 \$ 1.313 0.041 \$ 1.354 \$ 1.213 0.037	\$ 3.551 \$ 0.130 0.649 \$ 4.330 \$ \$ 0.041 \$ 1.354 \$ \$ 0.037	\$ 3.551 \$ 3.518 0.130 0.772 0.649 — \$ 4.330 \$ 4.290 \$ 1.313 \$ 1.110 0.041 0.244 \$ 1.354 \$ 1.354 \$ 1.213 \$ 1.025 0.037 0.225	\$ 3.551 \$ 3.518 \$ 0.130 0.772 0.649 — \$ 4.330 \$ 4.290 \$ \$ \$ 1.313 \$ 1.110 \$ 0.041 0.244 \$ 1.354 \$ 1.354 \$ \$ 1.213 \$ 1.025 0.037 0.225

On November 2, 2023, the Trustees declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$1.09 per common share, payable January 16, 2024 to common shareholders of record on January 2, 2024.

NOTE 10— LEASES

At December 31, 2023, our 102 predominantly retail shopping center and mixed-use properties are located in 12 states and the District of Columbia. There are approximately 3,300 commercial leases and 3,100 residential leases. Our commercial tenants range from sole proprietorships to national retailers and corporations. At December 31, 2023, no one tenant or corporate group of tenants accounted for more than 2.7% of annualized base rent.

Our leases with commercial property and residential tenants are classified as operating leases. Commercial property leases generally range from three to ten years (certain leases with anchor tenants may be longer), and in addition to minimum rents, may provide for percentage rents based on the tenant's level of sales achieved and cost recoveries for the tenant's share of certain operating costs. Leases on apartments are generally for a period of 1 year or less.

As of December 31, 2023, future minimum rentals from noncancelable commercial operating leases (excluding both tenant reimbursements of operating expenses and percentage rent based on tenants' sales) are as follows:

	(Ir	n thousands)
Year ending December 31,		
2024	\$	725,458
2025		667,483
2026		601,092
2027		528,854
2028		424,229
Thereafter		1,680,181
	\$	4,627,297

The following table provides additional information on our operating and finance leases where we are the lessee:

	Year Ended December 31,					
	2023		2022		2021	
			(In thousands)			
LEASE COST:						
Finance lease cost:						
Amortization of right-of-use assets	\$ 998	\$	1,251	\$	1,284	
Interest on lease liabilities	4,332		5,743		5,828	
Operating lease cost	6,232		6,138		5,687	
Variable lease cost	348		309		246	
Total lease cost	\$ 11,910	\$	13,441	\$	13,045	
OTHER INFORMATION:						
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities						
Operating cash flows for finance leases	\$ 4,227	\$	5,642	\$	5,723	
Operating cash flows for operating leases	\$ 6,146	\$	5,644	\$	5,288	
Financing cash flows for finance leases	\$ 55,228	\$	50	\$	51	
			Dece	mber 3	1,	
			2023		2022	
Weighted-average remaining term - finance leases			70.6 years	;	13.9 years	
Weighted-average remaining term - operating leases			53.6 years	\$	53.3 years	
Weighted-average discount rate - finance leases			6.5 %)	8.1 %	
Weighted-average discount rate - operating leases			4.8 %)	4.8 %	
ROU assets obtained in exchange for operating lease liabilities		\$	_	\$	6,476	

NOTE 11—COMPONENTS OF RENTAL EXPENSES

The principal components of rental expenses are as follows:

	Year Ended December 31,					
	-	2023 2022				2021
	-		(In	thousands)		
Repairs and maintenance	\$	87,349	\$	90,343	\$	78,028
Utilities		35,109		34,226		27,808
Management fees and costs		30,203		27,416		24,919
Payroll		20,598		19,693		18,341
Insurance		18,273		16,380		14,406
Marketing		7,978		7,814		7,481
Ground rent		5,303		5,092		4,571
Other operating		26,853		27,994		22,567
Total rental expenses	\$	231,666	\$	228,958	\$	198,121

NOTE 12—SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION PLANS

A summary of share-based compensation expense included in net income is as follows:

	Year Ended December 31,						
	2023 2022			2022		2021	
			(In th	nousands)			
Grants of common shares, restricted stock units, and options	\$	15,427	\$	15,018	\$	14,434	
Capitalized share-based compensation		(1,119)		(1,314)		(1,425)	
Share-based compensation expense	\$	14,308	\$	13,704	\$	13,009	

As of December 31, 2023, we have grants outstanding under two share-based compensation plans. In May 2020, our shareholders approved the 2020 Performance Incentive Plan ("the 2020 Plan"), which authorized the grant of share options, common shares, and other share-based awards for up to 1,750,000 common shares of beneficial interest. Our 2010 Long Term Incentive Plan, as amended (the "2010 Plan"), which expired in May 2020, authorized the grant of share options, common shares and other share-based awards for up to 2,450,000 common shares of beneficial interest.

Option awards under the plans are required to have an exercise price at least equal to the closing trading price of our common shares on the date of grant. Options and restricted share awards under the plan generally vest over three to seven years and option awards typically have a ten-year contractual term. We pay dividends on unvested shares. Certain options and share awards provide for accelerated vesting if there is a change in control. Additionally, the vesting on certain option and share awards can accelerate in part or in full upon termination without cause.

The fair value of each option award is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes model. Expected volatilities, term, dividend yields, employee exercises and estimated forfeitures are primarily based on historical data. The risk-free interest rate is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant. The fair value of each share award is determined based on the closing trading price of our common shares on the grant date. No options were granted in 2023 and 2022. The following table provides a summary of the assumptions used to value options granted in 2021:

	Year Ended December 31,
	2021
Volatility	29.3 %
Expected dividend yield	4.1 %
Expected term (in years)	7.5
Risk free interest rate	0.9 %

The weighted-average grant-date fair value of options granted in 2021 was \$16.40 per share. The following table provides a summary of option activity for 2023:

	Shares Under Option	Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
			(In years)	(In thousands)
Outstanding at December 31, 2022	1,829	\$ 95.77		
Granted	_	_		
Exercised	_	_		
Forfeited or expired	_	_		
Outstanding at December 31, 2023	1,829	\$ 95.77	7.1	\$ 13
Exercisable at December 31, 2023	732	\$ 95.77	7.1	\$ 5

The following table provides a summary of restricted share activity for 2023:

	Shares	Gran	ted-Average t-Date Fair Value
Unvested at December 31, 2022	279,745	\$	114.75
Granted	145,178		109.44
Vested	(132,788)		115.25
Forfeited	(5,930)		111.75
Unvested at December 31, 2023	286,205	\$	111.89

The weighted-average grant-date fair value of stock awarded in 2023, 2022 and 2021 was \$109.44, \$125.34 and \$97.46, respectively. The total vesting-date fair value of shares vested during the year ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, was \$14.4 million, \$14.3 million and \$11.0 million, respectively.

On February 10, 2021, 10,441 restricted stock units were awarded to an officer that vest at the end of four years. The final awards earned are based on meeting certain market based performance criteria, and may vary from 0% to 200% of the original award. The weighted-average grant-date fair value of the restricted stock units awarded in 2021 was \$97.01. There has been no activity in 2023.

As of December 31, 2023, there was \$18.8 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested share-based compensation arrangements (i.e. options and unvested shares) granted under our plans. This cost is expected to be recognized over the next 4.5 years with a weighted-average period of 2.0 years.

Subsequent to December 31, 2023, common shares were awarded under various compensation plans as follows:

Date	Award	Vesting Term	Beneficiary
January 2, 2024	6,693 Shares	Immediate	Trustees
February 6, 2024	141,002 Restricted Shares	3-4 years	Officers and key employees
February 6, 2024	1,190 Options	5 years	Officers and key employees

NOTE 13—SAVINGS AND RETIREMENT PLANS

We have a savings and retirement plan in accordance with the provisions of Section 401(k) of the Code. Generally, employees can elect, at their discretion, to contribute a portion of their compensation up to a maximum of \$22,500 for 2023, \$20,500 for 2022, and 19,500 for 2021. Under the plan, we contribute 50% of each employee's elective deferrals up to 5% of eligible earnings. In addition, we may make discretionary contributions within the limits of deductibility set forth by the Code. Our full-time employees are immediately eligible to become plan participants. Employees are eligible to receive matching contributions immediately on their participation; however, these matching payments will not vest until their third anniversary of employment. Our expense for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 was approximately \$960,000, \$869,000 and \$816,000, respectively.

A non-qualified deferred compensation plan for our officers and certain other employees was established in 1994 that allows the participants to defer a portion of their income. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, we are liable to participants for approximately \$22.0 million and \$18.0 million, respectively, under this plan. Although this is an unfunded plan, we have purchased certain investments to match this obligation. Our obligation under this plan and the related investments are both included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 14—EARNINGS PER SHARE AND UNIT

We have calculated earnings per share ("EPS") and earnings per unit ("EPU") under the two-class method. The two-class method is an earnings allocation methodology whereby EPS and EPU for each class of common stock and partnership units, respectively, and participating securities is calculated according to dividends or distributions declared and participation rights in undistributed earnings. For 2023, 2022, and 2021, we had 0.3 million weighted average unvested shares and units outstanding, which are considered participating securities. Therefore, we have allocated our earnings for basic and diluted EPS and EPU between common shares and units and unvested shares and units; the portion of earnings allocated to the unvested shares and units is reflected as "earnings allocated to unvested shares" or "earnings allocated to unvested units" in the reconciliation below.

The following potentially issuable shares were excluded from the diluted EPS and EPU calculations because their impact is anti-dilutive:

- exercise of 1,829 stock options in 2023,
- conversions of downREIT operating partnership units for 2023 and 2021,
- 5.417% Series 1 Cumulative Convertible Preferred Shares and units for 2023, 2022, and 2021, and
- the issuance of 1.8 million shares and units issuable under forward sales agreements in 2021.

Additionally, 10,441 unvested restricted stock units are excluded from the diluted EPS and EPU calculations as the market based performance criteria in the award has not yet been achieved.

Federal Realty Investment Trust Earnings per Share

		2023		2022		2021
		(In thou	sands	s, except per sh	are da	ata)
NUMERATOR						
Net income	\$	247,217	\$	395,661	\$	269,081
Less: Preferred share dividends		(8,032)		(8,034)		(8,042)
Less: Income from operations attributable to noncontrolling interests		(10,232)		(10,170)		(7,583)
Less: Earnings allocated to unvested shares		(1,286)		(1,328)		(1,211)
Net income available for common shareholders, basic		227,667		376,129		252,245
Add: Income attributable to downREIT operating partnership units		_		2,810		_
Net income available for common shareholders, diluted	\$	227,667	\$	378,939	\$	252,245
DENOMINATOR		_				
Weighted average common shares outstanding—basic		81,313		79,854		77,336
Effect of dilutive securities:						
Open forward contracts for share issuances		_		_		32
DownREIT operating partnership units				654		
Weighted average common shares outstanding—diluted		81,313		80,508		77,368
EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE, BASIC						
Net income available for common shareholders	\$	2.80	\$	4.71	\$	3.26
EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE, DILUTED						
Net income available for common shareholders	\$	2.80	\$	4.71	\$	3.26

Federal Realty OP LP Trust Earnings per Unit

	Year Ended December 31,								
		2023		2022		2021			
		(In thou	ısand	s, except per ui	nit da	ta)			
NUMERATOR									
Net income	\$	247,217	\$	395,661	\$	269,081			
Less: Preferred unit distributions		(8,032)		(8,034)		(8,042)			
Less: Income from operations attributable to noncontrolling interests		(10,232)		(10,170)		(7,583)			
Less: Earnings allocated to unvested units		(1,286)		(1,328)		(1,211)			
Net income available for common unit holders, basic		227,667		376,129		252,245			
Add: Income attributable to downREIT operating partnership units		_		2,810		_			
Net income available for common unit holders, diluted	\$	227,667	\$	378,939	\$	252,245			
DENOMINATOR									
Weighted average common units outstanding—basic		81,313		79,854		77,336			
Effect of dilutive securities:									
Common unit issuances relating to open common forward contracts		_		_		32			
DownREIT operating partnership units				654		<u> </u>			
Weighted average common units outstanding—diluted		81,313		80,508		77,368			
EARNINGS PER COMMON UNIT, BASIC									
Net income available for common unit holders	\$	2.80	\$	4.71	\$	3.26			
EARNINGS PER COMMON UNIT, DILUTED									
Net income available for common unit holders	\$	2.80	\$	4.71	\$	3.26			

NOTE 15—SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On January 11, 2024, our Operating Partnership issued \$485.0 million aggregate principal amount of 3.25% Exchangeable Senior Notes (the "Notes") that mature on January 15, 2029, unless earlier exchanged, purchased or redeemed. On or after July 15, 2028, the Notes will be exchangeable for cash up to the principal amount of the Notes and, if applicable, cash, common shares of the Trust, or a combination thereof at our option, in respect of the remainder, if any, of the exchange obligation in excess of the principal amount. The exchange rate initially equals 8.1436 common shares per \$1,000 principal amount of the Notes (equivalent to an exchange price of approximately \$122.80 per common share). Net proceeds after the initial purchaser's discount and estimated offering costs were approximately \$471 million.

In connection with the Notes, we entered into privately negotiated capped call transactions with certain of the initial purchasers of the notes or their affiliates or other financial institutions. The capped call transactions cover, subject to customary adjustments, the number of our common shares that initially underlie the Notes. The capped call transactions are expected generally to reduce the potential dilution to our common shares upon exchange of any Notes and/or offset any cash payments we are required to make in excess of the principal amount of the Notes, with such reduction and/or offset subject to a cap. The cap price of the capped call transaction initially is approximately \$143.26 per share, which represents a premium of approximately 40% over the last reported sale price of our common shares of \$102.33 on the New York Stock Exchange on January 8, 2024, and is subject to certain adjustments under the terms of the capped call transactions. A portion of the proceeds from the Notes were used to pay the capped call premium of \$19.4 million, which will be recorded in shareholders' equity for the Trust and capital for the Operating Partnership.

On January 16, 2024, we repaid the \$600.0 million 3.95% senior unsecured notes at maturity.

SUMMARY OF REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION DECEMBER 31, 2023

COLUMN A	COLUMN B	COLUMN C		COLUMN D	COLUMN E			COLUMN F	COLUMN G	COLUMN H	COLUMN I
		Initial cos	t to company	Cost Capitalized Subsequent	Gross a	mount at which ca close of period	arried at	Accumulated Depreciation	Date		Life on which depreciation in latest income
Descriptions	Encumbrance	Land	Building and Improvements	to Acquisition	Land	Building and Improvements	Total	and Amortization	of Construction	Date Acquired	statements is computed
29TH PLACE (Virginia)		\$ 10,211	\$ 18,863	\$ 11,795	\$ 10,195	\$ 30,674	\$ 40,869	\$ 17,699	1975 - 2001	5/30/2007	(1)
ANDORRA (Pennsylvania)		2,432	12,346	19,203	2,432	31,549	33,981	23,774	1953	1/12/1988	(1)
ASSEMBLY ROW/ASSEMBLY SQUARE MARKETPLACE (Massachusetts)		93,252	34,196	1,001,514	69,421	1,059,541	1,128,962	166,961	2005, 2012- 2023	2005-2013	(1)
AZALEA (California)	39,902	40,219	67,117	2,016	40,219	69,133	109,352	15,771	2014	8/2/2017	(1)
BALA CYNWYD (Pennsylvania)		3,565	14,466	58,798	2,683	74,146	76,829	33,085	1955/2020	9/22/1993	(1)
BARCROFT PLAZA (Virginia)		12,617	29,603	9,299	12,617	38,902	51,519	10,202	1963, 1972, 1990, & 2000	1/13/16 & 11/7/16	(1)
BARRACKS ROAD (Virginia)		4,363	16,459	54,834	4,363	71,293	75,656	52,383	1958	12/31/1985	(1)
BELL GARDENS (California)	11,386	24,406	85,947	8,906	24,406	94,853	119,259	27,185	1990, 2003, 2006	8/2/17 & 11/29/18	(1)
BETHESDA ROW (Maryland)	199,151	46,579	35,406	183,832	44,350	221,467	265,817	110,714	1945-2008	12/31/93, 6/2/97, 1/20/06, 9/25/08, 9/30/08, & 12/27/10	(1)
BIRCH & BROAD (Virginia)		1,798	1,270	23,021	1,819	24,270	26,089	11,743	1960/1962	9/30/67 & 10/05/72	(1)
BRICK PLAZA (New Jersey)		_	24,715	82,586	4,385	102,916	107,301	68,415	1958	12/28/1989	(1)
BRISTOL PLAZA (Connecticut)		3,856	15,959	17,177	3,856	33,136	36,992	23,331	1959	9/22/1995	(1)
BROOK 35 (New Jersey)	11,386	7,128	38,355	5,993	7,128	44,348	51,476	13,704	1986/2004	1/1/2014	(1)
CAMELBACK COLONNADE (Arizona)		52,658	126,646	1,230	52,658	127,876	180,534	11,743	1977/2019	6/14/2021	(1)
CAMPUS PLAZA (Massachusetts)		16,710	13,412	1,010	16,710	14,422	31,132	4,284	1970	1/13/2016	(1)
CHELSEA COMMONS (Massachusetts)	3,894	8,689	19,466	9,951	8,669	29,437	38,106	11,045	1962/1969/ 2008	8/25/06, 1/30/07, & 7/16/08	(1)
CHESTERBROOK (Virginia)		13,042	24,725	8,566	13,042	33,291	46,333	2,436	1967/1991	4/30/21	(1)

SUMMARY OF REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION DECEMBER 31, 2023

COLUMN A	COLUMN B	COLUMN C		COLUMN D	COLUMN E			COLUMN F	COLUMN G	COLUMN H	COLUMN I
		Initial cost	to company	Cost Capitalized	Gross ar	nount at which ca close of period	rried at	- Accumulated			Life on which depreciation in latest
Descriptions	Encumbrance	Land	Building and Improvements	Subsequent to Acquisition	Land	Building and Improvements	Total	Depreciation and Amortization	Date of Construction	Date Acquired	income statements is computed
COCOWALK (Florida)		32,513	71,536	100,055	48,943	155,161	204,104	28,093	1990/1994, 1922-1973, 2018-2021	5/4/15, 7/1/15, 12/16/15, 7/26/16, 6/30/17, & 8/10/17	(1)
COLORADO BLVD (California)		2,415	3,964	7,604	2,415	11,568	13,983	10,299	1905-1988	8/14/98	(1)
CONGRESSIONAL PLAZA (Maryland)		2,793	7,424	99,752	2,793	107,176	109,969	70,269	1965/2003/ 2016	4/1/1965	(1)
COURTHOUSE CENTER (Maryland)		1,750	1,869	3,717	1,750	5,586	7,336	3,775	1975	12/17/1997	(1)
CROSSROADS (Illinois)		4,635	11,611	20,464	4,635	32,075	36,710	24,647	1959	7/19/1993	(1)
CROW CANYON COMMONS (California)		27,245	54,575	10,416	27,245	64,991	92,236	34,787	Late 1970's/ 1998/2006	12/29/05 & 2/28/07	(1)
DARIEN COMMONS (Connecticut)		30,368	19,523	99,046	30,368	118,569	148,937	7,299	1920- 2009/2022- 2023	4/3/13 & 7/20/18	(1)
DEDHAM PLAZA (Massachusetts)		16,354	13,413	22,389	16,354	35,802	52,156	21,373	1959	12/31/93, 12/14/16, 1/29/19, & 3/12/19	(1)
DEL MAR VILLAGE (Florida)		15,624	41,712	18,446	15,587	60,195	75,782	32,157	1982/1994/ 2007	5/30/08, 7/11/08, & 10/14/14	(1)
EAST BAY BRIDGE (California)		29,069	138,035	12,975	29,069	151,010	180,079	56,523	1994-2001, 2011/2012	12/21/2012	(1)
ELLISBURG (New Jersey)		4,028	11,309	23,327	4,013	34,651	38,664	24,486	1959	10/16/1992	(1)
ESCONDIDO PROMENADE (California)		29,281	105,736	182	29,281	105,918	135,199	5,809	1987	5/26/2023	(1)
FAIRFAX JUNCTION (Virgina)		16,768	23,825	5,648	16,768	29,473	46,241	5,174	1981/1986/ 2000	2/8/19 & 1/10/20	(1)
FEDERAL PLAZA (Maryland)		10,216	17,895	45,417	10,216	63,312	73,528	53,555	1970	6/29/1989	(1)
FINLEY SQUARE (Illinois)		9,252	9,544	20,918	9,252	30,462	39,714	24,206	1974	4/27/1995	(1)
FLOURTOWN (Pennsylvania)		1,345	3,943	14,365	1,507	18,146	19,653	8,780	1957	4/25/1980	(1)
FOURTH STREET (California)		13,978	9,909	3,995	13,978	13,904	27,882	4,572	1948,1975	5/19/2017	(1)
FREEDOM PLAZA (California)		_	3,255	40,950	_	44,205	44,205	4,262	2018-2020	6/15/2018	(1)

SUMMARY OF REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION DECEMBER 31, 2023

COLUMN A	COLUMN B	COLUMN C		COLUMN D	COLUMN E			COLUMN F	COLUMN G	COLUMN H	COLUMN I
		Initial cost	to company	Cost Capitalized	Gross a	mount at which ca close of period	rried at	Accumulated			Life on which depreciation in latest
Descriptions	Encumbrance	Land	Building and Improvements	Subsequent to Acquisition	Land	Building and Improvements	Total	Depreciation and Amortization	Date of Construction	Date Acquired	income statements is computed
FRESH MEADOWS (New York)		24,625	25,255	46,717	24,633	71,964	96,597	51,580	1946-1949	12/5/1997	(1)
FRIENDSHIP CENTER (District of Columbia)		12,696	20,803	3,757	12,696	24,560	37,256	14,997	1998	9/21/2001	(1)
GAITHERSBURG SQUARE (Maryland)		7,701	5,271	26,720	5,973	33,719	39,692	21,815	1966	4/22/1993	(1)
GARDEN MARKET (Illinois)		2,677	4,829	8,580	2,677	13,409	16,086	10,515	1958	7/28/1994	(1)
GEORGETOWNE SHOPPING CENTER (New York)		32,202	49,586	4,766	32,202	54,352	86,554	7,562	1969/2006/ 2015	11/15/19	(1)
GOVERNOR PLAZA (Maryland)		2,068	4,905	28,024	2,068	32,929	34,997	23,482	1963	10/1/1985	(1)
GRAHAM PARK PLAZA (Virginia)		642	7,629	19,114	653	26,732	27,385	19,363	1971	7/21/1983	(1)
GRATIOT PLAZA (Michigan)		525	1,601	17,836	525	19,437	19,962	18,005	1964	3/29/1973	(1)
GREENLAWN PLAZA (New York)		10,590	20,869	2,376	10,917	22,918	33,835	6,543	1975/2004	1/13/2016	(1)
GREENWICH AVENUE (Connecticut)		7,484	5,445	10,819	7,484	16,264	23,748	7,513	1968	4/12/1995	(1)
GROSSMONT CENTER (California)		125,434	50,311	1,194	125,434	51,505	176,939	9,032	1961, 1963, 1982-1983, 2002	6/1/2021	(1)
HASTINGS RANCH PLAZA (California)		2,257	22,393	1,071	2,257	23,464	25,721	5,442	1958, 1984, 2006, 2007	2/1/2017	(1)
HAUPPAUGE (New York)		8,791	15,262	15,278	8,519	30,812	39,331	16,713	1963	8/6/1998	(1)
HILTON VILLAGE (Arizona)		_	85,431	988	_	86,419	86,419	6,030	1982/1989	6/14/21 & 7/18/22	(1)
HOBOKEN (New Jersey)	83,245	56,866	167,835	3,580	56,872	171,409	228,281	22,079	1887-2006	9/18/19, 11/26/19, 12/19/19, 2/12/20, & 11/18/22	(1)
HOLLYWOOD BLVD (California)	,	8,300	16,920	36,825	8,370	53,675	62,045	24,913	1929/1991	3/22/99 & 6/18/99	(1)
HUNTINGTON (New York)		12,194	16,008	77,609	12,294	93,517	105,811	19,214	1962/2022- 2023	12/12/88, 10/26/07, & 11/24/15	(1)
HUNTINGTON SQUARE (New York)		12,026	33,509	5,142	12,537	38,140	50,677	7,230	1980/2004- 2007/2019	8/16/2010 & 1/31/2023	(1)
IDYLWOOD PLAZA (Virginia)		4,308	10,026	3,761	4,308	13,787	18,095	11,137	1991	4/15/1994	(1)

SUMMARY OF REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION DECEMBER 31, 2023

COLUMN A	COLUMN B	COLUMN C		COLUMN D	COLUMN E			COLUMN F	COLUMN G	COLUMN H	COLUMN I
		Initial cost	to company	Cost Capitalized	Gross a	nount at which ca close of period	rried at	Accumulated			Life on which depreciation in latest
Descriptions	Encumbrance	Land	Building and Improvements	Subsequent to Acquisition	Land	Building and Improvements	Total	Depreciation and	Date of Construction	Date Acquired	income statements is computed
KINGS COURT (California)			10,714	901	_	11,615	11,615	11,361	1960	8/24/1998	(1)
KINGSTOWNE TOWNE CENTER (Virginia)		72,234	137,466	1,523	72,234	138,989	211,223	8,021	1996/2001/ 2006	4/20/22 & 7/27/22	(1)
LANCASTER (Pennsylvania)		_	2,103	6,693	432	8,364	8,796	6,705	1958	4/24/1980	(1)
LANGHORNE SQUARE (Pennsylvania)		720	2,974	21,264	720	24,238	24,958	19,250	1966	1/31/1985	(1)
LAUREL (Maryland)		7,458	22,525	31,628	7,551	54,060	61,611	45,960	1956	8/15/1986	(1)
LAWRENCE PARK (Pennsylvania)		6,150	8,491	50,304	6,161	58,784	64,945	27,813	1972	7/23/1980 & 4/3/17	(1)
LINDEN SQUARE (Massachusetts)		79,382	19,247	59,687	79,346	78,970	158,316	36,551	1960-2008	8/24/2006	(1)
MELVILLE MALL (New York)		35,622	32,882	36,638	35,622	69,520	105,142	27,995	1974	10/16/2006	(1)
MERCER ON ONE (FORMERLY KNOWN AS MERCER MALL) (New Jersey)		19,152	44,384	52,891	19,102	97,325	116,427	43,920	1975	10/14/03, 1/31/17, & 10/12/2023	(1)
MONTROSE CROSSING (Maryland)		48,624	91,819	32,056	48,624	123,875	172,499	48,448	1960s, 1970s, 1996 & 2011	12/27/11 & 12/19/13	(1)
MOUNT VERNON/SOUTH VALLEY/7770 RICHMOND HWY. (Virginia)		15,769	33,501	46,133	15,851	79,552	95,403	50,467	1966/1972/ 1987/2001	3/31/03, 3/21/03, 1/27/06 & 1/4/21	(1)
NORTH DARTMOUTH (Massachusetts)		9,366	_	3	9,366	3	9,369	2	2004	8/24/2006	(1)
NORTHEAST (Pennsylvania)		938	8,779	25,941	939	34,719	35,658	23,769	1959	8/30/1983	(1)
OLD KEENE MILL (Virginia)		638	998	13,047	638	14,045	14,683	7,614	1968	6/15/1976	(1)
OLD TOWN CENTER (California)		3,420	2,765	37,064	3,420	39,829	43,249	26,408	1962, 1997- 1998	10/22/1997	(1)
OLIVO AT MISSION HILLS (California)		15,048	46,732	21,130	15,048	67,862	82,910	10,589	2017-2018	8/2/2017	(1)
PAN AM (Virginia)		8,694	12,929	10,707	8,695	23,635	32,330	18,863	1979	2/5/1993	(1)
PERRING PLAZA (Maryland)		2,800	6,461	28,432	2,800	34,893	37,693	25,530	1963	10/1/1985	(1)
PIKE & ROSE (Maryland)		31,471	10,335	820,583	33,716	828,673	862,389	124,714	1963, 2012- 2023	5/18/82, 10/26/07, & 7/31/12	(1)

SUMMARY OF REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION DECEMBER 31, 2023

COLUMN A	COLUMN B	COLUMN C		COLUMN D	COLUMN E			COLUMN F	COLUMN G	COLUMN H	COLUMN I						
		Initial cost	t to company	Cost Capitalized	Gross amount at which carried at close of period		st close of period										Life on which depreciation in latest
Descriptions	Encumbrance	Land	Building and Improvements	Subsequent to Acquisition	Land	Building and Improvements	Total	Depreciation and Amortization	Date of Construction	Date Acquired	income statements is computed						
PIKE 7 PLAZA (Virginia)		14,970	22,799	18,105	14,914	40,960	55,874	23,250	1968	3/31/97 & 7/8/15	(1)						
PLAZA DEL MERCADO (Maryland)		10,305	21,553	14,913	10,305	36,466	46,771	11,427	1969	1/13/2016	(1)						
PLAZA DEL SOL (California)		5,605	12,331	(19)	5,605	12,312	17,917	2,595	2009	8/2/2017	(1)						
PLAZA EL SEGUNDO/THE POINT (California)	124,706	62,127	153,556	93,766	64,463	244,986	309,449	83,364	2006/2007/ 2016	12/30/11, 6/14/13, 7/26/13, & 12/27/13	(1)						
QUEEN ANNE PLAZA (Massachusetts)		3,319	8,457	7,886	3,319	16,343	19,662	12,380	1967	12/23/1994	(1)						
QUINCE ORCHARD (Maryland)		3,197	7,949	29,972	2,928	38,190	41,118	27,989	1975	4/22/1993	(1)						
RIVERPOINT CENTER (Illinois)		15,422	104,572	2,603	15,422	107,175	122,597	23,045	1989, 2012	3/31/2017	(1)						
SAN ANTONIO CENTER (California)		26,400	18,462	7,232	26,400	25,694	52,094	7,252	1958, 1964- 1965, 1974- 1975, 1995- 1997	1/9/2015, 9/13/19	(1)						
SANTANA ROW (California)		66,682	7,502	1,241,432	57,592	1,258,024	1,315,616	323,191	1999-2006, 2009, 2011, 2014, 2016- 2023	3/5/97, 7/13/12, 9/6/12, 4/30/13 & 9/23/13	(1)						
SHOPS AT PEMBROKE GARDENS (Florida)		39,506	141,356	650	39,506	142,006	181,512	8,087	2007	7/27/2022	(1)						
SYLMAR TOWNE CENTER (California)		18,522	24,637	3,420	18,522	28,057	46,579	5,567	1973	8/2/2017	(1)						
THE AVENUE AT WHITE MARSH (Maryland)		20,682	72,432	40,410	20,685	112,839	133,524	53,760	1997	3/8/2007	(1)						
THE GROVE AT SHREWSBURY (New Jersey)	43,266	18,016	103,115	10,581	18,021	113,691	131,712	35,803	1988/1993/ 2007	1/1/2014 & 10/6/14	(1)						
THE SHOPPES AT NOTTINGHAM SQUARE (Maryland)		4,441	12,849	2,227	4,441	15,076	19,517	7,936	2005 - 2006	3/8/2007	(1)						
THIRD STREET PROMENADE (California)		17,161	12,051	51,169	19,642	60,739	80,381	36,598	1888-2000	1996-2000	(1)						
TOWER SHOPPNG CENTER (Virginia)		7,170	10,518	8,565	7,280	18,973	26,253	11,679	1953-1960	8/24/1998	(1)						
TOWER SHOPS (Florida)		29,940	43,390	31,962	29,962	75,330	105,292	30,876	1989, 2017	1/19/11 & 6/13/14	(1)						

SUMMARY OF REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION DECEMBER 31, 2023

COLUMN A	CC	DLUMN B	COLUMN C		COLUMN D	COLUMN E			COLUMN F	COLUMN G	COLUMN H	COLUMN I
			Initial cost	to company	Cost Capitalized	Gross amount at which carried at close of period			Accumulated			Life on which depreciation in latest
Descriptions	En	cumbrance	Land	Building and Improvements	Subsequent to Acquisition	Land	Building and Improvements	Total	Depreciation and Amortization	Date of Construction	Date Acquired	income statements is computed
TROY HILLS (New Jersey)			3,126	5,193	33,050	5,865	35,504	41,369	26,645	1966	7/23/1980	(1)
TWINBROOKE SHOPPING CENTRE (Virginia)			16,484	18,898	755	16,484	19,653	36,137	1,764	1977	9/2/2021	(1)
TYSON'S STATION (Virginia)			388	453	6,323	493	6,671	7,164	4,383	1954	1/17/1978	(1)
VILLAGE AT SHIRLINGTON (Virginia)			9,761	14,808	48,905	6,323	67,151	73,474	37,988	1940, 2006- 2009	12/21/1995	(1)
WESTGATE CENTER (California)			6,319	107,284	43,876	6,319	151,160	157,479	83,068	1960-1966	3/31/2004	(1)
WESTPOST (Virginia)			_	2,955	109,946	_	112,901	112,901	63,606	1999 - 2002	1998 & 11/22/10	(1)
WHITE MARSH PLAZA (Maryland)			3,478	21,413	2,170	3,514	23,547	27,061	12,580	1987	3/8/2007	(1)
WHITE MARSH OTHER (Maryland)			27,720	_	213	27,750	183	27,933	56	1985	3/8/2007	(1)
WILDWOOD (Maryland)			9,111	1,061	18,370	9,111	19,431	28,542	11,661	1958	5/5/1969	(1)
WILLOW GROVE (Pennsylvania)			1,499	6,643	41,838	1,499	48,481	49,980	23,360	1953	11/20/1984	(1)
WILLOW LAWN (Virginia)			3,192	7,723	97,749	7,790	100,874	108,664	72,875	1957	12/5/1983	(1)
WYNNEWOOD (Pennsylvania)			8,055	13,759	22,569	8,055	36,328	44,383	29,048	1948	10/29/1996	(1)
TOTALS	\$	516,936	\$ 1,730,629	\$ 3,164,741	\$ 5,650,817	\$1,726,021	\$ 8,820,166	\$10,546,187	\$ 2,963,519			

⁽¹⁾ Depreciation of building and improvements is calculated based on useful lives ranging from the life of the lease to 50 years.

SUMMARY OF REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION - CONTINUED

Three Years Ended December 31, 2023 Reconciliation of Total Cost (in thousands)

Balance, December 31, 2020	\$ 8,582,870
Additions during period	
Acquisitions	519,350
Improvements	424,521
Deduction during period—dispositions and retirements of property	(104,679)
Balance, December 31, 2021	9,422,062
Additions during period	
Acquisitions	445,319
Improvements	399,623
Deductions during period	
Dispositions and retirements of property	(107,682)
Deconsolidation of VIE	(54,823)
Balance, December 31, 2022	 10,104,499
Additions during period	
Improvements	287,286
Reconsolidation of VIE	135,017
Acquisitions	74,723
Deduction during period—dispositions and retirements of property	(55,338)
Balance, December 31, 2023 (1)	\$ 10,546,187

⁽¹⁾ For Federal tax purposes, the aggregate cost basis is approximately \$9.4 billion as of December 31, 2023.

SUMMARY OF REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION - CONTINUED

Three Years Ended December 31, 2023

Reconciliation of Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization (In thousands)

Balance, December 31, 2020	\$ 2,357,692
Additions during period—depreciation and amortization expense	246,338
Deductions during period -dispositions and retirements of property	(72,935)
Balance, December 31, 2021	 2,531,095
Additions during period—depreciation and amortization expense	266,877
Deductions during period	
Dispositions and retirements of property	(59,066)
Deconsolidation of VIE	(23,089)
Balance, December 31, 2022	 2,715,817
Additions during period	
Depreciation and amortization expense	282,896
Reconsolidation of VIE	2,869
Deductions during period -dispositions and retirements of property	(38,063)
Balance, December 31, 2023	\$ 2,963,519

FEDERAL REALTY INVESTMENT TRUST AND FEDERAL REALTY OP LP SCHEDULE IV MORTGAGE LOANS ON REAL ESTATE

Year Ended December 31, 2023

Column A	Column B	Column C	Column D		Column E		Column E		Column F		Column G		Column H	
Description of Lien	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Periodic Payment Terms		Prior Liens			Face Amount of Mortgages			Principal Amount of Loans Subject to delinquent Principal or Interest			
Second mortgage on a retail shopping center in Rockville, MD	11.5%	February 2026	Interest only monthly; balloon payment due at maturity	\$	58,750	(2)	\$	5,075	\$	4,696	\$	_		
Second mortgage on a retail shopping center in Rockville, MD	10.75%	February 2026	Interest only monthly; balloon payment due at maturity		58,750	(2)		4,500		4,500		_		
Second mortgage on a retail shopping center in Baltimore, MD	7.0%	October 2031	Principal and interest monthly; balloon payment due at maturity		4,990	(3)		503		_		_		
				\$	63,740		\$	10,078	\$	9,196	\$			

⁽¹⁾ The amounts are net of any expected losses in accordance with ASU 2016-13. See note 2 to the consolidated financial statements. For Federal tax purposes, the aggregate tax basis is approximately \$10.1 million as of December 31, 2023.

⁽²⁾ These mortgages are both subordinate to a first mortgage of \$58.8 million in total. We do not hold the first mortgage loan on this property. Accordingly, the amount of the prior lien at December 31, 2023 is estimated.

⁽³⁾ This mortgage is subordinate to a first mortgage of \$5.0 million. We do not hold the first mortgage loan on this property. Accordingly, the amount of the prior lien at December 31, 2023 is estimated.

MORTGAGE LOANS ON REAL ESTATE - CONTINUED

Three Years Ended December 31, 2023 Reconciliation of Carrying Amount (In thousands)

Balance, December 31, 2020	\$ 39,892
Additions during period:	
Issuance of loans	600
Deductions during period:	
Collection and satisfaction of loans	(30,339)
Valuation adjustments	(610)
Balance, December 31, 2021	9,543
Deductions during period:	
Valuation adjustments	(44)
Collection and satisfaction of loans	(43)
Balance, December 31, 2022	9,456
Deductions during period:	
Valuation adjustments	(213)
Collection and satisfaction of loans	(47)
Balance, December 31, 2023	\$ 9,196

Description of the Registrant's Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

The following description sets forth certain material terms and provisions of our securities that are registered under Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. This description also contains summaries of relevant portions of the Code of Maryland, including Title 8 of the Corporations and Associations Article, the Maryland REIT Law, our declaration of trust, our bylaws and the articles supplementary with respect to our Series C preferred shares (as defined below). The following summary of the material terms, rights and preferences of our securities does not purport to be complete and is subject to and qualified in its entirety by reference to our declaration of trust, bylaws and the articles supplementary establishing the Series C preferred shares, copies of which are incorporated by reference as exhibits to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of which this exhibit is a part, as well as the laws of the State of Maryland, including the Maryland REIT law, our declaration of trust, bylaws and the articles supplementary establishing the Series C preferred shares for additional information.

In this exhibit, references to "we," "us," "our" or "ours" refer to Federal Realty Investment Trust.

General

Our declaration of trust allows us to issue up to 200,000,000 common shares of beneficial interest, par value \$0.01 per share, and 15,000,000 preferred shares of beneficial interest, par value \$0.01 per share.

Common Shares

Holders of our common shares are entitled to receive distributions, or dividends, on our common shares if the Board of Trustees authorizes a dividend to the holders of our common shares out of our legally available assets. The right of holders of common shares to receive those dividends may be affected, however, by the preferential rights of the Series 1 preferred shares and Series C preferred shares or any other class or series of shares of beneficial interest and the provisions of our declaration of trust regarding restrictions on the transfer of shares of beneficial interest. For example, holders of our common shares may not receive dividends if no funds are available for distribution after we pay dividends to holders of preferred shares. In the event of our liquidation, dissolution or winding up, holders of our common shares will be entitled to share pro rata in all of our assets remaining after payment or provision for all of our debts and other liabilities and preferential amounts owing in respect of our Series 1 preferred shares, Series C preferred shares and any other shares of beneficial interest having a priority over our common shares in the event of our liquidation, dissolution or winding up.

Ranking. Our outstanding Series 1 preferred shares and Series C preferred shares rank senior to our common shares with respect to the payment of dividends and as to the distribution of assets in the event of our liquidation, dissolution or winding up. All outstanding common shares are fully paid and non-assessable.

Voting Rights. Each outstanding common share owned by a shareholder entitles that holder to one vote on all matters submitted to a vote of common shareholders, including the election of trustees. The right to vote is subject to the provisions of our declaration of trust regarding the restriction of the transfer of shares of beneficial interest, which we describe under "- Restrictions on Ownership and Transfer," below. There is no cumulative voting in the election of trustees, which means that, under Maryland law and our bylaws, the holders of a majority of all of the votes cast at a meeting of shareholders duly called and at which a quorum is present can elect a trustee. The holders of the remaining shares will not be able to elect any trustees.

Holders of common shares do not have any right to:

- convert their common shares into any other security;
- have any funds set aside for future payments;
- requires us to repurchase their common shares; or
- repurchase any of our securities, if other securities are offered for sale, other than as a member of the general public.

Subject to the terms of our declaration of trust regarding the restrictions on transfer of shares of beneficial interest, each common share has the same dividend, distribution, liquidation and other rights as each other common share.

According to the terms of our declaration of trust and bylaws, and Maryland law, all matters submitted to the shareholders for approval, except for those matters listed below, are approved if a majority of all the votes cast at a meeting of shareholders duly called and at which a quorum is present are voted in favor of approval. The following matters require approval other than by a majority of all votes cast:

- the election of trustees in any election in which the number of nominees exceeds the number of trustees to be elected (which requires a plurality of all the votes cast at a meeting of our shareholders at which a quorum is present);
- the removal of trustees (which requires the affirmative vote of the holders of two-thirds of the number of shares outstanding and entitled to vote on such a matter if the removal is approved or recommended by a vote of at least two-thirds of the Board of Trustees or the affirmative vote of the holders of not less than 80% of the number of shares then outstanding and entitled to vote on such matter if the removal is not approved or recommended by a vote of at least two-thirds of the Board of Trustees);
- the amendment of our declaration of trust by shareholders (which requires the affirmative vote of two-thirds of all votes entitled to be cast on the matter only if the amendment was not approved by a unanimous vote of the Board of Trustees, but requires the affirmative vote of only a majority of votes entitled to be cast on the matter if the amendment was approved by a unanimous vote of the Board of Trustees);
- our termination, winding up of affairs and liquidation (which requires, after approval by a majority of the entire Board of Trustees, the affirmative vote of two-thirds of all the votes entitled to be cast on the matter); and
- our merger or consolidation with another entity or sale of all or substantially all of our property (which requires the approval of the Board of Trustees and an affirmative vote of two-thirds of all the votes entitled to be cast on the matter).

Our declaration of trust permits the Board of Trustees to revoke our election to be taxed as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or the "Code", or to determine that compliance with any restriction or limitations on ownership and transfers of shares set forth in the declaration of trust is no longer required in order for us to qualify as a REIT. Our declaration of trust also permits the Board of Trustees to amend the declaration of trust from time to time, without approval by our shareholders, to:

- · qualify as a real estate investment trust under Maryland REIT law or the Code; or
- to increase or decrease the authorized aggregate number of shares and number of authorized shares of any class or series.

In addition, any provision of our bylaws may be adopted, altered or repealed either by our Board of Trustees, subject to certain limitations contained in our bylaws, without any action by the shareholders or by the shareholders at any meeting of shareholders called for that purpose, by the affirmative vote of holders of not less than a majority of the shares then outstanding and entitled to vote.

No Preemptive, Conversion or Subscription Rights; No Redemption or Sinking Fund Provisions. Holders of our common shares have no preemptive or conversion rights, and there are no sinking fund or redemption provisions relating to our common shares. In addition, under our declaration of trust, no holder of shares of beneficial interest has any preemptive rights to subscribe to any issuance of additional shares. The Board of Trustees, in classifying or reclassifying any unissued shares of beneficial interest, however, has the right to grant holders of shares preemptive rights to purchase or subscribe for additional shares of beneficial interest or other securities.

Stock Exchange Listing. The common shares are traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the trading symbol "FRT."

Transfer Agent and Registrar. The transfer agent and registrar for the common shares is Equiniti Trust Company, LLC, New York, New York.

Depositary Shares each Representing a 1/1000 Fractional Interest in a 5.000% Series C Preferred Share

General

Our Board of Trustees, has adopted articles supplementary to our declaration of trust establishing the terms of the Series C preferred shares consisting of 6,400 shares, designated 5.000% Series C Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares, \$0.01 par value per share. Unless redeemed or otherwise repurchased by us, the Series C preferred shares have a perpetual term with no stated maturity date. The following summary of the terms and provisions of the Series C preferred shares does not purport to be complete and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the pertinent sections of our declaration of trust, which includes the articles supplementary establishing the Series C preferred shares.

Each depositary share represents a 1/1000 fractional interest in a Series C preferred share. The Series C preferred shares are deposited with Equiniti Trust Company, LLC, as depositary (referred to herein as the preferred share depositary), under a deposit agreement between us, the preferred share depositary and the holders from time to time of the depositary receipts issued by the preferred share depositary thereunder. The depositary receipts evidence the depositary shares. Subject to the terms of the deposit agreement, each holder of a depositary receipt representing a depositary share is entitled to all the rights and preferences of a fractional interest in a Series C preferred share (including dividends, voting, redemption and liquidation rights and preferences). Holders of depositary shares representing Series C preferred shares may surrender their depositary receipts and the depositary will be required to deliver certificates to the holder of the depositary shares representing Series C preferred shares evidencing the number of preferred shares represented by those receipts (but only in whole shares). If a holder delivers depositary receipts representing a number of depositary shares that is greater than the number of whole shares to be withdrawn, the depositary will deliver to the holder, at the same time, a new depositary receipt evidencing the fractional shares.

Ranking. With respect to the payment of dividends and distribution of our assets and rights upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up, the Series C preferred shares rank (i) senior to our common shares and to all other equity securities that, by their terms, rank junior to the Series C preferred shares, (ii) on a parity with all equity securities issued by us other than those referred to in clause (i) or clause (iii), including our outstanding Series 1 preferred shares, and (iii) junior to all equity securities issued by us whose senior ranking is consented to by holders of at least two-thirds of the shares of the Series C preferred shares outstanding at the time. For these purposes, the term "equity securities" does not include convertible debt securities. We currently have no equity securities outstanding senior to the Series C preferred shares.

Dividends

Holders of the Series C preferred shares shall be entitled to receive, when, as and if authorized by our Board of Trustees and declared by us, out of assets legally available for payment, cumulative cash dividends at the rate of 5.000% of the \$25,000.00 liquidation preference per year (equal to \$1.250 per depositary share per year). Dividends on the Series C preferred shares shall accrue and be cumulative from, and including, the date of original issue and shall be payable, subject to authorization by our Board of Trustees and declaration by us, quarterly in arrears on January 15, April 15, July 15 and October 15 of each year, commencing on January 15, 2018, or, if any such date is not a business day, the next succeeding business day. Dividends payable on the Series C preferred shares are computed on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months. The preferred share depositary distributes cash dividends received in respect of the Series C preferred shares to the record holders of the depositary receipts as of the close of business on the applicable record date, which shall be the first day of the calendar month in which the applicable dividend payment date falls or such other date designated by our Board of Trustees for the payment of dividends that is not more than 30 nor less than 10 days prior to the dividend payment date.

No full dividends shall be declared or paid or set apart for payment on any class or series of equity securities ranking, as to dividends or payment upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up, on a parity with or junior to our Series C preferred shares unless full cumulative dividends have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof set apart for that payment on the Series C preferred shares for all past dividend periods.

When dividends are not paid in full (or a sum sufficient for their full payment is not so set apart) on the Series C preferred shares and any other class or series of equity securities ranking on a parity as to dividends or payment upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up with the Series C preferred shares, all dividends declared upon the Series

C preferred shares and any other such equity securities shall be declared pro rata so that the amount of dividends declared per share on the Series C preferred shares and all other such parity securities shall in all cases bear to each other the same ratio that accrued and unpaid dividends per share on the Series C preferred shares and all other such parity securities bear to each other.

Except as provided in the immediately preceding paragraph, unless full cumulative dividends on the Series C preferred shares have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof set apart for payment for all past dividend periods, then no dividends (other than in the form of our common shares or any of our other equity securities ranking junior to the Series C preferred shares as to dividends and upon our liquidation, dissolution or winding up) shall be declared or paid or set apart for payment or other distribution shall be declared or made upon our common shares or any of our other equity securities ranking junior to or on a parity with the Series C preferred shares as to dividends or upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up, nor shall any common shares or any of our other equity securities ranking junior to or on a parity with the Series C preferred shares as to dividends or upon our liquidation, dissolution or winding up be redeemed, purchased or otherwise acquired for any consideration (or any moneys be paid to or made available for a sinking fund for the redemption of any such equity securities) by us (except by conversion into or exchange for other of our equity securities ranking junior to the Series C preferred shares as to dividends and upon our liquidation, dissolution or winding up).

No dividends on the Series C preferred shares shall be authorized by our Board of Trustees or declared by us or be paid or set apart for payment by us at such time as the terms and provisions of any agreement of ours, including any agreement relating to our indebtedness, prohibits the authorization, declaration, payment or setting apart for payment or provides that the authorization, declaration, payment or setting apart for payment would constitute a breach thereof or a default thereunder, or if the declaration or payment shall be restricted or prohibited by law.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, dividends on the Series C preferred shares accrue whether or not we have earnings, whether or not there are funds legally available for the payment of the dividends and whether or not the dividends are authorized or declared. Accrued but unpaid dividends on the Series C preferred shares do not bear interest and holders of the Series C preferred shares are not entitled to any dividends in excess of full cumulative dividends as described above.

Any dividend payment made on the Series C preferred shares shall first be credited against the earliest accrued but unpaid dividend due with respect to the shares which remains payable.

Liquidation Preference

In the event of any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of our affairs, the holders of the Series C preferred shares are entitled to be paid out of our assets legally available for distribution to our shareholders liquidating distributions in cash or property at its fair market value as determined by our Board of Trustees in the amount of a liquidation preference of \$25,000.00 per share (equivalent to \$25.00 per depositary share), plus an amount equal to all accrued and unpaid dividends to, but excluding, the date of the liquidation, dissolution or winding up, before any distribution or payment shall be made to the holders of any common shares or any other class or series of equity securities issued by us ranking junior to our Series C preferred shares as to liquidation rights. After payment of the full amount of the liquidating distributions to which they are entitled, the holders of the Series C preferred shares will have no right or claim to any of our remaining assets. Our consolidation or merger with or into any other entity or the sale, lease, transfer or conveyance of all or substantially all of our property or business, individually or as part of a series of transactions, shall not be deemed to constitute a liquidation, dissolution or winding up of our affairs.

In the event that, upon any such voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up, our legally available assets are insufficient to pay the amount of the liquidating distributions on all outstanding Series C preferred shares and the corresponding amounts payable on all other classes or series of equity securities issued by us ranking on a parity with the Series C preferred shares as to liquidation rights, then the holders of the depositary shares representing the Series C preferred shares and all other classes or series of equity securities issued by us ranking on a parity with the Series C preferred shares as to liquidation rights, including all other preferred shares, shall share ratably in any distribution of assets in proportion to the full liquidating distributions to which they would otherwise be respectively entitled.

Optional Redemption

Series C preferred shares were not redeemable prior to September 29, 2022. After September 29, 2022, we may redeem, at our option upon not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' written notice, the Series C preferred shares (and the preferred share depositary will redeem the number of depositary shares representing the Series C preferred shares so redeemed), in whole or in part, at any time or from time to time, for cash at a redemption price of \$25,000.00 per share (equivalent to \$25.00 per depositary share), plus accrued and unpaid dividends thereon, if any, to, but excluding, the date fixed for redemption. If fewer than all of the outstanding Series C preferred shares and depositary shares are to be redeemed, the Series C preferred shares and depositary shares to be redeemed will be determined pro rata (as nearly as practicable without creating fractional shares) or by lot. In addition, we may redeem Series C preferred shares at any time in certain circumstances relating to the maintenance of our ability to qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes.

We will give the preferred share depositary prior written notice of redemption of the deposited Series C preferred shares. A similar notice will be mailed by the preferred share depositary, postage prepaid, not less than 30 nor more than 60 days prior to the date fixed for redemption of the Series C preferred shares and the depositary shares, addressed to the respective holders of depositary shares to be redeemed at their respective addresses shown on the records of the preferred share depositary. The notice of redemption may be contingent on the occurrence of a future event. No failure to give notice or any defect of the notice or in the mailing of the notice shall affect the validity of the proceedings for the redemption of any Series C preferred shares except as to the holder to whom notice was defective or not given. Each notice shall state:

- the date fixed for redemption of the Series C preferred shares and the depositary shares;
- the redemption price;
- the number of Series C preferred shares and the number of depositary shares to be redeemed;
- the place or places where certificates representing the Series C preferred shares and the depositary receipts are to be surrendered for payment of the redemption price; and
- that dividends on the shares to be redeemed will cease to accrue on the redemption date.

The notice mailed to each holder shall also specify the number of Series C preferred shares and depositary shares to be redeemed from such holder.

On or after the redemption date, each holder of Series C preferred shares to be redeemed must present and surrender the certificates representing the Series C preferred shares at the place designated in the redemption notice and then the redemption price of such Series C preferred shares and any accrued and unpaid dividends payable upon such redemption will be paid to the person who presented and surrendered such certificates and each surrendered certificate will be canceled. Similarly, on or after the redemption date, each holder of depositary receipts representing depositary shares to be redeemed must present and surrender the depositary receipts representing depositary shares at the place designated in the redemption notice and then the redemption price of such depositary shares and any accrued and unpaid dividends payable upon such redemption will be paid to the person who presented and surrendered such depositary receipts and each surrendered depositary receipt will be canceled. In the event that fewer than all the Series C preferred shares or depositary shares represented by any certificate or depositary receipt are to be redeemed, a new certificate or depositary receipt will be issued representing the unredeemed preferred shares or depositary shares, as the case may be.

At our election, we may, prior to the redemption date, irrevocably deposit cash in an amount equal to the redemption price (including accrued and unpaid dividends) of the Series C preferred shares called for redemption in trust for the holders thereof with a bank or trust company, in which case the notice to holders of the Series C preferred shares and depositary shares to be redeemed will:

- · specify the office of such bank or trust company as the place of payment of the redemption price; and
- call upon such holders to surrender the certificates or depositary receipts, as the case may be, representing such shares at such place on or about the date fixed in such redemption notice (which may not be later than the redemption date) against payment of the redemption price (including all accrued and unpaid dividends up to, but excluding, the redemption date). Subject to applicable law, any moneys deposited which remain unclaimed at the end of two years after the redemption date will be returned to us by such bank or trust company.

The holders of depositary shares at the close of business on a record date of any dividend will be entitled to receive the dividend payable with respect to the Series C preferred shares represented thereby on the corresponding payment date notwithstanding the redemption thereof between such dividend record date and the corresponding dividend payment date. Except as provided above, we will make no payment or allowance for unpaid dividends, whether or not in arrears, on Series C preferred shares to be redeemed.

If notice of redemption of any Series C preferred shares has been given, if the funds necessary for that redemption have been set apart by us in trust for the benefit of the holders of any Series C preferred shares so called for redemption, and unless we default in providing funds for the payment of the redemption price, then from and after the redemption date dividends will cease to accrue on those Series C preferred shares, those Series C preferred shares will no longer be deemed outstanding and such shares will not thereafter be transferred (except with our consent) on our books and all rights of the holders of those shares will terminate, except the right to receive the redemption price (including all accrued and unpaid dividends up to, but excluding, the redemption date).

Notwithstanding the foregoing, unless full cumulative dividends on all outstanding Series C preferred shares have been or contemporaneously are paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment set apart for payment for all past dividend periods, no Series C preferred shares or depositary shares representing Series C preferred shares will be redeemed unless all outstanding Series C preferred shares and depositary shares representing Series C preferred shares are simultaneously redeemed. Unless full cumulative dividends on all outstanding Series C preferred shares and depositary shares representing Series C preferred shares have been or contemporaneously are paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof set apart for payment for all past dividend periods, we will not purchase or otherwise acquire, directly or indirectly, any Series C preferred shares or depositary shares representing Series C preferred shares (except by conversion into or exchange for equity securities ranking junior to the Series C preferred shares as to dividend and liquidation rights). However, the foregoing will not prevent the purchase or acquisition of Series C preferred shares or depositary shares representing Series C preferred shares pursuant to a purchase or exchange offer made on the same terms to holders of all outstanding Series C preferred shares and depositary shares representing Series C preferred shares.

The Series C preferred shares and the depositary shares have no stated maturity date and are not be subject to any sinking fund or mandatory redemption provisions (except in connection with the preservation of our REIT status).

Voting Rights

Except as indicated below, the holders of the depositary shares representing the Series C preferred shares have no voting rights. On any matter on which the Series C preferred shares are entitled to vote, each Series C preferred share shall be entitled to one thousand votes. As a result, each depositary share is entitled to one vote on each matter for which the holders of Series C preferred shares are entitled to vote.

If and whenever dividends payable on the Series C preferred shares are in arrears for six or more dividend periods, whether or not consecutive, holders of the depositary shares representing the Series C preferred shares (voting together as a class with holders of any other classes or series of preferred shares upon which like voting rights have been conferred and are exercisable) will be entitled to elect two additional trustees to serve on our Board of Trustees until we pay all accrued and unpaid dividends on the Series C preferred shares to which the holders of such Series C preferred shares are entitled.

So long as any depositary shares representing Series C preferred shares remain outstanding, we will not, without the affirmative vote or consent of the holders of at least two-thirds of the Series C preferred shares outstanding at the time, given in person or by proxy, either in writing or at a meeting (with the holders of the depositary shares representing the Series C preferred shares voting separately as a class): (i) authorize or create, or increase the authorized or issued amount of, any class or series of equity securities issued by us that rank senior to Series C preferred shares with respect to payment of dividends or the distribution of assets upon our liquidation, dissolution or winding-up, or reclassify any of our authorized shares into such equity securities or create, authorize or issue any obligation or security convertible into or evidencing the right to purchase any such equity securities; or (ii) amend, alter or repeal the provisions of the declaration of trust or bylaws, whether by merger, consolidation, or otherwise, so as to materially and adversely affect any right, preference, privilege or voting power of the holders of the depositary shares representing Series C preferred shares; except that (1) with respect to the occurrence of any of

the events described in (ii) above, so long as the Series C preferred shares remain outstanding with the terms of the Series C preferred shares materially unchanged or are converted into a security in another entity with the terms materially unchanged, the occurrence of such event will not be deemed to materially and adversely affect the rights, preferences, privileges or voting powers of holders of the depositary shares representing Series C preferred shares and (2) (A) any increase in the amount of the authorized Series C preferred shares or the authorization or issuance of any other class or series of equity securities or (B) any increase in the number of authorized Series C preferred shares or any other class or series of equity securities, in each case ranking on a parity with or junior to the Series C preferred shares with respect to the payment of dividends and the distribution of assets upon our liquidation, dissolution or winding up, will not be deemed to materially and adversely affect such rights, preferences, privileges or voting powers.

The foregoing voting provisions will not apply if, at or prior to the time when the act with respect to which the vote would otherwise be required shall be effected, all outstanding Series C preferred shares shall have been redeemed or called for redemption and sufficient funds shall have been deposited in trust to effect the redemption.

No Preemptive, Conversion or Subscription Rights. Holders of our Series C preferred shares and the depositary shares have no preemptive or conversion rights. In addition, under our declaration of trust, no holder of shares of beneficial interest has any preemptive rights to subscribe to any issuance of additional shares. The Board of Trustees, in classifying or reclassifying any unissued shares of beneficial interest, however, has the right to grant holders of shares preemptive rights to purchase or subscribe for additional shares of beneficial interest or other securities.

Stock Exchange Listing. The depositary shares representing Series C preferred shares are traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the trading symbol "FRTPRC."

Restrictions on Ownership and Transfer

Restrictions on ownership and transfer of shares are important to ensure that we meet certain conditions under the Code to qualify as a REIT. For example, the Code contains the following requirements.

- No more than 50% in value of a REIT's shares may be owned, actually or constructively (based on attribution rules in the Code), by five or fewer individuals during the last half of a taxable year or a proportionate part of a shorter taxable year, which we refer to as the 5/50 Rule. Under the Code, individuals include certain tax-exempt entities except that qualified domestic pension funds are not generally treated as individuals
- If a REIT, or an owner of 10% or more of a REIT, is treated as owning 10% or more of a tenant of the REIT's property, the rent received by the REIT from the tenant will not be "qualifying income" for purposes of the REIT gross income tests of the Code.
- A REIT's stock or beneficial interests must be owned by 100 or more persons during at least 335 days of a taxable year of 12 months or during a proportionate part of a shorter taxable year.

In order to maintain our qualification as a REIT, our declaration of trust, subject to certain exceptions described below, provides that no person may own, or be deemed to own by virtue of the attribution provisions of the Code, more than 9.8% (in value or in number of shares, whichever is more restrictive) of the outstanding common shares or more than 9.8% in value of our outstanding capital stock. In this exhibit, the term "ownership limitation" is used to describe this provision of our declaration of trust.

Any transfer of shares will be null and void, and the intended transferee will acquire no rights in such shares if the transfer:

- results in any person owning, directly or indirectly, shares in excess of the ownership limitation;
- results in the shares being owned by fewer than 100 persons (determined without reference to any rules of attribution);
- results in our being "closely held" (within the meaning of Section 856(h) of the Code);
- causes us to own, directly or constructively, 10% or more of the ownership interests in a tenant of our real property (within the meaning of Section 856(d)(2)(B) of the Code); or
- otherwise results in our failure to qualify as a REIT.

Automatic Transfer of Shares to Trust. With certain exceptions described below, if any purported transfer of shares would violate any of the restrictions described in the immediately preceding paragraph, then the transfer will be null and void, and those shares will be designated as "shares-intrust" and transferred automatically to a charitable trust. The transfer to the trust is effective as of the end of the business day before the purported transfer of such shares. The record holder of the shares that are designated as shares-in-trust must deliver those shares to us for registration in the name of the trust. We will designate a trustee who is not affiliated with us. The beneficiary of the trust will be one or more charitable organizations named by us.

Any shares-in-trust remain issued and outstanding shares and are entitled to the same rights and privileges as all other shares of the same class or series. The trust receives all dividends and distributions on the shares-in-trust and holds such dividends and distributions in trust for the benefit of the beneficiary. The trustee votes all shares-in-trust. The trustee shall also designate a permitted transferee of the shares-in-trust. The permitted transferee must purchase the shares-in-trust for valuable consideration and acquire the shares-in-trust without resulting in the transfer being null and void.

The record holder with respect to shares-in-trust must pay the trust any dividends or distributions received by such record holder that are attributable to any shares-in-trust if the record date for those shares-in-trust was on or after the date that such shares became shares-in-trust. Upon sale or other disposition of the shares-in-trust to a permitted transferee, the record holder generally will receive from the trustee, the lesser of:

- · the price per share, if any, paid by the record holder for the shares; or
- if no amount was paid for such shares (e.g., if such shares were received through a gift or devise),
- the price per share equal to the market price (which is calculated as defined in our declaration of trust) on the date the shares were received, or
- the price per share received by the trustee from the sale of such shares-in-trust.

Any amounts received by the trustee in excess of the amounts paid to the record owner will be distributed to the beneficiary. Unless sooner sold to a permitted transferee, upon our liquidation, dissolution or winding up, the record owner generally will receive from the trustee its share of the liquidation proceeds but in no case more than the price per share paid by the record owner or, in the case of a gift or devise, the market price per share on the date such shares were received by the trust.

The shares-in-trust will be offered for sale to us, or our designee, at a price per share equal to the lesser of the price per share in the transaction that created the shares-in-trust (or, in the case of a gift or devise, the market price per share on the date of such transfer) or the market price per share on the date that we, or our designee, accepts such offer. We may accept such offer until the trustee has sold the shares-in-trust as provided above.

Any person who acquires or attempts to acquire shares which would be null and void under the restrictions described above, or any person who owned common shares or preferred shares that were transferred to a trust, must both give us immediate written notice of such event and provide us such other information as requested in order to determine the effect, if any, of such transfer on our status as a REIT.

If a shareholder owns more than 5% of the outstanding common shares or preferred shares, then the shareholder must notify us of its share ownership by January 30 of each year.

The ownership limitation generally does not apply to the acquisition of shares by an underwriter that participates in a public offering of such shares. In addition, the Board of Trustees may exempt a person from the ownership limitation under certain circumstances and conditions. The restrictions on ownership and transfer described in this section of this exhibit will continue to apply until the Board of Trustees determines that it is no longer in our best interests to attempt to qualify, or to continue to qualify, as a REIT.

The ownership limitation could have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a transaction or a change in our control that might involve a premium price for the common shares or preferred shares or otherwise be in the best interest of our shareholders. All certificates representing shares will bear a legend referring to the restrictions described above.

Certain Provisions of Maryland Law and our Declaration of Trust and Bylaws

The following provisions, together with the ability of the Board of Trustees to increase the number of authorized shares, in the aggregate or by class, and to issue preferred shares without further shareholder action, the transfer restrictions described under "Restrictions on Ownership and Transfer" and the supermajority voting rights described under "Common Shares - Voting Rights," may delay or frustrate the removal of incumbent trustees or the completion of transactions that would be beneficial, in the short term, to our shareholders. The provisions may also discourage or make more difficult a merger, tender offer, other business combination or proxy contest, the assumption of control by a holder of a large block of our securities or the removal of incumbent management, even if these events would offer our shareholders a premium price on their securities or otherwise be favorable to the interests of our shareholders.

Business Combinations. Applicable Maryland law, as set forth in the Maryland General Corporation Law, limits our ability to enter into "business combinations" and other corporate transactions, including a merger, consolidation, share exchange, or, in certain circumstances, an asset transfer or issuance of equity securities when the combination is between us and an "interested shareholder" (as defined below) or an affiliate of an "interested shareholder." An interested shareholder is:

- · any person who beneficially owns 10% or more of the voting power of our outstanding voting shares; or
- any of our affiliates that beneficially owned, directly or indirectly, 10% or more of the voting power of our outstanding voting shares at any time within two years immediately prior to the applicable date in question.

We may not engage in a business combination with an interested shareholder or any of its affiliates for five years after the interested shareholder becomes an interested shareholder. This prohibition does not apply to business combinations involving us that are exempted by the Board of Trustees before the interested shareholder becomes an interested shareholder.

We may engage in business combinations with an interested shareholder if at least five years have passed since the person became an interested shareholder, but only if the transaction is:

- · recommended by our Board of Trustees; and
- approved by at least,
 - 80% of our outstanding shares to vote; and
 - · two-thirds of our outstanding shares entitled to vote that are not held by the interested shareholder or any of its affiliates.

Shareholder approval will not be required if our common shareholders receive a minimum price (as defined in the statute) for their shares and our shareholders receive cash or the same form of consideration as the interested shareholder paid for its shares.

Control Share Acquisitions. Our bylaws exempt acquisitions of our shares of beneficial interest by any person from "control share acquisition" requirements discussed below. With the approval of our Board of Trustees, and of shareholders holding at least a majority of shares outstanding and entitled to vote on the matter, however, we could modify or eliminate the exemption in the future. If the exemption were eliminated, "control share acquisitions" would be subject to the following provisions.

The Maryland General Corporation Law provides that "control shares" of a Maryland REIT acquired in a "control share acquisition" have no voting rights unless two-thirds of the shareholders (excluding shares owned by the acquirer and by the officers and trustees who are employees of the Maryland REIT) approve their voting rights.

"Control Shares" are shares that, if added to all other shares previously acquired, would entitle that person to exercise voting power, in electing trustees, within one of the following ranges of voting power:

- · one-tenth or more but less than one-third;
- one-third or more but less than a majority, or
- a majority or more of all voting power.

Control shares do not include shares the acquiring person is entitled to vote with shareholder approval. A "control share acquisition" means the acquisition of control shares, subject to certain exceptions.

If this provision becomes applicable to us, a person who has made or proposes to make a control share acquisition could, under certain circumstances, compel our Board of Trustees to call a special meeting of shareholders to consider the voting rights of the control shares. We could also present the question at any shareholders' meeting on our own.

If this provision becomes applicable to us, subject to certain conditions and limitations, we would be able to redeem any or all control shares. If voting rights for control shares were approved at a shareholders' meeting and the acquirer were entitled to vote a majority of the shares entitled to vote, all other shareholders could exercise appraisal rights and exchange their shares for a fair value as defined by statute.

Duties of Trustees. Under Maryland law, there is a presumption that the act of a trustee satisfies the required standard of care. An act of a trustee relating to or affecting an acquisition or a potential acquisition of control is not subject under Maryland law to a higher duty or greater scrutiny than is applied to any other act of a trustee.

Number of Trustees. The number of trustees may be increased or decreased pursuant to the bylaws, provided that the total number of trustees may not be less than five or more than ten. Under Maryland law and our declaration of trust, trustees are elected for one-year terms.

Removal of Trustees. Under the declaration of trust, and subject to the rights of any holders of preferred shares, our trustees may remove a trustee with cause, as defined in our declaration of trust, by the vote of all the other trustees or the shareholders may remove a trustee, with or without cause, at any meeting of shareholders called for that purpose, either by:

- the affirmative vote of the holders of two-thirds of the number of shares outstanding and entitled to vote on that matter if the removal is approved or recommended by a vote of at least two-thirds of the Board of Trustees; or
- the affirmative vote of the holders of not less than 80% of the number of shares then outstanding and entitled to vote on that matter if the removal is not approved or recommended by a vote of at least two-thirds of the Board of Trustees.

Vacancies on the Board of Trustees. The bylaws provide that, subject to the rights of any holders of preferred shares, any vacancy on the Board of Trustees, including a vacancy created by an increase in the number of trustees, may be filled by vote of a majority of the remaining trustees, or, if the trustees fail to act, at a meeting called for that purpose by the vote of a majority of the shares entitled to vote on the matter. Each trustee so elected shall serve for the unexpired term of the trustee he or she is replacing.

Meetings of Shareholders. Our bylaws provide for an annual meeting of shareholders, to be held in May after delivery of the annual report to shareholders, to elect individuals to the Board of Trustees and transact such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting. Special meetings of shareholders may be called by our Chairman of the Board of Trustees, Chief Executive Officer, President or by one-third of the Board of Trustees, and shall be called at the request in writing of the holders of 25% of all votes entitled to be cast at the meeting.

Our declaration of trust provides that any action required or permitted to be taken at a meeting of shareholders may be taken without a meeting, if a majority of shares entitled to vote on the matter (or such larger proportion as shall be required to take the action) consent to the action in writing and the written consents are filed with the records of the meetings of shareholders.

Advance Notice for Shareholder Nominations and Shareholder New Business Proposals. Our bylaws require advance written notice for shareholders to nominate a trustee or bring other business before a meeting of shareholders. For an annual meeting, to nominate a trustee or bring other business before a meeting of shareholders, a shareholder must deliver notice to our Secretary not later than the close of business on the 120th day prior to the first anniversary of the date of the proxy statement relating to the preceding year's annual meeting. If the date of the annual meeting is changed by more than 30 days from the date of the preceding year's meeting or if we did not hold an annual meeting the preceding year, notice must be delivered within a reasonable time before we begin to print and mail our proxy materials.

For a special meeting, to nominate a trustee, a shareholder must deliver notice to our Secretary not earlier that the close of business on the 120th day prior to the special meeting and not later than the close of business on the later of the 90th day prior to the special meeting or the 10th day following the date on which public announcement is first made of the special meeting. Nominations for elections to the Board of Trustees may be made at a special meeting by shareholders of record both at the time of giving of notice of the special meeting and at the time of the special meeting and who are entitled to vote at the special meeting and who complied with the notice procedures in our bylaws only (a) pursuant to the notice of special meeting, (b) by or at the direction of the Board of Trustees or (c) if the Board of Trustees has determined that trustees shall be elected at the special meeting.

The postponement or adjournment of an annual or special meeting to a later date or time shall not commence any new time periods for the giving of notice as described above. Our bylaws contain detailed requirements for the contents of shareholder notices of trustee nominations and new business proposals.

Shareholder Liability and Indemnification. Under Maryland law, holders of our shares of beneficial interest will not be personally liable for any obligation of ours solely because they are a shareholder. Under our declaration of trust, our shareholders are not liable for our debts or obligations by reason of being a shareholder and will not be subject to any personal liability, in tort, contract or otherwise, to any person in connection with our property or affairs by reason of being a shareholder. Under our bylaws, our shareholders shall have similar indemnification and expense advancement rights as our trustees and officers.

In some jurisdictions other than Maryland, however, with respect to tort claims, contractual claims where shareholder liability is not negated by the express terms of the contract, claims for taxes and certain statutory liabilities, our shareholders may be personally liable to the extent that those claims are not satisfied by us. In addition, common law theories of "piercing the corporate veil" may be used to impose liability on shareholders in certain instances.

Limitation of Liability of Trustees and Officers. Our declaration of trust, to the maximum extent permitted under Maryland law in effect from time to time with respect to liability of trustees and officers of a REIT, provides that no trustee or officer of ours shall be liable to us or to any shareholder for money damages. The Maryland General Corporation Law provides that we may restrict or limit the liability of trustees or officers for money damages except to the extent:

- it is proved that the trustee or officer actually received an improper benefit or profit in money, property or services; or
- a judgment or other final adjudication adverse to the person is entered in a proceeding based on a finding that the person's action, or failure to act, was material to the cause of action adjudicated and was the result of active and deliberate dishonesty.

Our declaration of trust provides that neither amendment nor repeal or any provision of our declaration of trust, nor adoption of any other provision, shall apply to or affect in any respect the applicability of such limitation of liability with respect to any act or failure to act which occurred prior to such amendment, repeal or adoption.

Indemnification of Directors and Officers. Our declaration of trust permits us to indemnify and advance expenses to, to the maximum extent permitted by Maryland law in effect from time to time, any individual who is a present or former trustee or officer of ours or to any individual who, while a trustee of ours, serves or has served as a director, officer, partner, trustee, employee or agent of another REIT, corporation partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or any other enterprise, in connection with any claim or liability to which such person may become subject or which such person may incur by reason of such status.

Our bylaws require us to indemnify: (a) any trustee, officer or former trustee or officer, including any individual who, while a trustee or officer at our express request, serves or served for another REIT, corporation, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or any other enterprise as a director, officer, shareholder, manager, member, partner or trustee of such entity, who has been successful, on the merits or otherwise, in the defense of a proceeding to which he or she was made a party by reason of service in such capacity, against reasonable expenses incurred by him or her in connection with the proceeding; and (b) any trustee or officer or any former trustee or officer against any claim or liability to which he or she may become subject by reason of such status unless it is established that: (i) his or her act or omission was material to the matter giving rise to the proceeding and was committed in bad faith or was the result of active and deliberative dishonesty; (ii) he or

she actually received an improper personal benefit in money, property or services; or (iii) in the case of a criminal proceeding, he or she had reasonable cause to believe that his or her act or omission was unlawful. In addition, our bylaws require us, without requiring a preliminary determination of the ultimate entitlement to indemnification, to pay or reimburse expenses incurred by a trustee, officer or former trustee or officer made a party to a proceeding by reason of such status, provided that we have received from any such trustee or officer an affirmation and written undertaking as required by our bylaws. Our bylaws provide that neither amendment nor repeal or any provision of our bylaws, nor adoption of any other provision, shall apply to or affect in any respect the applicability of such indemnification and expense advancement rights with respect to any act or failure to act which occurred prior to such amendment, repeal or adoption.

FIRST AMENDMENT TO SECOND AMENDED AND RESTATED CREDIT AGREEMENT

This FIRST AMENDMENT TO SECOND AMENDED AND RESTATED CREDIT AGREEMENT (this "Amendment") dated as of August 25, 2023 (the "First Amendment Date"), by and among FEDERAL REALTY OP LP, a limited partnership formed under the laws of the State of Delaware (the "Borrower"), each of the Lenders party hereto and WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Administrative Agent (the "Administrative Agent").

WHEREAS, the Borrower, the Lenders, the Administrative Agent and certain other parties have entered into that certain Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of October 5, 2022 (as amended and in effect immediately prior to the effectiveness of this Amendment, the "Credit Agreement"); and

WHEREAS, the Borrower has requested that the Requisite Lenders and the Administrative Agent amend certain provisions of the Credit Agreement on the terms and conditions contained herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, for good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged by the parties hereto, the parties hereto agree as follows:

Section 1. <u>Specific Amendments to the Credit Agreement</u>. As of the First Amendment Date, the parties hereto agree that the Credit Agreement shall be amended as follows:

(a) The Credit agreement is amended by deleting Section 1.3 thereof in its entirety and substituting in lieu thereof the following:

"Section 1.3. Financial Attributes of Non-Wholly Owned Subsidiaries and Calculation of Financial Covenants in Certain Circumstances.

- (a) Except as expressly set forth herein, when determining compliance by the Borrower with any financial covenant contained in any of the Loan Documents only the Ownership Share of the Borrower of the financial attributes of a Subsidiary that is not a Wholly Owned Subsidiary shall be included
- (b) In the event (x) the assets of the Parent consist of assets not described in clauses (A) (C) of Section 9.14(a) or (y) the liabilities of the Parent, the General Partner or any wholly owned subsidiary of the Parent whose assets consist solely of direct or indirect Equity Interests in the Borrower, include liabilities not described in clauses (1) (7) of Section 9.14(b), such that the Parent shall be required to become a Guarantor hereunder, then for purposes of the financial covenants set forth in Section 9.1(excluding clause (i) of that Section), the definitions contained therein (including for the avoidance of doubt the definitions of "Adjusted EBITDA", "Fixed Charges", "Total Asset Value", "Total Indebtedness" "Secured Indebtedness", "Unencumbered Asset Value", and "Unsecured Indebtedness" (including the defined terms incorporated into each such term)) and Section 1.3(a), all references to the Borrower shall be deemed to be references to the Parent such that the financial covenants shall be calculated at the level of the Parent and its Subsidiaries.".
- (b) The Credit Agreement is amended by deleting Section 9.12 thereof in its entirety and substituting in lieu thereof the following:
 - "Section 9.12. Derivatives Contracts. The Borrower shall not, and shall not permit any other Loan Party or any other Subsidiary to, enter into or become obligated in respect of Derivatives Contracts other than (i) Derivatives Contracts entered into by the Borrower, any such

Loan Party or any such Subsidiary in the ordinary course of business and which establish an effective hedge in respect of liabilities, commitments or assets held or reasonably anticipated by the Borrower, such other Loan Party or such other Subsidiary and (ii) to the extent constituting a "Derivatives Contract", convertible or exchangeable notes or similar instruments issued by the Borrower or its Subsidiaries evidencing Indebtedness (such notes or similar instruments, "Convertible Notes") that include an option or requirement to convert or exchange such instrument, in whole or in part, into or for Equity Interests of the Parent at a future date and that may be discharged, converted, exchanged, prepaid, repurchased or redeemed by (x) delivery of the Parent's Equity Interests and/or (y) payments in cash, in whole or in part, so long as, at the time of the issuance of such Convertible Notes and after giving pro forma effect thereto, the Borrower is in compliance with the financial covenants set forth in Section 9.1 with respect to the fiscal period most recently ended for which financial statements were required to be delivered hereunder."

(c) The Credit Agreement is amended by deleting the Section 9.14 in its entirety and substituting in lieu thereof the following:

"Section 9.14. Parent and General Partner. For so long as the Parent is not a Guarantor, (a) the Parent's assets shall consist solely of Equity Interests in the Borrower or Equity Interests in any Wholly Owned Subsidiaries (including the General Partner) whose assets consist solely of direct or indirect Equity Interests in the Borrower; provided, that the Parent may (A) have cash and other assets of nominal value incidental to its ownership of such Equity Interests, (B) maintain assets on a temporary or pass-through basis that are held for subsequent payment of dividends or other Restricted Payments not prohibited by this Agreement or any other Loan Document or for contribution to any Subsidiary for a period not in excess of ten (10) Business Days and (C) maintain reasonable reserves for liabilities of the type permitted by the remainder of this Section 9.14; and (b) none of the Parent, the General Partner, or any Wholly Owned Subsidiaries of the Parent whose assets consist solely of direct or indirect Equity Interests in the Borrower, shall have any liabilities other than liabilities that would be reflected in consolidated financial statements of the Borrower; provided, that the Parent may have (1) other liabilities incidental to its status as a publicly traded REIT and not constituting liabilities in respect of Indebtedness for borrowed money, including liabilities associated with employment contracts, employee benefit matters, indemnification obligations pursuant to purchase and sale agreements and tax liabilities, (2) nonconsensual obligations imposed by operation of Applicable Law, (3) immaterial intercompany obligations or other intercompany obligations owing by the Parent or any Subsidiary of the Parent that is not a Subsidiary of the Borrower to the Borrower or any Subsidiary of the Borrower, (4) liabilities incurred in connection with its maintenance of corporate status, preparation of Securities and Exchange Commission filings, accountants' fees and similar administrative matters. (5) liabilities and other obligations to underwriters, private placement agents and forward purchasers incurred under underwriting agreements, private placement agreements and forward sale agreements in connection with offerings of securities by the Parent, (6) liabilities arising in connection with litigation or similar matters arising in the ordinary course of business, and (7) liabilities of a kind similar to those described above which are not, individually or in the aggregate, material to the Parent, the Borrower and their Subsidiaries taken as a whole.".

(d) The Credit Agreement is amended by deleting Section 10.1(d)(ii) thereof in its entirety and substituting in lieu thereof the following:

"(x) The maturity of any Material Indebtedness shall have been accelerated in accordance with the provisions of any indenture, contract or instrument evidencing, providing for the creation of or otherwise concerning such Material Indebtedness or (y) any Material Indebtedness shall

have been required to be prepaid or repurchased prior to the stated maturity thereof, other than, in the case of clause (y), Convertible Notes which are prepaid, repurchased, redeemed or exchanged in accordance with the terms thereof prior to their maturity, and not in any case as a result of any breach or violation of the terms of such Convertible Notes; or".

(e) The Credit Agreement is amended by deleting Section 10.1(d)(iii) thereof in its entirety and substituting in lieu thereof the following:

"Any other event shall have occurred and be continuing (and any related grace period shall have expired) which would permit any holder or holders of any Material Indebtedness, any trustee or agent acting on behalf of such holder or holders or any other Person, to accelerate the maturity of any such Material Indebtedness or require any such Material Indebtedness to be prepaid or repurchased prior to its stated maturity, other than Convertible Notes which are prepaid, repurchased, redeemed or exchanged in accordance with the terms thereof and not in any case as a result of any breach or violation of the terms of such Convertible Notes; or".

Section 2. <u>Conditions Precedent</u>. The effectiveness of this Amendment is subject to receipt by the Administrative Agent of each of the following in form and substance satisfactory to the Administrative Agent:

- (a) a counterpart of this Amendment duly executed by the Borrower, the Administrative Agent and the Requisite Lenders;
- (b) evidence that all fees, expenses and reimbursement amounts due and payable by the Borrower to the Administrative Agent hereunder or under the Credit Agreement, including without limitation, (i) the costs and expenses set forth in Section 6 hereto, and (ii) the reasonable fees and expenses of counsel to the Administrative Agent have been paid; and
- (c) such other documents, agreements and instruments as the Administrative Agent or any Lender through the Administrative Agent, may reasonably request prior to the First Amendment Date.
- Section 3. Representations. The Borrower represents and warrants to the Administrative Agent and the Lenders that:
- (a) Authorization of Loan Documents and Borrowings. The Borrower has the right and power, and has taken all necessary action to authorize it, to execute and deliver this Amendment and to perform its obligations hereunder and under the Credit Agreement, as amended by this Amendment, in accordance with their respective terms and to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby. This Amendment has been duly executed and delivered by the duly authorized officers of the Borrower, and each of this Amendment and the Credit Agreement, as amended by this Amendment, is a legal, valid and binding obligation of the Borrower, enforceable against the Borrower in accordance with its respective terms, except as the same may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, and other similar laws affecting the rights of creditors generally and the availability of equitable remedies for the enforcement of certain obligations (other than the payment of principal) contained herein or therein and as may be limited by equitable principles generally.
- (b) Binding Effect. This Amendment and the Credit Agreement as amended by this Amendment constitute valid and binding agreements of the Borrower, enforceable against the Borrower in accordance with their terms.

- (c) No Default. No Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing as of the date hereof nor will exist immediately after giving effect to this Amendment.
- (d) No Material Adverse Change. Since December 31, 2022, there has not been any material adverse condition or material adverse change in or affecting, nor has any circumstance or condition occurred that could reasonably be expected to result in a material adverse change in, or have a material adverse effect on, the business, assets, liabilities, financial condition or results of operations of the Borrower and its subsidiaries, taken as a whole.
- Section 4. Reaffirmation of Representations. The Borrower hereby repeats and reaffirms all representations and warranties made or deemed made by the Borrower to the Administrative Agent and the Lenders in the Credit Agreement as amended by this Amendment and the other Loan Documents on and as of the date hereof with the same force and effect as if such representations and warranties were set forth in this Amendment in full and such representations and warranties are true and correct in all material respects (except in the case of a representation or warranty qualified by materiality, in which case such representation or warranty is true and correct in all respects) on and as of the date hereof immediately after giving effect to this Amendment except to the extent that such representations and warranties expressly relate solely to an earlier date (in which case such representations and warranties were true and correct in all material respects (except in the case of a representation or warranty qualified by materiality, in which case such representation or warranty was true and correct in all respects) on and as of such earlier date) and except for changes in factual circumstances not prohibited thereunder.
- Section 5. <u>Certain References</u>. Each reference to the Credit Agreement in any of the Loan Documents shall be deemed to be a reference to the Credit Agreement as amended by this Amendment. This Amendment is a Loan Document.
- Section 6. <u>Costs and Expenses</u>. The Borrower shall reimburse the Administrative Agent for all reasonable out-of-pocket costs and expenses (including attorneys' fees) incurred by the Administrative Agent in connection with the preparation, negotiation and execution of this Amendment and the other agreements and documents executed and delivered in connection herewith.
- Section 7. <u>Benefits</u>. This Amendment shall be binding upon and shall inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns.
- Section 8. <u>Incorporation by Reference</u>. Except to the extent otherwise set forth herein, Sections 12.5 (*Litigation; Jurisdiction; Other Matters; Waivers*), 12.12 (*Severability of Provisions*), 12.13 (*Governing Law*), 12.14 (*Counterparts; Integration; Effectiveness; Electronic Execution*) and 12.18 (*Entire Agreement*) of the Credit Agreement are hereby incorporated herein by reference *mutatis mutandis*.
- Section 9. <u>Effect; Ratification</u>. Except as expressly herein amended, the terms and conditions of the Credit Agreement and the other Loan Documents remain in full force and effect. The amendments contained herein shall be deemed to have prospective application from and after the First Amendment Date only. The Credit Agreement is hereby ratified and confirmed in all respects. Nothing in this Amendment shall limit, impair or constitute a waiver of the rights, powers or remedies available to the Administrative Agent or the Lenders under the Credit Agreement or any other Loan Document.
- Section 10. <u>Counterparts</u>. This Amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original and shall be binding upon all parties, their successors and assigns.

Section 11. <u>Definitions</u>. All capitalized terms used but not defined herein are used herein with the respective definitions given them in the Credit Agreement.

[Signatures on Next Page]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties	s hereto have caused this First	Amendment to Second	Amended and Restated	Credit Agreement
to be executed as of the date first above writte	n.			

FEDERAL REALTY OP LP

By: /s/ Daniel Guglielmone

Name: Daniel Guglielmone

Title: Executive Vice President - Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Administrative Agent, an Issuing Bank and as a Lender $\,$

By: /s/ Kate Brown

Name: Kate Brown
Title: Vice President

PNC BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as an Issuing Bank and as a Lender

By: /s/ Shari L. Reams-Henofer

Name: Shari L. Reams-Henofer Title: SeniorVice President

JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, N.A., as a Lender

By: /s/ Brad Olmsted

Name: Brad Olmsted Title: Vice President

TRUIST BANK, as a Lender

By: /s/ Ryan Almond

Name: Ryan Almond Title: Director

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as a Lender

By: /s/ Joseph L. Hord

Name: Joseph L. Hord Title: Senior Vice President

REGIONS BANK, as a Lender

By: /s/ William Chalmers

Name: William Chalmers Title: Senior Vice President

TD BANK, N.A. as a Lender

By: /s/ William M. Brandt, Jr.

Name: William M. Brandt, Jr.

Title: Vice President

BANK OF AMERICA, N.A., as a Lender

By: /s/ Richard D. Williams IV

Name: Richard D. Williams IV Title: Managing Director

THE BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA, as a Lender

By: /s/ Sacha Boxill

Name: Sacha Boxill Title: Director

DEUTSCHE BANK AG NEW YORK BRANCH, as a Lender

By: /s/ Alison Lugo

Name: Alison Lugo Title: Vice President

By: /s/ Marko Lukin

Name: Marko Lukin Title: Vice President

BNP PARIBAS, as a Lender

By: /s/ James Goodall

Name: James Goodall Title: Managing Director

SUMITOMO MITSUI BANKING CORPORATION, as a Lender

By: /s/ Mary Harold

Name: Mary Harold
Title: Executive Director

CITIBANK, N.A., as a Lender

By: /s/ David Bouton

Name: David Bouton Title: Authorized Signatory

ASSOCIATED BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as a Lender

By: /s/ Mitchell Vega

Name: Mitchell Vega Title: Senior Vice President

FOURTH AMENDMENT TO TERM LOAN AGREEMENT

This FOURTH AMENDMENT TO TERM LOAN AGREEMENT (this "Amendment") dated as of August 25, 2023 (the "Fourth Amendment <u>Date</u>"), by and among FEDERAL REALTY OP LP, a Delaware limited partnership (the "<u>Borrower</u>"), each of the Lenders party hereto, and PNC BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Administrative Agent (the "<u>Administrative Agent</u>").

WHEREAS, the Borrower, the Lenders, the Administrative Agent and certain other parties have entered into that certain Term Loan Agreement dated as of May 6, 2020 (as amended and in effect immediately prior to the effectiveness of this Amendment, the "<u>Credit Agreement</u>"; unless otherwise defined herein, capitalized terms shall have the respective meanings assigned to such terms in the Credit Agreement), pursuant to which certain of the Lenders made certain credit extensions to the Borrower upon the terms and conditions set forth therein; and

WHEREAS, the Borrower has requested that the Requisite Lenders and the Administrative Agent amend certain provisions of the Credit Agreement on the terms and conditions contained herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, for good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged by the parties hereto, the parties hereto agree as follows:

Section 1. Specific Amendments to the Credit Agreement. As of the Fourth Amendment Date, the parties hereto agree that the Credit Agreement shall be amended as follows:

(a) The Credit agreement is amended by deleting Section 1.3 thereof in its entirety and substituting in lieu thereof the following:

"Section 1.3. Financial Attributes of Non-Wholly Owned Subsidiaries and Calculation of Financial Covenants in Certain Circumstances.

- (a) Except as expressly set forth herein, when determining compliance by the Borrower with any financial covenant contained in any of the Loan Documents only the Ownership Share of the Borrower of the financial attributes of a Subsidiary that is not a Wholly Owned Subsidiary shall be included
- (b) In the event (x) the assets of the Parent consist of assets not described in clauses (A) (C) of Section 9.14(a) or (y) the liabilities of the Parent, the General Partner or any wholly owned subsidiary of the Parent whose assets consist solely of direct or indirect Equity Interests in the Borrower, include liabilities not described in clauses (1) (7) of Section 9.14(b), such that the Parent shall be required to become a Guarantor hereunder, then for purposes of the financial covenants set forth in Section 9.1(excluding clause (i) of that Section), the definitions contained therein (including for the avoidance of doubt the definitions of "Adjusted EBITDA", "Fixed Charges", "Total Asset Value", "Total Indebtedness" "Secured Indebtedness", "Unencumbered Asset Value", and "Unsecured Indebtedness" (including the defined terms incorporated into each such term)) and Section 1.3(a), all references to the Borrower shall be deemed to be references to the Parent such that the financial covenants shall be calculated at the level of the Parent and its Subsidiaries.".
- (b) The Credit Agreement is amended by deleting Section 9.12 thereof in its entirety and substituting in lieu thereof the following:

"Section 9.12. Derivatives Contracts. The Borrower shall not, and shall not permit any other Loan Party or any other Subsidiary to, enter into or become obligated in respect of Derivatives Contracts other than (i) Derivatives Contracts entered into by the Borrower, any such Loan Party or any such Subsidiary in the ordinary course of business and which establish an effective hedge in respect of liabilities, commitments or assets held or reasonably anticipated by the Borrower, such other Loan Party or such other Subsidiary and (ii) to the extent constituting a "Derivatives Contract", convertible or exchangeable notes or similar instruments issued by the Borrower or its Subsidiaries evidencing Indebtedness (such notes or similar instruments, "Convertible Notes") that include an option or requirement to convert or exchange

such instrument, in whole or in part, into or for Equity Interests of the Parent at a future date and that may be discharged, converted, exchanged, prepaid, repurchased or redeemed by (x) delivery of the Parent's Equity Interests and/or (y) payments in cash, in whole or in part, so long as, at the time of the issuance of such Convertible Notes and after giving pro forma effect thereto, the Borrower is in compliance with the financial covenants set forth in Section 9.1 with respect to the fiscal period most recently ended for which financial statements were required to be delivered hereunder."

(c) The Credit Agreement is amended by deleting the Section 9.14 in its entirety and substituting in lieu thereof the following:

"Section 9.14. Parent and General Partner. For so long as the Parent is not a Guarantor. (a) the Parent's assets shall consist solely of Equity Interests in the Borrower or Equity Interests in any Wholly Owned Subsidiaries (including the General Partner) whose assets consist solely of direct or indirect Equity Interests in the Borrower; provided, that the Parent may (A) have cash and other assets of nominal value incidental to its ownership of such Equity Interests, (B) maintain assets on a temporary or pass-through basis that are held for subsequent payment of dividends or other Restricted Payments not prohibited by this Agreement or any other Loan Document or for contribution to any Subsidiary for a period not in excess of ten (10) Business Days and (C) maintain reasonable reserves for liabilities of the type permitted by the remainder of this Section 9.14; and (b) none of the Parent, the General Partner, or any Wholly Owned Subsidiaries of the Parent whose assets consist solely of direct or indirect Equity Interests in the Borrower, shall have any liabilities other than liabilities that would be reflected in consolidated financial statements of the Borrower, provided, that the Parent may have (1) other liabilities incidental to its status as a publicly traded REIT and not constituting liabilities in respect of Indebtedness for borrowed money, including liabilities associated with employment contracts, employee benefit matters, indemnification obligations pursuant to purchase and sale agreements and tax liabilities, (2) nonconsensual obligations imposed by operation of Applicable Law, (3) immaterial intercompany obligations or other intercompany obligations owing by the Parent or any Subsidiary of the Parent that is not a Subsidiary of the Borrower to the Borrower or any Subsidiary of the Borrower, (4) liabilities incurred in connection with its maintenance of corporate status, preparation of Securities and Exchange Commission filings, accountants' fees and similar administrative matters. (5) liabilities and other obligations to underwriters, private placement agents and forward purchasers incurred under underwriting agreements, private placement agreements and forward sale agreements in connection with offerings of securities by the Parent, (6) liabilities arising in connection with litigation or similar matters arising in the ordinary course of business, and (7) liabilities of a kind similar to those described above which are not, individually or in the aggregate, material to the Parent, the Borrower and their Subsidiaries taken as a whole.".

- (d) The Credit Agreement is amended by deleting Section 10.1(d)(ii) thereof in its entirety and substituting in lieu thereof the following:
- "(x) The maturity of any Material Indebtedness shall have been accelerated in accordance with the provisions of any indenture, contract or instrument evidencing, providing for the creation of or otherwise concerning such Material Indebtedness or (y) any Material Indebtedness shall have been required to be prepaid or repurchased prior to the stated maturity thereof, other than, in the case of clause (y), Convertible Notes which are prepaid, repurchased, redeemed or exchanged in accordance with the terms thereof prior to their maturity, and not in any case as a result of any breach or violation of the terms of such Convertible Notes; or".
- (e) The Credit Agreement is amended by deleting Section 10.1(d)(iii) thereof in its entirety and substituting in lieu thereof the following:

"Any other event shall have occurred and be continuing (and any related grace period shall have expired) which would permit any holder or holders of any Material Indebtedness, any trustee or agent acting on behalf of such holder or holders or any other Person, to accelerate the maturity of any such Material Indebtedness or require any such Material Indebtedness to be prepaid or repurchased prior to its stated maturity, other than Convertible Notes which are prepaid, repurchased, redeemed or exchanged in accordance with the terms thereof and not in any case as a result of any breach or violation of the terms of such Convertible Notes; or".

Section 2. <u>Conditions Precedent</u>. The effectiveness of this Amendment is subject to receipt by the Administrative Agent of each of the following in form and substance satisfactory to the Administrative Agent:

- (a) a counterpart of this Amendment duly executed by the Borrower, the Administrative Agent and the Requisite Lenders;
- (b) evidence that all fees, expenses and reimbursement amounts due and payable by the Borrower to the Administrative Agent hereunder or under the Credit Agreement, including without limitation, (i) the costs and expenses set forth in Section 6 hereto, and (ii) the reasonable fees and expenses of counsel to the Administrative Agent have been paid; and
- (c) such other documents, agreements and instruments as the Administrative Agent or any Lender through the Administrative Agent, may reasonably request prior to the Fourth Amendment Date.
- Section 3. Representations. The Borrower represents and warrants to the Administrative Agent and the Lenders that:
- Authorization of Loan Documents and Borrowings. The Borrower has the right and power, and has taken all necessary action to authorize it, to execute and deliver this Amendment and to perform its obligations hereunder and under the Credit Agreement, as amended by this Amendment, in accordance with their respective terms and to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby. This Amendment has been duly executed and delivered by the duly authorized officers of the Borrower, and each of this Amendment and the Credit Agreement, as amended by this Amendment, is a legal, valid and binding obligation of the Borrower, enforceable against the Borrower in accordance with its respective terms, except as the same may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, and other similar laws affecting the rights of creditors generally and the availability of equitable remedies for the enforcement of certain obligations (other than the payment of principal) contained herein or therein and as may be limited by equitable principles generally.
- (b) <u>Binding Effect</u>. This Amendment and the Credit Agreement as amended by this Amendment constitute valid and binding agreements of the Borrower, enforceable against the Borrower in accordance with their terms.
- (c) No Default. No Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing as of the date hereof nor will exist immediately after giving effect to this Amendment.
- (d) <u>No Material Adverse Change</u>. Since December 31, 2022, there has not been any material adverse condition or material adverse change in or affecting, nor has any circumstance or condition occurred that could reasonably be expected to result in a material adverse change in, or have a material adverse effect on, the business, assets, liabilities, financial condition or results of operations of the Borrower and its subsidiaries, taken as a whole.
- Section 4. Reaffirmation of Representations. The Borrower hereby repeats and reaffirms all representations and warranties made or deemed made by the Borrower to the Administrative Agent and the Lenders in the Credit Agreement as amended by this Amendment and the other Loan Documents on and as of the date hereof with the same force and effect as if such representations and warranties were set forth in this Amendment in full and such representations and warranties are true and correct in all material respects (except in the case of a representation or warranty qualified by materiality, in which case such representation or warranty is true and correct in all respects) on and as of the date hereof immediately after giving effect to this Amendment except to the extent that such representations and warranties expressly relate solely to an earlier date (in which case such representations and warranties were true and correct in all material respects (except in the case of a representation or warranty qualified by materiality, in which case such representation or warranty was true and correct in all respects) on and as of such earlier date) and except for changes in factual circumstances not prohibited thereunder.
- Section 5. <u>Certain References</u>. Each reference to the Credit Agreement in any of the Loan Documents shall be deemed to be a reference to the Credit Agreement as amended by this Amendment. This Amendment is a Loan Document.

Section 6. <u>Costs and Expenses</u>. The Borrower shall reimburse the Administrative Agent for all reasonable out-of-pocket costs and expenses (including attorneys' fees) incurred by the Administrative Agent in connection with the preparation, negotiation and execution of this Amendment and the other agreements and documents executed and delivered in connection herewith.

Section 7. Benefits. This Amendment shall be binding upon and shall inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns.

Section 8. GOVERNING LAW.

- (a) THIS AMENDMENT SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK APPLICABLE TO CONTRACTS EXECUTED, AND TO BE FULLY PERFORMED, IN SUCH STATE.
- (b) In addition, except to the extent otherwise set forth herein, Sections 12.5 (*Litigation; Jurisdiction; Other Matters; Waivers*), 12.12 (*Severability of Provisions*), 12.14 (*Counterparts; Integration; Effectiveness; Electronic Execution*) and 12.18 (*Entire Agreement*) of the Credit Agreement are hereby incorporated herein by reference *mutatis mutandis*.
- Section 9. <u>Effect; Ratification</u>. Except as expressly herein amended, the terms and conditions of the Credit Agreement and the other Loan Documents remain in full force and effect. The amendments contained herein shall be deemed to have prospective application from and after the Fourth Amendment Date only. The Credit Agreement is hereby ratified and confirmed in all respects. Nothing in this Amendment shall limit, impair or constitute a waiver of the rights, powers or remedies available to the Administrative Agent or the Lenders under the Credit Agreement or any other Loan Document.
- Section 11. <u>Counterparts</u>. This Amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original and shall be binding upon all parties, their successors and assigns.

[Signatures on Next Page]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Fourth Amendment to Term Loan Agreement to be executed as of the date first above written.

FEDERAL REALTY OP LP

By: /s/ Daniel Guglielmone

Name: Daniel Guglielmone

Title: Executive Vice President - Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

[Signature Page to Fourth Amendment to Term Loan Agreement for Federal Realty OP LP]

PNC Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent and as a Lender

By: /s/ Shari L. Reams-Henofer

Name: Shari L. Reams-Henofer Title: SeniorVice President

JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, N.A., as a Lender

By: /s/ Brad Olmsted

Name: Brad Olmsted
Title: Vice President

TD BANK, N.A. as a Lender

By: /s/ William M. Brandt, Jr.

Name: William M. Brandt, Jr.

Title: Vice President

REGIONS BANK, as a Lender

By: /s/ William Chalmers

Name: William Chalmers Title: Senior Vice President

TRUIST BANK, as a Lender

By: /s/ Ryan Almond

Name: Ryan Almond Title: Director

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as a Lender

By: /s/ Joseph L. Hord

Name: Joseph L. Hord Title: Senior Vice President

THE BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA, as a Lender

By: /s/ Sacha Boxill

Name: Sacha Boxill
Title: Director

BNP PARIBAS, as a Lender

By: /s/ James Goodall

Name: James Goodall
Title: Managing Director

By: /s/ Kyle Fitzpatrick

Name: Kyle Fitzpatrick

Title: Director

BANK OF AMERICA, N.A., as a Lender

By: /s/ Richard D. Williams IV

Name: Richard D. Williams IV Title: Managing Director

WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as a Lender

By: /s/ Kate Brown

Name: Kate Brown
Title: Vice President

SUMITOMO MITSUI BANKING CORPORATION, as a Lender

By: /s/ Mary Harold

Name: Mary Harold Title: Executive Director

ASSOCIATED BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as a Lender

By: /s/ Mitchell Vega

Name: Mitchell Vega Title: Senior Vice President

SECOND AMENDMENT TO SECOND AMENDED AND RESTATED CREDIT AGREEMENT

This SECOND AMENDMENT TO SECOND AMENDED AND RESTATED CREDIT AGREEMENT (this "Amendment") dated as of January 2, 2024 (the "Second Amendment Date"), by and among FEDERAL REALTY OP LP, a limited partnership formed under the laws of the State of Delaware (the "Borrower"), each of the Lenders party hereto and WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Administrative Agent (the "Administrative Agent").

WHEREAS, the Borrower, the Lenders, the Administrative Agent and certain other parties have entered into that certain Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of October 5, 2022 (as amended and in effect immediately prior to the effectiveness of this Amendment, the "Credit Agreement"); and

WHEREAS, the Borrower has requested that the Requisite Lenders and the Administrative Agent amend certain provisions of the Credit Agreement on the terms and conditions contained herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, for good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged by the parties hereto, the parties hereto agree as follows:

Section 1. <u>Specific Amendments to the Credit Agreement</u>. As of the Second Amendment Date, the parties hereto agree that the Credit Agreement shall be amended as follows:

(a) The Credit Agreement is amended by adding the following defined terms to Section 1.1 thereof in their appropriate alphabetical locations:

"Permitted Bond Hedge Transaction" means any call or capped call option (or substantively equivalent derivative transaction) relating to Parent's common shares (or other securities or property following a merger event, reclassification or other change of the common shares of Parent not prohibited by this Agreement) purchased by the Borrower or Parent in connection with the issuance of any Convertible Notes and settled in common shares of Parent (or such other securities or property), cash or a combination thereof; provided that the purchase price for such Permitted Bond Hedge Transactions, less the proceeds received by Parent from the sale of any related Permitted Warrant Transactions, does not exceed the net proceeds received by the Borrower from the issuance of the Convertible Notes in connection with such Permitted Bond Hedge Transactions.

"Permitted Warrant Transaction" means any call option, warrant or right to purchase (or substantively equivalent derivative transaction) relating to Parent's common shares (or other securities or property following a merger event, reclassification or other change to the common shares of Parent not prohibited by this Agreement) sold by Parent substantially concurrently with any purchase by the Borrower or Parent of a related Permitted Bond Hedge Transaction and settled in common shares of Parent (or such other securities or property), cash or a combination thereof, and the performance by Parent of its obligations thereunder.

(b) The Credit Agreement is amended by deleting Section 9.12 thereof in its entirety and substituting in lieu thereof the following:

"Section 9.12. Derivatives Contracts. The Borrower shall not, and shall not permit any other Loan Party or any other Subsidiary to, enter into or become obligated in respect of Derivatives Contracts other than (i) Derivatives Contracts entered into by the Borrower, any such

Loan Party or any such Subsidiary in the ordinary course of business and which establish an effective hedge in respect of liabilities, commitments or assets held or reasonably anticipated by the Borrower, such other Loan Party or such other Subsidiary; (ii) to the extent constituting a "Derivatives Contract", convertible or exchangeable notes or similar instruments issued by the Borrower or its Subsidiaries evidencing Indebtedness (such notes or similar instruments, "Convertible Notes") that include an option or requirement to convert or exchange such instrument, in whole or in part, into or for Equity Interests of the Parent at a future date and that may be discharged, converted, exchanged, prepaid, repurchased or redeemed by (x) delivery of the Parent's Equity Interests and/or (y) payments in cash, in whole or in part, so long as, at the time of the issuance of such Convertible Notes and after giving pro forma effect thereto, the Borrower is in compliance with the financial covenants set forth in Section 9.1 with respect to the fiscal period most recently ended for which financial statements were required to be delivered hereunder; and (iii) any Permitted Bond Hedge Transaction.

(c) The Credit Agreement is amended by deleting the Section 9.14 in its entirety and substituting in lieu thereof the following:

"Section 9.14. Parent and General Partner. For so long as the Parent is not a Guarantor, (a) the Parent's assets shall consist solely of Equity Interests in the Borrower or Equity Interests in any Wholly Owned Subsidiaries (including the General Partner) whose assets consist solely of direct or indirect Equity Interests in the Borrower, provided, that the Parent may (A) have cash and other assets of nominal value incidental to its ownership of such Equity Interests, (B) maintain assets on a temporary or pass-through basis that are held for subsequent payment of dividends or other Restricted Payments not prohibited by this Agreement or any other Loan Document or for contribution to any Subsidiary for a period not in excess of ten (10) Business Days; (C) maintain reasonable reserves for liabilities of the type permitted by the remainder of this Section 9.14; and (D) have rights under Permitted Bond Hedge Transactions, including receiving common shares of Parent in connection with the settlement thereof, provided that such common shares are retired or transferred to Borrower within 30 days after Parent's receipt thereof; and (b) none of the Parent, the General Partner, or any Wholly Owned Subsidiaries of the Parent whose assets consist solely of direct or indirect Equity Interests in the Borrower, shall have any liabilities other than liabilities that would be reflected in consolidated financial statements of the Borrower; provided, that the Parent may have (1) other liabilities incidental to its status as a publicly traded REIT and not constituting liabilities in respect of Indebtedness for borrowed money, including liabilities associated with employment contracts, employee benefit matters, indemnification obligations pursuant to purchase and sale agreements and tax liabilities, (2) nonconsensual obligations imposed by operation of Applicable Law. (3) immaterial intercompany obligations or other intercompany obligations owing by the Parent or any Subsidiary of the Parent that is not a Subsidiary of the Borrower to the Borrower or any Subsidiary of the Borrower. (4) liabilities incurred in connection with its maintenance of corporate status, preparation of Securities and Exchange Commission filings, accountants' fees and similar administrative matters, (5) liabilities and other obligations to underwriters, private placement agents and forward purchasers incurred under underwriting agreements, private placement agreements and forward sale agreements in connection with offerings of securities by the Parent, (6) liabilities arising in connection with litigation or similar matters arising in the ordinary course of business, (7) indemnification, notice, registration and other ministerial obligations and related liabilities in connection with any Permitted Bond Hedge Transaction, and any delivery obligations upon exercise and settlement or termination of any Permitted Warrant Transaction, and (8) liabilities of a kind similar to those described above which are not, individually or in the aggregate, material to the Parent, the Borrower and their Subsidiaries taken as a whole."

Section 2. <u>Conditions Precedent</u>. The effectiveness of this Amendment is subject to receipt by the Administrative Agent of each of the following in form and substance satisfactory to the Administrative Agent:

- (a) a counterpart of this Amendment duly executed by the Borrower, the Administrative Agent and the Requisite Lenders;
- (b) evidence that all fees, expenses and reimbursement amounts due and payable by the Borrower to the Administrative Agent hereunder or under the Credit Agreement, including without limitation, (i) the costs and expenses set forth in Section 6 hereto, and (ii) the reasonable fees and expenses of counsel to the Administrative Agent have been paid; and
- (c) such other documents, agreements and instruments as the Administrative Agent or any Lender through the Administrative Agent, may reasonably request prior to the Second Amendment Date.
- Section 3. Representations. The Borrower represents and warrants to the Administrative Agent and the Lenders that:
- (a) Authorization of Loan Documents and Borrowings. The Borrower has the right and power, and has taken all necessary action to authorize it, to execute and deliver this Amendment and to perform its obligations hereunder and under the Credit Agreement, as amended by this Amendment, in accordance with their respective terms and to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby. This Amendment has been duly executed and delivered by the duly authorized officers of the Borrower, and each of this Amendment and the Credit Agreement, as amended by this Amendment, is a legal, valid and binding obligation of the Borrower, enforceable against the Borrower in accordance with its respective terms, except as the same may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, and other similar laws affecting the rights of creditors generally and the availability of equitable remedies for the enforcement of certain obligations (other than the payment of principal) contained herein or therein and as may be limited by equitable principles generally.
- (b) Binding Effect. This Amendment and the Credit Agreement as amended by this Amendment constitute valid and binding agreements of the Borrower, enforceable against the Borrower in accordance with their terms.
- (c) No Default. No Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing as of the date hereof nor will exist immediately after giving effect to this Amendment.
- (d) <u>No Material Adverse Change</u>. Since December 31, 2022, there has not been any material adverse condition or material adverse change in or affecting, nor has any circumstance or condition occurred that could reasonably be expected to result in a material adverse change in, or have a material adverse effect on, the business, assets, liabilities, financial condition or results of operations of the Borrower and its subsidiaries, taken as a whole.
- Section 4. Reaffirmation of Representations. The Borrower hereby repeats and reaffirms all representations and warranties made or deemed made by the Borrower to the Administrative Agent and the Lenders in the Credit Agreement as amended by this Amendment and the other Loan Documents on and as of the date hereof with the same force and effect as if such representations and warranties were set forth in this Amendment in full and such representations and warranties are true and correct in all material respects (except in the case of a representation or warranty qualified by materiality, in which case such representation or warranty is true and correct in all respects) on and as of the date hereof immediately after giving effect to this Amendment except to the extent that such representations and warranties expressly relate solely to an earlier date (in which case such representations and warranties were true and

correct in all material respects (except in the case of a representation or warranty qualified by materiality, in which case such representation or warranty was true and correct in all respects) on and as of such earlier date) and except for changes in factual circumstances not prohibited thereunder

- Section 5. <u>Certain References</u>. Each reference to the Credit Agreement in any of the Loan Documents shall be deemed to be a reference to the Credit Agreement as amended by this Amendment. This Amendment is a Loan Document.
- Section 6. <u>Costs and Expenses</u>. The Borrower shall reimburse the Administrative Agent for all reasonable out-of-pocket costs and expenses (including attorneys' fees) incurred by the Administrative Agent in connection with the preparation, negotiation and execution of this Amendment and the other agreements and documents executed and delivered in connection herewith.
- Section 7. <u>Benefits</u>. This Amendment shall be binding upon and shall inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns.
- Section 8. <u>Incorporation by Reference</u>. Except to the extent otherwise set forth herein, Sections 12.5 (*Litigation; Jurisdiction; Other Matters; Waivers*), 12.12 (*Severability of Provisions*), 12.13 (*Governing Law*), 12.14 (*Counterparts; Integration; Effectiveness; Electronic Execution*) and 12.18 (*Entire Agreement*) of the Credit Agreement are hereby incorporated herein by reference *mutatis mutandis*.
- Section 9. <u>Effect; Ratification</u>. Except as expressly herein amended, the terms and conditions of the Credit Agreement and the other Loan Documents remain in full force and effect. The amendments contained herein shall be deemed to have prospective application from and after the First Amendment Date only. The Credit Agreement is hereby ratified and confirmed in all respects. Nothing in this Amendment shall limit, impair or constitute a waiver of the rights, powers or remedies available to the Administrative Agent or the Lenders under the Credit Agreement or any other Loan Document.
- Section 10. <u>Counterparts</u>. This Amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original and shall be binding upon all parties, their successors and assigns.
- Section 11. <u>Definitions</u>. All capitalized terms used but not defined herein are used herein with the respective definitions given them in the Credit Agreement.

[Signatures on Next Page]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this First Amendment to Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement to be executed as of the date first above written.

FEDERAL REALTY OP LP

By: /s/ Dawn M. Becker

Name: Dawn M. Becker

Title: Executive Vice President - Corporate

WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Administrative Agent, an Issuing Bank and as a Lender $\,$

By: /s/ Brendan Magrady

Name: Brendan Magrady Title: Vice President

PNC BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as an Issuing Bank and as a Lender

By: /s/ Shari L. Reams-Henofer

Name: Shari L. Reams-Henofer Title: SeniorVice President

JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, N.A., as a Lender

By: /s/ Cody A. Canafax

Name: Cody A. Canafax Title: Vice President

TRUIST BANK, as a Lender

By: /s/ Ryan Almond

Name: Ryan Almond Title: Director

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as a Lender

By: /s/ Germaine R. Korhone

Name: Germaine R. Korhone Title: Senior Vice President

REGIONS BANK, as a Lender

By: /s/ William Chalmers

Name: William Chalmers Title: Senior Vice President

TD BANK, N.A. as a Lender

By: /s/ William M. Brandt, Jr.

Name: William M. Brandt, Jr.

Title: Vice President

BANK OF AMERICA, N.A., as a Lender

By: /s/ Cheryl Sneor

Name: Cheryl Sneor Title: Vice President

THE BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA, as a Lender

By: /s/ Allisson Michaels-van Dijkum

Name: Allisson Michaels-van Dijkum

Title: Director

DEUTSCHE BANK AG NEW YORK BRANCH, as a Lender

By: /s/ Alison Lugo

Name: Alison Lugo Title: Vice President

By: /s/ Marko Lukin

Name: Marko Lukin Title: Vice President

BNP PARIBAS, as a Lender

By: /s/ James Goodall

Name: James Goodall Title: Managing Director

By: /s/ Kyle Fitzpatrick

Name: Kyle Fitzpatrick

Title: Director

SUMITOMO MITSUI BANKING CORPORATION, as a Lender

By: /s/ Mary Harold

Name: Mary Harold Title: Executive Director

CITIBANK, N.A., as a Lender

By: /s/ Christopher Albano

Name: Christopher Albano Title: Authorized Signatory

ASSOCIATED BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as a Lender

By: /s/ Mitchell Vega

Name: Mitchell Vega Title: Senior Vice President

FIFTH AMENDMENT TO TERM LOAN AGREEMENT

This FIFTH AMENDMENT TO TERM LOAN AGREEMENT (this "<u>Amendment</u>") dated as of January 2, 2024 (the "<u>Fifth Amendment Date</u>"), by and among FEDERAL REALTY OP LP, a Delaware limited partnership (the "<u>Borrower</u>"), each of the Lenders party hereto, and PNC BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Administrative Agent (the "<u>Administrative Agent</u>").

WHEREAS, the Borrower, the Lenders, the Administrative Agent and certain other parties have entered into that certain Term Loan Agreement dated as of May 6, 2020 (as amended and in effect immediately prior to the effectiveness of this Amendment, the "Credit Agreement"; unless otherwise defined herein, capitalized terms shall have the respective meanings assigned to such terms in the Credit Agreement), pursuant to which certain of the Lenders made certain credit extensions to the Borrower upon the terms and conditions set forth therein; and

WHEREAS, the Borrower has requested that the Requisite Lenders and the Administrative Agent amend certain provisions of the Credit Agreement on the terms and conditions contained herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, for good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged by the parties hereto, the parties hereto agree as follows:

Section 1. <u>Specific Amendments to the Credit Agreement</u>. As of the Fifth Amendment Date, the parties hereto agree that the Credit Agreement shall be amended as follows:

(a) The Credit Agreement is amended by adding the following defined terms to Section 1.1 thereof in their appropriate alphabetical locations:

"Permitted Bond Hedge Transaction" means any call or capped call option (or substantively equivalent derivative transaction) relating to Parent's common shares (or other securities or property following a merger event, reclassification or other change of the common shares of Parent not prohibited by this Agreement) purchased by the Borrower or Parent in connection with the issuance of any Convertible Notes and settled in common shares of Parent (or such other securities or property), cash or a combination thereof; provided that the purchase price for such Permitted Bond Hedge Transactions, less the proceeds received by Parent from the sale of any related Permitted Warrant Transactions, does not exceed the net proceeds received by the Borrower from the issuance of the Convertible Notes in connection with such Permitted Bond Hedge Transactions.

"Permitted Warrant Transaction" means any call option, warrant or right to purchase (or substantively equivalent derivative transaction) relating to Parent's common shares (or other securities or property following a merger event, reclassification or other change to the common shares of Parent not prohibited by this Agreement) sold by Parent substantially concurrently with any purchase by the Borrower or Parent of a related Permitted Bond Hedge Transaction and settled in common shares of Parent (or such other securities or property), cash or a combination thereof, and the performance by Parent of its obligations thereunder.

(b) The Credit Agreement is amended by deleting Section 9.12 thereof in its entirety and substituting in lieu thereof the following:

"Section 9.12. Derivatives Contracts. The Borrower shall not, and shall not permit any other Loan Party or any other Subsidiary to, enter into or become obligated in respect of Derivatives Contracts other than (i) Derivatives Contracts entered into by the Borrower, any such Loan Party or any such Subsidiary in the ordinary course of business and which establish an

effective hedge in respect of liabilities, commitments or assets held or reasonably anticipated by the Borrower, such other Loan Party or such other Subsidiary; (ii) to the extent constituting a "Derivatives Contract", convertible or exchangeable notes or similar instruments issued by the Borrower or its Subsidiaries evidencing Indebtedness (such notes or similar instruments, "Convertible Notes") that include an option or requirement to convert or exchange such instrument, in whole or in part, into or for Equity Interests of the Parent at a future date and that may be discharged, converted, exchanged, prepaid, repurchased or redeemed by (x) delivery of the Parent's Equity Interests and/or (y) payments in cash, in whole or in part, so long as, at the time of the issuance of such Convertible Notes and after giving pro forma effect thereto, the Borrower is in compliance with the financial covenants set forth in Section 9.1 with respect to the fiscal period most recently ended for which financial statements were required to be delivered hereunder; and (iii) any Permitted Bond Hedge Transaction."

(c) The Credit Agreement is amended by deleting the Section 9.14 in its entirety and substituting in lieu thereof the following:

"Section 9.14. Parent and General Partner. For so long as the Parent is not a Guarantor, (a) the Parent's assets shall consist solely of Equity Interests in the Borrower or Equity Interests in any Wholly Owned Subsidiaries (including the General Partner) whose assets consist solely of direct or indirect Equity Interests in the Borrower; provided, that the Parent may (A) have cash and other assets of nominal value incidental to its ownership of such Equity Interests, (B) maintain assets on a temporary or pass-through basis that are held for subsequent payment of dividends or other Restricted Payments not prohibited by this Agreement or any other Loan Document or for contribution to any Subsidiary for a period not in excess of ten (10) Business Days; (C) maintain reasonable reserves for liabilities of the type permitted by the remainder of this Section 9.14; and (D) have rights under Permitted Bond Hedge Transactions, including receiving common shares of Parent in connection with the settlement thereof, provided that such common shares are retired or transferred to Borrower within 30 days after Parent's receipt thereof; and (b) none of the Parent, the General Partner, or any Wholly Owned Subsidiaries of the Parent whose assets consist solely of direct or indirect Equity Interests in the Borrower, shall have any liabilities other than liabilities that would be reflected in consolidated financial statements of the Borrower; provided, that the Parent may have (1) other liabilities incidental to its status as a publicly traded REIT and not constituting liabilities in respect of Indebtedness for borrowed money, including liabilities associated with employment contracts, employee benefit matters, indemnification obligations pursuant to purchase and sale agreements and tax liabilities, (2) nonconsensual obligations imposed by operation of Applicable Law, (3) immaterial intercompany obligations or other intercompany obligations owing by the Parent or any Subsidiary of the Parent that is not a Subsidiary of the Borrower to the Borrower or any Subsidiary of the Borrower. (4) liabilities incurred in connection with its maintenance of corporate status, preparation of Securities and Exchange Commission filings, accountants' fees and similar administrative matters, (5) liabilities and other obligations to underwriters, private placement agents and forward purchasers incurred under underwriting agreements, private placement agreements and forward sale agreements in connection with offerings of securities by the Parent, (6) liabilities arising in connection with litigation or similar matters arising in the ordinary course of business, (7) indemnification, notice, registration and other ministerial obligations and related liabilities in connection with any Permitted Bond Hedge Transaction, and any delivery obligations upon exercise and settlement or termination of any Permitted Warrant Transaction, and (8) liabilities of a kind similar to those described above which are not, individually or in the aggregate, material to the Parent, the Borrower and their Subsidiaries taken as a whole."

Section 2. <u>Conditions Precedent</u>. The effectiveness of this Amendment is subject to receipt by the Administrative Agent of each of the following in form and substance satisfactory to the Administrative Agent:

- (a) a counterpart of this Amendment duly executed by the Borrower, the Administrative Agent and the Requisite Lenders;
- (b) evidence that all fees, expenses and reimbursement amounts due and payable by the Borrower to the Administrative Agent hereunder or under the Credit Agreement, including without limitation, (i) the costs and expenses set forth in Section 6 hereto, and (ii) the reasonable fees and expenses of counsel to the Administrative Agent have been paid; and
- (c) such other documents, agreements and instruments as the Administrative Agent or any Lender through the Administrative Agent, may reasonably request prior to the Fourth Amendment Date.
- Section 3. Representations. The Borrower represents and warrants to the Administrative Agent and the Lenders that:
- (a) <u>Authorization of Loan Documents and Borrowings</u>. The Borrower has the right and power, and has taken all necessary action to authorize it, to execute and deliver this Amendment and to perform its obligations hereunder and under the Credit Agreement, as amended by this Amendment, in accordance with their respective terms and to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby. This Amendment has been duly executed and delivered by the duly authorized officers of the Borrower, and each of this Amendment and the Credit Agreement, as amended by this Amendment, is a legal, valid and binding obligation of the Borrower, enforceable against the Borrower in accordance with its respective terms, except as the same may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, and other similar laws affecting the rights of creditors generally and the availability of equitable remedies for the enforcement of certain obligations (other than the payment of principal) contained herein or therein and as may be limited by equitable principles generally.
- (b) <u>Binding Effect</u>. This Amendment and the Credit Agreement as amended by this Amendment constitute valid and binding agreements of the Borrower, enforceable against the Borrower in accordance with their terms.
- (c) No Default. No Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing as of the date hereof nor will exist immediately after giving effect to this Amendment.
- (d) <u>No Material Adverse Change</u>. Since December 31, 2022, there has not been any material adverse condition or material adverse change in or affecting, nor has any circumstance or condition occurred that could reasonably be expected to result in a material adverse change in, or have a material adverse effect on, the business, assets, liabilities, financial condition or results of operations of the Borrower and its subsidiaries, taken as a whole.
- Section 4. Reaffirmation of Representations. The Borrower hereby repeats and reaffirms all representations and warranties made or deemed made by the Borrower to the Administrative Agent and the Lenders in the Credit Agreement as amended by this Amendment and the other Loan Documents on and as of the date hereof with the same force and effect as if such representations and warranties were set forth in this Amendment in full and such representations and warranties are true and correct in all material respects (except in the case of a representation or warranty qualified by materiality, in which case such representation or warranty is true and correct in all respects) on and as of the date hereof immediately after giving effect to this Amendment except to the extent that such representations and warranties expressly relate solely to an earlier date (in which case such representations and warranties were true and

correct in all material respects (except in the case of a representation or warranty qualified by materiality, in which case such representation or warranty was true and correct in all respects) on and as of such earlier date) and except for changes in factual circumstances not prohibited thereunder

- Section 5. <u>Certain References</u>. Each reference to the Credit Agreement in any of the Loan Documents shall be deemed to be a reference to the Credit Agreement as amended by this Amendment. This Amendment is a Loan Document.
- Section 6. <u>Costs and Expenses</u>. The Borrower shall reimburse the Administrative Agent for all reasonable out-of-pocket costs and expenses (including attorneys' fees) incurred by the Administrative Agent in connection with the preparation, negotiation and execution of this Amendment and the other agreements and documents executed and delivered in connection herewith.
- Section 7. <u>Benefits</u>. This Amendment shall be binding upon and shall inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns.

Section 8. GOVERNING LAW.

- (a) THIS AMENDMENT SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK APPLICABLE TO CONTRACTS EXECUTED, AND TO BE FULLY PERFORMED, IN SUCH STATE.
- (b) In addition, except to the extent otherwise set forth herein, Sections 12.5 (*Litigation; Jurisdiction; Other Matters; Waivers*), 12.12 (*Severability of Provisions*), 12.14 (*Counterparts; Integration; Effectiveness; Electronic Execution*) and 12.18 (*Entire Agreement*) of the Credit Agreement are hereby incorporated herein by reference *mutatis mutandis*.
- Section 9. Effect; Ratification. Except as expressly herein amended, the terms and conditions of the Credit Agreement and the other Loan Documents remain in full force and effect. The amendments contained herein shall be deemed to have prospective application from and after the Fourth Amendment Date only. The Credit Agreement is hereby ratified and confirmed in all respects. Nothing in this Amendment shall limit, impair or constitute a waiver of the rights, powers or remedies available to the Administrative Agent or the Lenders under the Credit Agreement or any other Loan Document.

Section 11. <u>Counterparts</u>. This Amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original and shall be binding upon all parties, their successors and assigns.

[Signatures on Next Page]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Fourth Amendment to Term Loan Agreement to be executed as of the date first above written.

FEDERAL REALTY OP LP

By: /s/ Daniel Guglielmone

Name: Daniel Guglielmone

Title: Executive Vice President - Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

PNC Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent and as a Lender

By: /s/ Shari L. Reams-Henofer

Name: Shari L. Reams-Henofer Title: SeniorVice President

JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, N.A., as a Lender

By: /s/ Cody A. Canafax

Name: Cody A. Canafax Title: Vice President

TD BANK, N.A. as a Lender

By: /s/ William M. Brandt, Jr.

Name: William M. Brandt, Jr.

Title: Vice President

REGIONS BANK, as a Lender

By: /s/ William Chalmers

Name: William Chalmers
Title: Senior Vice President

TRUIST BANK, as a Lender

By: /s/ Ryan Almond

Name: Ryan Almond Title: Director

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as a Lender

By: /s/ Germaine R. Korhone

Name: Germaine R. Korhone Title: Senior Vice President

THE BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA, as a Lender

By: /s/ Allisson Michaels-van Dijkum

Name: Allison Michaels-van Dijkum

Title: Managing Director

BNP PARIBAS, as a Lender

By: /s/ James Goodall

Name: James Goodall
Title: Managing Director

By: /s/ Kyle Fitzpatrick

Name: Kyle Fitzpatrick

Title: Director

BANK OF AMERICA, N.A., as a Lender

By: /s/ Cheryl Sneor

Name: Cheryl Sneor Title: Vice President

WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as a Lender

By: /s/ Brendan Magrady

Name: Brendan Magrady Title: Vice President

SUMITOMO MITSUI BANKING CORPORATION, as a Lender

By: /s/ Mary Harold

Name: Mary Harold Title: Executive Director

ASSOCIATED BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as a Lender

By: /s/ Mitchell Vega

Name: Mitchell Vega Title: Senior Vice President



Policy on Insider Information and Trading in Federal Realty Shares and other Securities

This Policy on Insider Information and Trading in Federal Realty Shares and other Securities provides guidelines about transaction in the shares and other securities of Federal Realty Investment Trust and the handling of confidential information about the company and its business and subsidiaries. When this Policy refers to the "company," we generally mean Federal Realty Investment Trust and its subsidiaries. This Policy must be followed by all Trustees and employees of the company as described below.

As a Federal Realty Trustee and employee, you will frequently come into possession of "material" information that is generally not available to the investing public. Our policy is that you must maintain the confidentiality of all nonpublic or "inside" information and that you may not use it in connection with the purchase or sale of our shares or disclose it to family members or anyone else outside of the company.

MATERIAL INFORMATION

1. What is Material Information?

Information generally is considered "material" if its disclosure to the public would be reasonably likely to affect investors' decisions to buy, sell or hold our shares or other securities or to affect the price of our securities. Some examples of material information include: (a) information concerning proposed transactions; (b) our revenues or earnings; (c) a significant change in management; (d) declaration of a dividend on our common shares or an increase in the rate of that dividend; and (e) the public or private sale of additional company shares. If you are unsure whether information you have is material or nonpublic, you must consult with the General Counsel before disclosing the information to anyone or trading in our shares or other securities.

2. Safeguarding Material Information.

Material information relating to our business or affairs, including, without limitation, unreleased financial results or information concerning possible acquisition, debt or equity transactions, must be kept in strict confidence. Material information may not be disclosed to the public in any form, including by being posted on Internet web sites, bulletin boards, blog sites or social media platforms or by sharing the information with family members or other people you know (sometimes referred to as "tipping"). Please remember that you are bound by the terms of the confidentiality agreement that you signed when you joined the company.

3. Authorized Release of Material Information.

To ensure that our confidences are protected to the maximum extent possible, no individuals other than specifically authorized personnel may release material information to the public, including posting such information on the Internet or social media platforms, responding to inquiries from the media, analysts, shareholders or others outside of the company, and making recommendations regarding investments in the company. This matter is further addressed in the company's Press Policy.

PROHIBITED TRADING ACTIVITIES

1. Hedging.

All Trustees and officers of the company are prohibited from directly or indirectly engaging in any "hedging" arrangement involving shares or options of the company or any other security issued by the company. "Hedging"

includes any transaction designed to offset or reduce exposure to the risk of price fluctuations in our shares, including but not limited to puts, calls, collars, forwards, exchange funds, prepaid variable forwards, equity swaps and other derivatives.

2. Pledging.

All Trustees and officers of the company are prohibited from directly or indirectly entering into any "pledging" transaction involving our shares, options or any other security exercisable of the company. "Pledging" includes the creation of any form of pledge, security interest, deposit, lien, other hypothecation or the holding of shares in a margin or other account that entitles a third-party to foreclose against, or otherwise sell, any equity securities in such account, whether with or without notice, consent, default or otherwise.

3. Trading Restrictions.

All Trustees and employees are prohibited from buying or selling securities on the basis of material non-public information. This prohibition extends to transactions in our shares as well as to transactions in securities of other companies with which we have a relationship, or with which we are engaged in discussions regarding possible transactions. Generally, a transaction can be considered "on the basis of" material non-public information if you were simply aware of the information at the time of the transaction.

4. Liability and Consequences.

The penalties under the securities laws for violating the insider trading provisions are severe. The courts can levy treble damages, fines, and criminal penalties (including prison terms) against persons who misuse inside information in connection with the purchase or sale of a security or who reveal confidential information to others who then trade on the basis of that information. Given the extremely serious nature of any violation of the insider trading provisions, the company wants to make clear that any Trustee or employee found to have committed such a violation will be subject to dismissal and to possible claims for any damages sustained by the company as a result of the activities of any Trustee or employee. Ultimately, you are personally responsible for any acts by you that constitute unlawful insider trading (which includes "tipping"), notwithstanding the rules on Black Out Periods and Trading Authorization in this Policy.

5. Black Out Periods.

Trustees and employees are not permitted to make open market purchases or sales of company shares or other securities, engage in a "cashless" exercise of options, gift or otherwise transfer shares, purchase additional shares through optional cash payments to the dividend reinvestment plan, liquidate shares held in a dividend reinvestment plan account or establish a 10b5-1 "safe harbor" trading plan during Black Out Periods. Quarterly Black Out Periods begin at the end of each fiscal quarter (close of business each of March 31, June 30, September 30 and December 31) and continue until 48 hours after the company has publicly announced operating results for the quarter or year. Trustees and employees will be notified each quarter when the Black Out Period starts and ends. Additional Black-Out Periods may be imposed from time to time on one or more Trustees or employees if the General Counsel deems it necessary, in her sole discretion.

The prohibition on trading during Black Out Periods does not apply to: (a) trades made pursuant to a binding 10b5-1 "safe harbor" trading program that was approved by the company and entered into by a Trustee or an employee while not in a Black Out Period and at a time when he/she was not in possession of material non-public information; (b) an employee making an irrevocable election to satisfy tax obligations on vesting of restricted shares through a "net settlement" process permitted under the terms of any award agreement, (c) an exercise of options where the Trustee or employee is satisfying payment of the option price in cash or other similar means and there is no sale of the underlying shares; or (4) such other situations as the General Counsel may determine, in her sole discretion, are not impacted by and not expected to impact the market price of the company's shares.

6. Trading Authorization.

All company Trustees and employees must obtain written authorization from the General Counsel before you can: (a) make an open market purchase or sale of Trust shares; (b) engage in a "cashless" exercise of options; (c) gift or

otherwise transfer shares; (d) start, stop or change participation, including the making of optional cash payments, in the dividend reinvestment plan; (v) liquidate shares held in your dividend reinvestment plan account; or (vi) enter into a 10b5-1 "safe harbor" trading program. Trading authorization is not required for dividends <u>automatically</u> invested to purchase additional shares of the company in the dividend reinvestment plan after approval of an election to start the automatic investment of dividends or for execution of trades pursuant to a 10b5-1 safe harbor trading plan after that plan has been approved. The General Counsel's decision on whether to approve a requested transaction is final and is in the sole discretion of the General Counsel.

Instructions on how to obtain authorization to trade, including necessary forms, are available on My Federal.

7. Trading by the Company.

From time to time, the company may engage in transactions in its own shares and other securities. It is the company's policy to comply with all applicable securities and state laws (including appropriate approvals by the Trustees if required) when engaging in such transactions.

Initially Adopted: October 28, 2013

Readopted: December 2, 2021 (with UPREIT conversion)

Updated: December 18, 2023

SUBSIDIARIES OF FEDERAL REALTY INVESTMENT TRUST AND FEDERAL REALTY OP LP

STATE OF INCORPORATION OR ORGANIZATION

NAME OF SUBSIDIARY

Federal Realty GP LLC Delaware FR Associates Limited Partnership Maryland Andorra Associates Pennsylvania Governor Plaza Associates Pennsylvania **Shopping Center Associates** Pennsylvania Berman Enterprises II Limited Partnership Maryland FRIT Leasing & Development Services, Inc. Delaware Congressional Plaza Associates, LLC Maryland FR Pike 7 Limited Partnership Delaware Federal Realty Partners L.P. Delaware Federal Realty Partners, LLC Delaware FR East Bay Bridge, LLC Delaware East Bay Bridge Retail, LLC Delaware Federal Realty Management Services, Inc. Delaware FRIT Solar, Inc. Delaware Santana Row ROF, Inc. Delaware FR Mercer Mall, LLC Delaware FR Westgate Mall, LLC Delaware FR Assembly Square, LLC Delaware FR Crow Canyon, LLC Delaware FR Linden Square, LLC Delaware FR Chelsea Commons Member, LLC Delaware FR Chelsea Commons I, LLC Delaware FR White Marsh, LLC Maryland NVI-Avenue, LLC Maryland FR Shoppers World, LLC Delaware FRIT Florida, LLC Delaware FR Rollingwood, LLC Delaware Delaware FR Montrose Crossing, LLC FRIT CA Operations, Inc. California FR Huntington Square, LLC Delaware FR Huntington Square Fee Owner, LLC Delaware FR Darien, LLC Delaware Delaware FR Georgetowne, LLC FR Hastings Ranch, LLC Delaware FR Riverpoint, LLC Delaware Street Retail, LLC Maryland SRI/CM 4th Street JV, LLC Delaware SRI Old Town, LLC California Street Retail West I, L.P. Delaware Street Retail West II, L.P. Delaware Street Retail West 3, L.P. Delaware Street Retail West 4, L.P. Delaware Street Retail West 6, L.P. Delaware Street Retail West 7, L.P. Delaware Street Retail West 10, L.P. Delaware FRIT San Jose Town and Country Village, LLC California Santana Row Services, Inc. Delaware

Rosecrans-Sepulveda Partners 3, LLC Delaware PES Partners, LLC Delaware The Grove Fee Owner, LLC Delaware Route 35 Shrewsbury Limited Partnership New Jersey Shrewsbury Commons L.P. Washington Sea Girt Limited Partnership Washington 35 West, LLC Washington Merritt Shrewsbury Commons LLC Washington Cole Grove West, LLC Washington FR 508 Broad, LLC Delaware FR San Antonio Center, LLC Delaware San Antonio Center II, LLC Delaware Pike & Rose Condominium, Inc. Delaware PNR Hotel XXVI JV LLC Delaware PNR Hotel XXVI Owner LLC Delaware PNR Hotel XXVI Operator LLC Delaware SR Winchester, LLC Delaware Assembly Row Condominium, Inc. Delaware SRI Assembly Row Hotel, Inc. Delaware Assembly Hotel Operator, LLC Delaware Assembly Row Hotel, LLC Delaware FRIT Cocowalk, LLC Delaware FRIT Cocowalk Owner, LLC Delaware 3112 Commodore Plaza Investments, LLC Florida 3131 Commodore Plaza Investments, LLC Florida 3206 Grand Avenue, LLC Delaware 3406 Main Highway, LLC Delaware FLV Campus Plaza GP, LLC Delaware FLV Campus Plaza Limited Partnership Delaware FLV Plaza del Mercado, LLC Delaware FLV Plaza del Mercado, LP Delaware FLV Greenlawn Plaza GP, LLC Delaware FLV Greenlawn Plaza, LP Delaware FLV Barcroft Plaza GP, LLC Delaware FLV Barcroft Plaza, LP Delaware Primestor/FRIT JV, LLC Delaware Azalea Joint Venture, LLC Delaware Prime/FRIT Alameda, LLC Delaware Prime/FRIT Bell Gardens, LLC Delaware Prime/FRIT El Monte, LLC Delaware Prime/FRIT El Portal, LLC Delaware Prime/FRIT Los Jardines, LLC Delaware Prime/FRIT Mission Hills, LLC Delaware Prime/FRIT SCP, LLC Delaware Prime/FRIT Sylmar, LLC Delaware Prime/FRIT TRS JV, LLC Delaware Prime/FRIT Plaza Pacoima, LLC Delaware Prime/FRIT Olivo Land, LLC Delaware Primestor/FRIT Jordan Downs JV, LLC Delaware Primestor Jordan Downs, LLC Delaware Primestor Development Investment, LLC Delaware RevUp, Inc. Maryland FR Fairfax Junction. LLC Delaware SRI UNLMTD JV, LLC Delaware SRI-WSA Properties I, LLC Delaware

SRI-WSA Properties II, LLC Delaware SRI-WSA 214 Washington, LLC Delaware SRI-WSA 301 Washington, LLC Delaware SRI-WSA 302 Washington, LLC Delaware SRI-WSA 600 Washington, LLC Delaware SRI-WSA 210 14th, LLC Delaware SRI-WSA 158 14th, LLC Delaware SRI-WSA 1426 Willow, LLC Delaware FR Chesterbrook JV, LLC Delaware FR Grossmont, LLC Delaware FR Hilton Village, LLC Delaware FR Camelback Colonnade, LLC Delaware FR Scottsdale Forum, LLC Delaware FR Pembroke Gardens, LLC Delaware FR Chandler Festival, LLC Delaware SanTan Festival, LLC Arizona Chandler Festival SPE LLC Delaware FR Chandler Gateway, LLC Delaware Chandler Gateway Partners, LLC Arizona Chandler Gateway SPE LLC Delaware FR Assembly Row, LLC Delaware FR Bethesda Row, LLC Delaware FR Escondido TIC, LLC Delaware

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We have issued our reports dated February 12, 2024, with respect to the consolidated financial statements, schedules, and internal control over financial reporting included in the Annual Report of Federal Realty Investment Trust and Federal Realty OP LP on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023. We consent to the incorporation by reference of said reports in the Registration Statements of Federal Realty Investment Trust and Federal Realty OP LP on Form S-3 (File No. 333-261971, File No. 333-262016, File No. 333-262016-01, and File No. 333-262024) and on Form S-8 (File No. 333-239351 and File No. 333-147081).

/s/ GRANT THORNTON LLP

Jacksonville, Florida February 12, 2024

- I, Donald C. Wood, certify that:
 - 1) I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Federal Realty Investment Trust;
 - 2) Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
 - 3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
 - 4) The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(f)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
 - 5) The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of trustees (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

February 12, 2024

/S/ DONALD C. WOOD

Donald C. Wood,

Chief Executive Officer and Trustee (Principal Executive Officer)

- I, Daniel Guglielmone, certify that:
 - 1) I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Federal Realty Investment Trust;
 - 2) Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
 - 3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
 - 4) The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(f)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
 - 5) The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of trustees (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

February 12, 2024

/S/ DANIEL GUGLIELMONE

Daniel Guglielmone,
Executive Vice President Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

I, Donald C. Wood, certify that:

- 1) I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Federal Realty OP LP;
- 2) Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4) The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(f)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5) The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of trustees (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

February 12, 2024 /S/ DONALD C. WOOD

Donald C. Wood,

Chief Executive Officer and Trustee (Principal Executive Officer)

- I, Daniel Guglielmone, certify that:
 - 1) I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Federal Realty OP LP;
 - 2) Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
 - 3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
 - 4) The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(f)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
 - 5) The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of trustees (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

February 12, 2024

/S/ DANIEL GUGLIELMONE

Daniel Guglielmone,
Executive Vice President Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

The undersigned, Donald C. Wood, the President and Chief Executive Officer of Federal Realty Investment Trust (the "Company"), has executed this certification in connection with the filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2023 (the "Report"). The undersigned hereby certifies, to the best of his knowledge, that:

- (1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

* *	
February 12, 2024	/S/ DONALD C. WOOD
	Donald C. Wood,
	Chief Executive Officer and Trustee
	(Principal Executive Officer)

PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

The undersigned, Daniel Guglielmone, the Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of Federal Realty Investment Trust (the "Company"), has executed this certification in connection with the filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2023 (the "Report"). The undersigned hereby certifies, to the best of his knowledge, that:

- (1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

February 12, 2024 /S/ DANIEL GUGLIELMONE

Daniel Guglielmone, Executive Vice President -Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

The undersigned, Donald C. Wood, the President and Chief Executive Officer of Federal Realty OP LP (the "Company"), has executed this certification in connection with the filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2023 (the "Report"). The undersigned hereby certifies, to the best of his knowledge, that:

- (1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

* *	
February 12, 2024	/S/ DONALD C. WOOD
	Donald C. Wood,
	Chief Executive Officer and Trustee
	(Principal Executive Officer)

PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

The undersigned, Daniel Guglielmone, the Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of Federal Realty OP LP (the "Company"), has executed this certification in connection with the filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2023 (the "Report"). The undersigned hereby certifies, to the best of his knowledge, that:

- (1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

February 12, 2024 /S/ DANIEL GUGLIELMONE

Daniel Guglielmone, Executive Vice President -Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)



This Amended and Restated Clawback Policy ("Policy") of Federal Realty Investment Trust (the "Company") shall apply to all Incentive-Based Compensation that is Received by a Covered Person (each as defined below) after this Policy becomes effective.

- 1. **Definitions.** For purposes of this Policy, the following terms shall have the meanings set forth below:
- (a) "Applicable Period" means the three completed fiscal years immediately preceding the date on which the Company is required to prepare a Restatement. A Restatement is considered "required" upon the earliest to occur of (i) the date the Board concludes, or reasonably should have concluded, that a Restatement is required; or (ii) the date a court, regulator or other legally authorized body directs the Company to prepare a Restatement.
 - **(b)** "Board" means the Board of Trustees of the Company.
 - (c) "Covered Person" means any person who is or was during the Applicable Period or any portion thereof an Executive Officer.
- (d) "Exchange" means the New York Stock Exchange or other national exchange on which the securities of the Company are publicly traded on a regular basis.
- (e) "Executive Officer" means the Company's president, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer (or if there is no such accounting officer, the controller), any vice-president of the Company in charge of a principal business unit, division, or function (such as sales, administration, or finance), any other officer who performs a policy-making function, or any other person who performs similar policy-making functions for the Company.
- (f) "Financial Reporting Measure" means a measure that is determined and presented in accordance with the accounting principles used in preparing the Company's financial statements (including "non-GAAP" financial measures, such as those appearing in earnings releases or MD&A), and any measure that is derived wholly or in part from such measure. Examples of Financial Reporting Measures include measures based on: revenues, net income, operating income, funds from operations, financial ratios, EBITDA, liquidity measures, return measures (such as return on assets) and profitability of one or more segments. Share price and total shareholder return are also Financial Reporting Measures.
- (g) "Incentive-Based Compensation" means any compensation that is granted, earned, or vested based wholly or in part upon the attainment of a Financial Reporting Measure. Examples of Incentive-Based Compensation include, without limitation:
- (1) Non-equity incentive plan awards that are earned based wholly or in part on satisfying a Financial Reporting Measure performance goal;
- (2) Bonuses paid from a "bonus pool," the size of which is determined based wholly or in part on satisfying a Financial Reporting Measure performance goal;
 - (3) Other cash awards based on satisfaction of a Financial Reporting Measure performance goal;

- (4) Restricted stock, restricted stock units, performance share units, stock options and stock appreciation rights (SARs) that are granted or become vested based wholly or in part on satisfying a Financial Reporting Measure performance goal; and
- (5) Proceeds received upon the sale of shares acquired through an incentive plan that were granted or vested based wholly or in part on satisfying a Financial Reporting Measure performance goal.

Examples of compensation that does not constitute Incentive-Based Compensation include, without limitation:

- (i) Base salaries (unless an increase is based wholly or in part on satisfying a Financial Reporting Measure performance goal);
- (ii) Discretionary bonuses not paid from a "bonus pool" determined by satisfying a Financial Reporting Measure performance goal;
- (iii) Bonuses paid solely upon satisfying one or more subjective standards or completion of a specific employment period;
- (iv) Non-equity incentive plan awards earned solely upon satisfying strategic or operational measures;
- (v) Equity awards for which the grant is not contingent on achieving any Financial Reporting Measure performance goal and vesting is contingent solely upon continued employment or attaining nonfinancial reporting measures.
- (h) "Received" refers to Incentive-Based Compensation which is deemed "Received" in the Company's fiscal period during which the Financial Reporting Measure specified in the Incentive-Based Compensation award is attained, even if the payment or grant of the Incentive-Based Compensation does not happen until a later date.
- (i) "Recoverable Compensation" means the amount of any Incentive-Based Compensation (calculated on a pre-tax basis) Received by a Covered Person during the Applicable Period that is in excess of the amount that otherwise would have been Received if the calculation were based on the Restatement. If Recoverable Compensation was awarded on the basis of share price or total shareholder return, reasonable estimates can be used to calculate the excess amount supported by appropriate documentation to support the calculation of such excess amount.
- (j) "Restatement" means an accounting restatement of any of the Company's financial statements filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, due to the Company's material noncompliance with any financial reporting requirement under U.S. securities laws, regardless of whether company or executive officer misconduct was the cause for such restatement. "Restatement" includes any required accounting restatement to correct an error in previously issued financial statements that is material to the previously issued financial statements (commonly referred to as "Big R" restatements), or that would result in a material misstatement if the error were corrected in the current period or left uncorrected in the current period (commonly referred to as "little r" restatements). Restatements do not include retrospective application of a change in accounting principle, retrospective revision to reportable segment information due to a change in internal organizational structure, retrospective reclassification due to a discontinued operation, retrospective application of a change in reporting entity, retrospective adjustment to provisional amounts in connection with a prior business combination or retrospective revisions for stock splits, reverse stock splits, stock dividends or other changes in capital structure.
- 2. Recoupment. If the Company is required to undertake a Restatement, then the Company shall recover all Recoverable Compensation regardless of the fault or responsibility of any Covered Person for the events that trigger the Restatement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company shall not be required to recover any Recoverable Compensation if the Board, after exercising a normal due process review of all the relevant facts and circumstances, determines it impracticable to do so because: (a) the direct expense paid to a third party to

assist in enforcing the policy would exceed the amount to be recovered as evidenced by the Company having made a reasonable attempt to recover the compensation, documented such attempt and provided the documentation to the Exchange; (b) recovery would violate the law of the United States based on an opinion of counsel as to the violation with a copy of such opinion to be provided to the Exchange; or (c) recovery would likely cause an otherwise tax-qualified, broad-based retirement plan to fail to meet the requirements of Section 401(a)(13) or Section 411(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended

In addition, the Board may, in its sole discretion and in the reasonable exercise of its business judgment, determine whether and to what extent additional action is appropriate to address the circumstances surrounding such Restatement to minimize the likelihood of any recurrence and to impose such other discipline as it deems appropriate.

Subject to applicable law, the Company may seek to recoup such Recoverable Compensation by requiring any Covered Person, their beneficiaries, heirs, executors, administrators or other legal representatives, as applicable to repay such amount to the Company; by set-off of a Covered Person's other compensation; by reducing future compensation; or by such other means or combination of means as the Board, in its sole discretion, determines to be appropriate.

3. Administration of Policy. The Board shall have full authority to administer this Policy. Actions of the Board pursuant to this Policy shall be taken by the vote of a majority of its members. The Board shall, subject to the provisions of this Policy, make such determinations and interpretations and take such actions in connection with this Policy as it deems necessary, appropriate or advisable. All determinations and interpretations made by the Board shall be final, binding and conclusive.

The Board may delegate any of its powers under this Policy to the Compensation and Human Capital Management Committee of the Board or any subcommittee or delegate thereof.

- **4.** Acknowledgement by Covered Persons. The Board shall take such actions as are deemed necessary and appropriate to implement this Policy which shall include sending notice to and seeking written acknowledgement of this Policy from each Covered Person, provided that the failure to provide such notice or obtain such acknowledgement shall have no impact on the applicability or enforceability of this Policy.
- 5. Other Laws. This Policy is in addition to (and not in lieu of) any right of repayment, forfeiture or right of offset against any Covered Person that may be available under applicable law or otherwise (regardless of whether implemented at any time prior to or following the adoption of the Policy). Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Policy, in no event shall the Company seek any recoupment described in this Policy if, by doing so, the Company would be in violation of any applicable state wage or other law or if the recoupment would likely cause an otherwise tax-qualified broad-based retirement plan to fail to meet certain tax qualification requirements.
- 6. Amendment; Termination. The Board may amend or terminate this Policy at any time.
- 7. <u>Disclosures.</u> Appropriate disclosures and other filings with respect to this Policy will be made in accordance with Rule 10D-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the Company's applicable Exchange listing standards.
- **8.** No Indemnification. The Company shall not indemnify any Covered Officer against the loss of any Incentive-Based Compensation recovered by the Company in accordance with this Policy.
- 9. <u>Subsidiaries.</u> This Policy shall be applicable to employees of each and all of the Company's subsidiaries to the extent they meet the definition of Executive Officers.

Initially Adopted: October 29, 2018

Readopted: December 2, 2021 (with UPREIT conversion)

Amended and Restated: February 7, 2023 Effective: November 1, 2023